THE WEATHER.
Partly cloudy Tuesday, showers in west portion, Wednesday showers and cooler; light to moderate winds.

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VOL. LXXXVI—NO. 12. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,260.

CONGER'S CAREER AS SENATOR ENDS

Accuser of Allds in Legislative Bribery Presents Resignation.

SAYS USEFULNESS IS GONE

He Explains Reason For His Actions in Speech in The Senate—Tells of Allds Bribery Charges. Tense Situation.

Albany, N. Y., April 4.—Rising to a question of personal privilege in the Senate tonight, Senator Benn Conger after reading a statement in which he declared he fully realized that as a result of the Allds bribery charge, his usefulness as a legislator was at an end, handed his resignation to Lieut Governor White a duplicate of which he later placed with the Scretary of State.

With ashen face and trembling hand he read while his fellow senators listened with intense interest and when he had finished he sent his resignation to the desk and quickly left the chamber.

Mr. Conger read how at a private conference when the qualifications of ex-Senator Allds for the position of Republican leader of the Senate, were being considered, he was asked to declare his position. "I replied that I would not and could not vote for him."

He continued: "I told them, in confidence, what I, as a witness on the stand have since then told you, namely, that I personally knew that in 1901, when Republican leader in the Assembly he had held up and demanded of the bridge companies and had received from them the sum of $1,000 to influence his official action and that I did not propose by any act of mine, to place him again in a position where he could leave blackmail on the business interests of this State. Conger then related how later Allds on the floor of the Senate denied the truth of those statements and demanded an investigation thereof.

"So," he added, "the alternative was presented to me of becoming a liar and thereby remaining a member of this body in good standing, or of speaking the truth and thereby greatly injuring myself financially, politically and socially and bringing upon my family undesirable notoriety and sorrow. I determined that the only thing that I could do and retain my own self respect was to speak the truth whatever the cost. That I have done and 40 of your number by your votes have certified thereto.

"I do not seek to excuse nor do I ask you or others to excuse the part which I took in the transaction of 1901 which you have under investigation. The one great and sorrowful regret of my brother was that he had submitted to the demand of the worst gang of plunderers that ever infested this or any other capital. My wrong and for it I have always been ashamed and sincerely sorry, was in standing by and permitting the thing to be done instead of then and there denouncing it."

Mr. Conger added that notwithstanding the fact that it was the policy of the State that even the bribe giver who by his evidence assists in uncovering and proving the offense, should not be punished; and notwithstanding the fact he had made full disclosure of the transaction he had learned that an attempt was to be made to expel him as a member of the Senate.

"I am also informed,' he continued" that some of your number profess to feel that they cannot remain in the Senate if I am to be here.

"I have no desire to remain a member of this great legislative body if my presence is to give offense to any of its members. I realize, and from the beginning have fully realized that with the feeling here as it is my usefulness to my district as a member of this Legislature is at an end. I cannot afford the expense of a further hearing and another trial and I felt that I ought not to impose the expense thereof on the State. Needed legislation ought not to be longer delayed and so I am going to voluntarily surrender my office.

"The sacrifice has been great and at times the burden has seemed more than I could carry, but my hope is that out of it all, in the calmer days which will surely follow good, will utimately come."

Senator Cobb's resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to prepare charges against Conger are ended by his resignation.

CARDINAL VISITS TAFT

No Reference to Incident in Rome Made—Causes Excitement.

Washington, April 4.—The coincidence of a call by Cardinal Gibbons at the White House so closely following the Roosevelt incident at Rome, occasioned no little excitement in Washington late today.

But it developed that the prelate's visit was the result of an engagement made a week ago, and both President Taft and the Cardinal are authority for the statement that the "incident' was not discussed in any way.

"It is too delicate a matter to discuss," said Cardinal Gibbons when asked if he had broached the matter in any form. "It is my practice to pay my respects to the President from time to time as I happen to be in Washington. My call today was of that nature and nothing more."

TEDDY'S REFUSAL TO SEE THE POPE

Excites Intense Interest Throughout America and Europe.

ARCHBISHOP MAKES CRITICISM

He Assails Methodist Propaganda in Rome—Fairbanks Expresses Opinion—Vaticanl's Action Viewed In France.

Rome, April 4.—The audience, which it was believed Ex-President Roosevelt would have with the Pope on Tuesday next, will not take place, owing to the conditions which the Vatican has imposed, and which Mr. Roosevelt refuses to accept.

Although the definite negotiations relative to the audience ended before Mr. Roosevelt left Egypt, the announcement was withheld until after Mr. Roosevelt reached Rome tonight, at the solicitation of his American Catholic friends here, who believed that in the meantime the Vatican might change its attitude. One of the former President's American friends, who had been with him in Egypt, came to Rome yesterday without, however, any authorization from Mr. Roosevelt, and interceded with Cardinal Merry del Val, the Papal secretary, in an endeavor to avoid a situation which, as it now stands, has caused a real sensation in Rome, although it was not entirely unexpected. But his efforts were unavailing.

Archbishop Ireland's Criticism.

St. Paul, Minn., April 4.—Archbishop Ireland, after reading the report from Rome concerning the Roosevelt-Vatican incident made a statement to The Associated Press which in part follows:

"Before passing judgment on the Roosevelt incident in Rome one should be thoroughly conversant with all attending circumstances. Of one thing I am certain—the Methodist propaganda in Rome is so vile, so calumnious in its assaults upon the Catholic faith, so dishonest in its methods to win proselytes that the holy father, the supreme guardian of the faith, is compelled by the vital principles of his high office to avert, at all cost, the slightest movement on his part that might, directly or indirectly, be interpreted as abetting the propaganda or approving, even by implication, its purposes and tactics.

"Since the Fairbanks' incident I have received from Rome most reliable data, that more than justify any statement I have heretofore made and may at any other time be prepared to make, with regard to this Methodist propaganda. Indeed, the Methodist minister in Rome, Rev. Mr. Tipple in his address the Sunday after the Fairbanks incident, is an all sufficient indication of its rancorous spirit and of the egregious calumnies to which it resorts. It is as clear as noonday to those who know the facts in connection with the Methodist-Roman propaganda that any man, however, otherwise worthy and illustrious giving, or likely to give public recognition of any kind to its work, even to its existence, could not be received by the holy father.

"I believe that brought face to face with the situation in Rome as created by the Methodist propaganda Mr. Roosevelt would not have addressed the Methodists. He wrote his telegrams in Cairo, away from the seat of war and refused to bind himself to his movements before he was on the ground. But once in Rome, face to face with the situation such as his quick intuition into things, would have soon revealed it, he would not have thought of leaving the vatican to repair to the camp of its virulent foes. That is Mr. Roosevelt, as I know him. At the same time, I comprehend the position from which Cardinal Merry del Val Measured his duty. He had to be guided by the situation as it loomed up around him in Rome, by the knowledge he had of local circumstances. He could not take risk, principle was at stake. And so he demanded assurance that whatever was likely to happen the honor of the holy father was safe guarded."

Indianapolis, April 4.—Former Vice President C. W. Fairbanks when asked today for an expression of his view of former President Roosevelt's cancellation of his appointment with the Pope said:

"No one can question the absolute right of the Pope to extend his hospitality to or withhold it from whomsoever he likes. If he prescribes impossible conditions, an American may refuse to accept without intent to affront. In fact, no American can accept audience at the Vatican upon the condition that he shall speak when, where and to whom he likes, regardless of church or creed. The principles of religious liberty so dear to Americans must be upheld by us without faltering, in the interest of Catholics and Protestants alike. It goes without saying that I fully commend Mr. Roosevelt's decision."

Binghamton, N. Y., April 4.—Ex-President Roosevelt's action in declining to meet the Pope under any restrictions received the approval this morning of the annual session the Wyoming Conference of the Methodist Episcopal church, when a cablegram was sent to Colonel Roosevelt in pursuance of a resolution introduced by Rev. J. H. Race, president of Chattanooga University:

"The conference heartily endorses the courteous, courageous and eminently American spirit manifested to-

(Continued on Page Six.)

COURT MARTIAL'S FINDINGS IN CASE

Ensign Williamson, of Wilmington Naval Reserves, Subject to Discipline.

WAS ANNOUNCED YESTERDAY

Several Charters Granted—Pregress of Education in State—Report on Farm Conditions—Powell Case at Halifax.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., April 4.—Adjutant General Armfield of the National Guard, announces through Special Order No. 6, this afternoon the finding of George T. Williamson, ensign of the First Division, Naval Militia, of Wilmington, guilty of a number of charges of insubordination by court martial, his sentence to pay a fine of $5 and be publicly reprimanded with dismissal from the service after ten days, if the fine is not paid, and commutation of this sentence by Gov. Kitchin in view of extenuating circumstances to mere payment of a fine of $5.

The court martial was held in Wilmington in January with Commander C. D. Bradham, president, and J. C. B. Ehringhius, Judge Advocate. The charges were disobeyance of orders to report for annual inspection and later refusing to pay a fine imposed by Commander Cuthbert Martin for unnecessary absence. These were the findings of the court martial. The specifications of the first charge were proved in part, and of the first charge guilty in less degree than charged. The specifications of the second charge proved, second charge guilty. First specification of third charge proved in part. Second specification of third charge proved. Third specification of third charge proved. Fourth specification of third charge proved in part. Third charge guilty in less degree than charged. Gov. Kitchin made the following modifications: Verdict of guilty of the first charge disapproved. Verdict of guilty of second charge approved. Verdict of guilty of third charge approved upon second and third specifications and disapproved as to first and fourth specifications in view of extenuating circumstances disclosed by testimony. He communicates the sentence of the court to a fine of $5.

E. E. Powell, Sr., whose trial for the murder of Chief of Police Dunn, of Scotland Neck has been removed from Halifax county to Warren county, has again been brought to the penitentiary here for safekeeping. The next term of court begins in Warren on June 20th and his trial is expected to occur during the two weeks. Judge George W. Ward, who presided at Halifax, will preside at Warren court. Information from Richmond is that State Senator Travis, one of the three men shot by Powell, is resting very comfortably. The bullet has been located by means of the X-ray in the lower part of the mouth and will be extracted later.

The Farmers' and Traders' Bank, of Weaverville, is chartered with $10,000 capital by J. S. Coleman, J. H. Carter, D. J. Weaver, of Asheville, and others for commercial and savings business. Another charter is to the Daughters of the Confederacy, Ransom Chapter, of Lee County, No. 1669 (Inc.), Sanford, the incorporators being Mrs. T. M. Cross, Miss Elizabeth Avant and others.

The number of special local tax districts for the improvement of public schools in North Carolina has now passed the 1,000 mark and official information of more than 100 other local tax elections to be held in every part of the State between now and June 1st has been received in the State Department of Education here. The latest election carried is reported by Superintendent Russell, of Scotland county, Laurel district, giving Scotland county five local tax districts with other elections to be held soon.

Commissioner of Agriculture Graham says the rains the past few days, while hardly as much as needed, have helped greatly in the work of preparing the land for seeding the crops and getting the Spring farm work under way. He says the acreage this year in the "money crops" bids fair to be well up to the average with big increases in the corn crop, especially.

The State Board of Examiners having the examination and licensing of public high school teachers wants it understood that all holders of high school teachers's certificates issued in 1907 must take the required steps for renewal during July of this year or become subject to the general regulations of the State Board of Examiners governing issuance of the regular high school teacher's certificates.

NOW GREATER RICHMOND.

Manchester Voted to Become Part of City—Majority of 290.

Richmond, Va., April 4.—By a majority of 290 in a total vote of 736, Manchester, across the river from Richmond, decided today to become a part of the latter municipality. This is the final step in the consolidation of the two cities, and is not likely to be disturbed by legal contest. It is estimated that it will give Richmond in the approaching census a population of from 140,000 to 150,000.

INSURANCE FUND HOW IT WAS SPENT

Another Day of Disclosures in the New York Inquiry.

THE FIRE UNDERWRITERS

Five Thousand Dollars to Defeat One Measure—Buckley and Sheldon Again—To Investigate All Companies.

New York, April 4.—Five thousand dollars was spent in 1909 by the New York Board of Fire Underwriters to crush the so-called anti-compact bill introduced in the State Senate by Senator Thomas F. Grady, the Tammany legislator. The late George F. Sheldon received the money from the board and distributed it as he saw fit. Whom he paid for services was not brought out in the testimony.

It was developed, however, that in addition to the $5,000 used to defeat the Grady measure, the board spent $3,500 during the same session to kill the liquidation bill, which gave power to the superintendent of insurance under certain conditions, to take possession of and liquidate insurance companies. How it was distributed could not be learned.

E. H. A. Correa, vice president of the Home Insurance Company, who has testified before, was a witness through whom Superintendent Hotchkiss brought out the testimony concerning the Grady measure. He tried to show that William H. Buckley, the lobbyist, had received the $5,000 or a part of it from Sheldon, but was unable to do so. But he did establish that after the Legislature adjourned Buckley went to Europe and returned on August 30th. The next day Sheldon issued a hurry call for a meeting of the Laws and the Legislature Committee of the underwriters' board. Inside of two hours after he called the committee the meeting was held and Sheldon's bill for $5,000 for "legal services, clerical hire and other expenses" was approved. The next day Sheldon put the bill through the financial committee of the board.

On September 1st, Buckley, who had gone to Albany, wrote to Sheldon that he would be back in New York the next day and hoped to see him that day. That was September 2nd, the day on which Sheldon deposited the $5,000 in the Liberty National Bank. That afternoon, after the banks had closed for the day Sheldon went to the bank and presented his check for $1,500. Although it was after banking hours, the assistant cashier, H. S. Bartow, got three $500 bills, so he testified, and gave them to Sheldon. There the trial ended as far as Mr. Hotchkiss could learn.

Albany, N. Y., April 4.—The resolution of Assemblyman McInerney, of Rochester, providing for a Legislative investigation of all insurance companies other than life passed the Assembly tonight by a vote of 126 to 45.

The Assembly also passed by a practically unanimous vote a concurrent resolution offered by Republican Leader Merritt, providing for an investigation by the Attorney General of charges that the New York Fire Exchange has been conducting business in violation of law.

SPINNERS TO CHARLOTTE.

Arrange Meeting For Wednesday to Discuss the Situation.

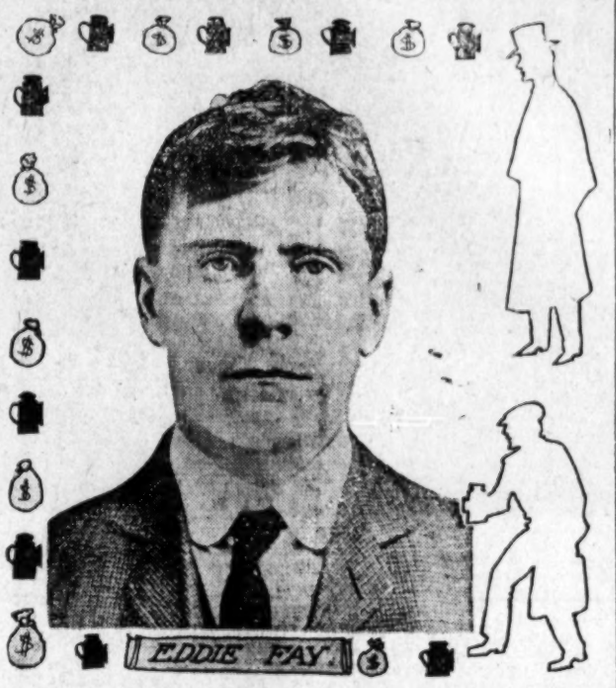
Charlotte, N. C., April 4.—A meeting of the Southern Soft Yarn Spinners' Association has been called to meet here Wednesday morning.

There is now in force a great deal of curtailment among some classes of mills and this will form one of the principal topics for discussion at the meeting. Soft yarn men declare that some steps must be taken. An invitation has been extended to manufacturers of cotton to be present.

OUTLINES.

The refusal of ex President Roosevelt to comply with the conditions of the Vatican and visit Pope Pius has created a profound sensation in America and Europe and was the object of much criticism yesterday. Cardinal Merry Del Val makes a statement explaining the Vatican episode——The Rapid Transit Company has withdrawn their offer to the striking street car men in Philadelphia, following the disagreement Sunday night——Ex-President Roosevelt was yesterday the guest of King Victor Immanuel, of Italy. He was the honored guest at a grand dinner given at the palace last night——Congressman McKinlay of California, spoke in Charlotte last night in support of the ship subsidy bill now before Congress——A meeting of the Soft Yarn Spinners' Association to discuss conditions in Southern mills will be held in Charlotte Wednesday——Richmond and Manchester, Virginia, will be consolidated. It was decided by popular vote and will give Richmond 140,000 population——New York markets: Money on call steady 1 1-4 to 3 per cent., ruling rate 2 7-8, closing bid 2, offered at 2; spot cotton closed quiet 5 points advance, middling uplands 14.80, middling gulf 15.05; flour was quiet and lower to effect sales; wheat spot easy No. 2 red 1.24 bid and No. 1 northern 1.24 nominal f. o. b. opening navigation; corn spot easy, steamer 62 1-2 and No. 4, 60 1-4, both elevator export basis; oats spot easy, mixed nominal; rosin and turpentine quiet.

Eddie Fay, Most Famous Burglar in United States



New York, April 4.—The police world is breathing a bit easier since the arrest of Eddie Fay, known to the underworld as the "millionaire burglar." Fay was arrested after a sensational fight in New York for robbing the postoffice of Richmond, Va., of more than $80,000 in stamps and money. He has long lived a dual life, and the police declare he has more than $300,000 in cash hidden in various safety deposit boxes throughout the country. Fay has served time in various prisons, but so far no lock or key has been strong enough to hold him, as he has always managed to escape. His favorite pastime is to pose as an English banker and to wear the most expensive English clothing, his evening suits being a model of perfection. When Fay was arrested in New York while trying to make away with his trunks containing the stolen stamps he was taken to the Tombs, and then an effort was made to secure a photograph of him. For three hours a sensational fight followed, and in the end the police were beaten, as Fay could not be held still long enough to get a picture. The only photograph ever taken of him was secured by the Pinkerton Detective agency, and this picture is being sent to every police chief in the country. Fay has been placed under $20,000 bonds, which he agreed to furnish, but the district attorney's office, acting in conjunction with the postoffice officials, is ready to raise his bond to $50,000. Fay declares he will fight a legal battle that will keep the police busy for a long time when his case comes to trial.

Richmond, Va., April 4.—Fred Cunningham and Frank Chester, the men under arrest in New York charged with having robbed the postoffice here of $35,000 worth of stamps were indicted this afternoon by the Federal grand jury which met here this morning. Inspectors and the district attorney will leave for New York tonight to hasten the return of the men to Richmond.

THE CAR STRIKERS ARE FIRM

Transit Company Withdraws Offer and Negotiations Are Ended for Good in Philadelphia—Statement of Affairs.

Philadelphia, April 4.—Following the refusal of the striking car men at their meeting last night to accept the terms of settlement offered by the Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, the board of directors of the company today practically withdrew their offer to take back all the men. At the close of the meeting of the directors the following statement was issued by the company:

"After the men on strike refused the offer of re-employment in a body, made to them two weeks ago, at the instance of the mayor, the company proceeded to fill vacancies, getting competent men wherever they could be found. So many men have been employed in the two weeks since the offer was rejected that it will now be impossible to take back into the service of the company all of the old men on strike.

"The officers, however, have been instructed in filling runs still open to give the preference to old employes whose records in the past have been satisfactory to the company. Old men so employed will be entitled to advances in wages and to the insurance and pension features the same as if they had not gone on strike."

The executive committee of the local car men's union in a statement issued today say:

"As 3,500 of the striking car men were present at last night's meeting and inasmuch as it has been repeatedly claimed that the men were desirous of returning to work and that our international officer, C. O. Pratt, was the stumbling block that stood in the way, it was decided best to give the men another opportunity to accept the mayor's proposition together with the additional verbal assurances that were given to C. O. Pratt on Saturday.

"There was an immediate storm of opposition to the proposition and not one voice was raised in favor of the acceptance of the same; on the contrary, a unanimous standing vote was taken against the acceptance of any proposition that would not restore the locked-out men to their former positions in the company's service. Every man raised his right hand and renewed his obligation to continue in this fight not one man to return until every man should return under an honorable adjustment; the only argument advanced by the individual members was to the effect that they would never surrender their rights even if they never worked for this company another day."

ROOSEVELT GUEST OF KING

Grand Dinner Given by King and Queen of Italy to Americans—Spends Eventful Day in Rome—Pantheon.

Rome, April 4.—Twice today Theodore Roosevelt was the guest of King Victor Emmanuel. The King received the ex-President at an early hour at the Quirinal with particular warmth and they talked together for nearly an hour.

In all Mr. Roosevelt had a strenuous day. After his meeting with the King, he visited the Pantheon where he was the object of a popular demonstration. He lunched with Ambassador Leishman and received the Italian journalists in the afternoon.

Tomorrow will be less busy. In the morning he will drive with the King and will probably spend the afternoon sightseeing. He will be the guest of the British ambassador at dinner in the evening. The Vatican incident, which has aroused considerable bitter comment in the newspapers has made Mr. Roosevelt the subject of intense popular interest and a crowd is constantly before the hotel where he is staying, awaiting a chance to get a glimpse of him.

This evening there was a grand dinner at the palace given by the King and Queen in honor of Col. Roosevelt and his family. Great preparations have been going on for this event and the Queen herself directed all the arrangements, desiring that no detail should be neglected.

The ex-President and his party arrived at the entrance of the Quirinal palace at 8 P. M., where the door of his carriage was opened by the imposing figure of the royal door keeper, magnificent in scarlet livery, with sword and baton and cocked hat, seemingly right out of the middle ages. At the foot of the grand staircase Count Tozzoni and Duke Cito, masters of ceremonies, and Count Guicciardini, gentlemen-in-waiting to the Queen Helena, met the party and escorted them up the steps, which were decorated with palms and flowering shrubs.

In the great hall of the Swiss they were received by Count Gianotti, prefect of the palace, whose wife was Miss Kinny, of New York, and by Countess Guicciardini, lady-in-waiting to the Queen, who took them through the great ball room into a reception room hung with priceless tapestries where they were greeted by the sovereigns, surrounded by their military and civil households.

After a short conversation all the guests, who included the American ambassador and Mrs. Leishman, and the staff of the embassy, adjourned to the private dining room of the King.

The Queen had at her right Col. and Kermit Roosevelt in addition to many

(Continued on Page 6.)

LIVELY SESSION OF THE ALDERMEN

Took Fall Out of Things in General at Meeting Last Night.

ENFORCEMENT OF THE LAW

Management of Police Put Up to the Mayor—Alleged Excessive Water Rates Discussed—Salaried City Engineer Elected.

Starting out with a cow lot as the object of assault and waiving aside at different stages of the game all parliamentary proceedure, the Board of Aldermen in regular monthly session for nearly four hours last night took a fall out of things in general, in course of which the matter of control of the police department was put up to the Mayor, the Water and Sewerage Commission was severely rapped for an alleged increase in water rates, winding up with the passage of a resolution requiring that the women of the underworld stay at home or leave the city. In many respects the meeting last night was without a parallel in the history of the present board and some say in the history of the city.

The meeting was called to order at 7:30 o'clock by Mayor Pro Tem S. J. Ellis with Aldermen West, Hinton, Hall, Willard, Bonitz, Stone, Yopp and Fales and City Attorney McClammy and a number of citizens in attendance. Mayor MacRae arrived before the reading of the minutes of the last meeting had been concluded and took the chair. Alderman Rehder also arrived later.

Noticing a number of citizens present a motion was made that they be heard before the regular matters were taken up. The motion prevailed and Maj. Thos. R. Orrell spoke with reference to the cow lot at corner of Fifth and Nun streets, near property owned by him, and which has been before the Aldermen at a previous meeting. Maj. Orrell said that the cow lot was a nuisance and he wanted to know what steps to take to abate it, citing the fact that he had reported the matter to the city superintendent of health, city meat and dairy inspectors, Board of Aldermen and addressed a letter to Mayor MacRae on the same subject, and still got no relief. Mr. Hunter, who occupies the house owned by Mr. Orrell, was present and was asked to make a statement of conditions, which he did, stating that the cow stalls were about ten feet from his house and that when the wind was blowing in the direction of his house that it was necessary to close the windows. He stated further that unless the nuisance was speedily abated he would be forced to remove to another part of the city. Alderman Hall said that he was not a lawyer, but it appeared to him that the matter should be taken up in the courts. City Attorney McClammy was asked for an opinion as to what the Aldermen could do in the matter. He stated that Superior Court was in session and an injunction could be secured from the presiding judge or the matter could be taken up in the Recorder's court on a warrant; that if the place was really a nuisance, and it would be for the courts to say, relief could be obtained from the courts. It was brought out in the discussion which followed that it is not a violation of the law not to have a license to conduct a dairy in the city. Alderman Hinton said as he remembered the sanitary committee made an investigation and reported the sanitary conditions of the place to be perfect. The matter was apparently dropped and the Mayor looked over toward Mr. Orrell and said, "Mr. Orrell the board declines to take any action."

Here is where the fun began. Alderman Yopp said that the board had not declined to act, but had nothing to act on. Mayor MacRae again stated that the board had declined to act; that complaint after complaint had been made by the board of health relative to cows "lowing" under people's windows at night and nothing whatever had been done to remedy the conditions. Chairman Ellis, of the Sanitary Committee, reported that an investigation of the premises was made and that the sanitary conditions were perfect, but that there might be other things going to make up a nuisance, such as spoken of by Mayor MacRae. He was in favor of doing anything possible to relieve the situation. The city attorney was again called into the controversy and he said that one of two things could be done—pass an ordinance prohibiting the keeping of cows in the city or apply to the courts for any relief desired. The board was not in favor of keeping cows out of the city, so the matter at last was passed over.

Mr. Riley, of the Wynnewood Lumber Company, appeared before the board and asked, as a matter of information, when the work of improving the street out near his plant would be resumed. Chairman Bonitz of the Streets and Wharves Committee replied that the work would be taken up again when the Coast Line did its part. Mr. Riley said the railroad's would be done. Mr. Riley also asked if the water mains could not be extended to his plant, stating that they

had spent much money in equipping the plant and were paying out a large sum of money to employes, which was turned loose in Wilmington, and paying their taxes, and yet had no protection at all in the way of water. He said that the insurance rate was much higher than it would be if they had water. He thought this the time to bring up the matter as pipes are now being laid in that section. Alderman Hall said that the matters brought up by Mr. Riley were worthy of attention as the firm had spent considerable money in equiping its plant, etc. As to the street work he thought Mr. Bonitz right about the Coast Line doing its part, but declared that when the board made an appropriation for certain work he did not consider it up to Mr. Bonitz to say which end would be commenced first. He moved that the clerk be instructed to request the Water and Sewerage Commission to extend a water main to the plant of the company. The motion carried and Alderman Yopp suggested that Alderman Bonitz be instructed to do the street work at once.

"It is darn easy to sit around here and say do it, but an entirely different thing to do it, especially when material is as hard to get as at present," said Alderman Bonitz with considerable emphasis.

"You ought to do the work," said Alderman West.

"Yes, you had," said Alderman Ellis, and the Mayor concurred in the statement.

C. D. Weeks, Esq., appeared in reference to personal and polltaxes of Wm. Purnell charged up against Weldon Merrick, purchaser of property formerly owned by Purnell. He said Merrick was ready to pay the back tax on the real estate owned by him, but that he did not want to pay the personal and poll-tax of Purnell and he did not think that the property could be held for it. The property is at corner of 10th and Queen streets. City Attorney McClammy was of the opinion that the Aldermen should not go behind the judgment of the court. Mr. Weeks said that it was perfectly satisfactory to him; that he could get redress in the courts, but preferred to settle the matter with the Aldermen as it would not only require less time but mean a saving of money to both sides, probably.

Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., presented a claim for $69.65 from Mr. Tom Croom, who fell in an excavation in the streets and was injured about 12 or 14 months ago. The amount was for medical attention, etc., and the bill had been approved by the city attorney. The claim was allowed.

The Water Rates.

Mr. George Harriss appeared before the body, not as a magistrate, United States Commissioner nor as Substitute Recorder, but as an individual, to register a vigorous kick against the advance of water rates, declaring that while he was using no more water than formerly his monthly bills are double the amount when the system was owned by a private corporation. He thought that there was something radically wrong somewhere. Alderman Stone said that Col. W. F. Robertson, the superintendent, was in the room and asked him to state if the rates had been increased. Col. Robertson said the rates were the same as formerly. Mr. Stone explained that a meter inspection ordinance would be presented later in the meeting and if adopted would relieve the situation. Mr. Harriss said that in the Summer time, when he and his family were on the beach, the bills were the same as in the Winter months. He said that the overcharges were due to excessive salaries or the amount is charged upon to new improvements. He repeated that there was something wrong somewhere and declared it the duty of the board to fix the rates. He said that Mr. Kidder made, it was claimed, $15,000 a year out of the water system and he could not understand why the city could not do as well. He was not complaining that the rate was excessive, but that overcharges were excessive. Geo. L. Peschau, Esq., who represented a number of other complainants, raised the point that if the volume of water consumed had increased to such a great extent, the rates should be decreased correspondingly. W. P. Mangum Turner, Esq., representing Geo. O. Gaylord and Dr. A. M. Baldwin also registered a strenuous kick. He said that he had taken the matter up at the office and could get no satisfaction whatever. He said that one month when Dr. Baldwin's family was away the water bill was the same as the month before. He told how the bills had been doubled during the past few months. Alderman Willard suggested that he wait and relief would be given in the ordinance to be adopted. "But I want to know about the overcharges in the past," said Mr. Turner. Recorder J. J. Furlong also spoke of the increase.

Col. Robertson asked to be permitted to make a statement which was gladly granted him. He said that what he would have to say would be for the benefit of somebody else as he had had his fill of it. Col. Robertson, as previously announced, leaves this month for his new home in Chattanooga, Tenn. He was certain that the commission would welcome the ordinance requiring a meter inspector. The people, he said, were simply using more water than formerly. He heard one man admit during the past quarter that he left his water running all night to keep the pipes from freezing. He spoke of the great amount of water used in the city during the Winter months requiring that the filter plant be operated throughout the night, where formerly it was necessary to operate only a portion of the night. Col. Robertson paid a high tribute to the three business men of the commission and declared that though municipal ownership of the plant is not now popular, that time will vindicate the members of the commission. He said further that Wilmington would find that she has a water plant for $250,000 or $300,000 less than sister cities paid for the same equipment. The annual statement, he said, would be ready for the public in a short time and that by comparison with old books it could be seen that the people were paying less for water than formerly. He offered to give anybody 15 minutes of his time to show them how to read a meter. Mr. Harriss accepted the proposition, but stated that Col. Robertson had not answered the question as to why the overcharges are greater than formerly, to which Col. Robertson replied that the scale of rates was the same. The matter was then passed over.

Mr. O. M. Fillyaw asked to be relieved of the interest on his back taxes, and also stated that a judgment had been given against his property for taxes amounting to $175 that had already been paid. He was not asking to be relieved of interest in this however, but a judgment for $309 obtained against his property. After some discussion, during which Alderman Bonitz offered a resolution to remit the interest in all back tax cases settled in the next few days, the request was laid on the table. The resolution was not voted upon.

Mayor MacRea said that he did not want to talk too much, but that he wanted a say occasionally, and desired to say he thought the Aldermen did right in refusing to act on the request.

He did not like this way the Aldermen had of tampering with the enforcement of laws, hampering the police department, giving a concrete instance that a physician had a street blocked and when the chief of police went to have the obstruction removed the physician in question handed him a paper signed by a member of the board giving permission. This created another stir. Alderman Stone demanded to see the paper. Mayor MacRae said the name of W. E. Yopp was to the paper, and Alderman Yopp declared that he was from Missouri. The paper was produced and the other members of the board had a good laugh at Mr. Yopp's expense for the name was there. Mr. Yopp explaining that he was laboring under a misapprehension when the paper was signed, thinking the proposition was conditioned upon something else to be passed upon in the regular channels.

Mr. J. S. Ramos, the typewriter man, was heard with reference to the acceptance by the Board of Audit and Finance of his proposition to furnish the City Clerk and Treasurer a typewriter. He explained that the Aldermen first authorized the purchase of an Underwood, but the Board of Audit and Finance turned down the proposition of the Underwood agency and accepted his proposition. He wanted to know if the Aldermen would concure in the action of the Board of Audit and Finance. A vote being taken the result was a tie, the Mayor casting the deciding vote in favor of turning down the proposition.

Woodus Kellum, Esq., was heard with reference to special license tax for the pool room on Princess, formerly conducted by Mr. Melvin Horne. Mr. Capps was in charge of the business for 20 days, he said, and a request that he pay the amount of the tax due by Mr. Horne before the sale had been made from the office of the City Clerk and Treasurer. He thought as a matter of law Mr. Capps could be held responsible, but not as a matter of right. No action was taken.

On motion of Alderman Hall the Mayor was authorized to appoint a committee to confer with former City Attorney Marsden Bellamy in the matter of the suit of C. H. Keen and wife against the city.

Reports of Committees.

The Aldermen then settled down to the regular business, receiving reports from the various committees, first up being the Streets and Wharves. Chairman Bonitz stated that it was extremely difficult to get materials to push forward the street work and also reported the sale of a mule. He asked for an appropriation of $300 for a Spring cleaning up and upon motion the request was granted.

Alderman Hall moved that the Finance committee be empowered to employ a man to assist the City Clerk and Treasurer in collecting taxes, if found that the extra man is needed. It was explained that Capt. Northrop's time expires April 11th, when he takes up his regular duties and that after that time the services of another could be secured. Mr. Fowler said that such services would be needed for three or four weeks. The motion prevailed.

Chairman Ellis of the Sanitary Committee reported progress on the work on Dock street recently authorized and mentioned a complaint he had received relative to a hog pen on Sixth, between Queen and Wooster streets. It was stated that the hog pens are outside of the hog limits, but the members of the board said they would stand by Chairman Ellis if he took action to abate a nuisance. In this connection Alderman Bonitz offered a resolution to the effect that the clerk be instructed to notify the holders of scavenger licenses that the licenses would not be renewed June 1st, but that the city would take over the work, and also authorizing the Sanitary Committee to investigate the costs of equipment, draw up rules, etc. There was much discussion, some stating that the matter had been sprung suddenly and without warning. The question was finally voted upon. Messrs. Bonitz, Fales, Ellis, Stone and Hinton voting in favor of and Messrs. Yopp and West against, the other members not voting. Then the question arose as to whether the resolution had been carried or lost and after much discussion and offering motions and amendments,.

The meter ordinance, above referred to and which has been published in The Star, was offered and upon motion was adopted. Mr. Ellis voted against it on the ground that he was opposed to any more salaried offices. Upon the suggestion of the Mayor the board passed a resolution changing the wording of the vehicle ordinance so as to allow vehicles to pass to the right instead of the left when meeting.

Alderman Yopp said that at the last meeting he asked the question, "Who is chief of the fire departments," and since then the information had been given him by the chief in person and that he was satisfied.

Alderman Hinton reported the purchase of a fountain for Seventh and Nixon streets as authorized at the last meeting. Under this head Mr. Ellis spoke of the excessive water rates, stating that he was forced to cut out use of city water on account of the overcharges. He thought that the Aldermen should do something if they had the power.

Crisis of Meeting.

All the evening there had been running through the meeting a feeling that something was brewing and that the wrangles up to this point were only preliminary to what was coming. The crisis came when Mayor MacRae called for a report from the police committee, of which Alderman Willard is chairman. "I have nothing to report," said Alderman Willard, "except that since the police have been turned over to you, Mr. Mayor, I hope you will have the laws enforced."

"We", said the Mayor. "All right, we then." said Alderman Willard, who moved around the table and then returned to his seat. Alderman Stone took the cue and said that the Police and Fire Commission had addressed a courteous letter to the board with reference to the management of the police department, stating that the Mayor was in absolute control. Clerk Fowler was requested to read the letter, after which Alderman Stone said that it was plain that the commission recognized that the Mayor was in charge of the police. The Mayor leaned over on the table and struck his fist on the table and declared with emphasis, "Then I discharge them all. You can't bluff me that way." Alderman West said that the letter said "the police department as organized and maintained by us" (the commission) which did not give the Mayor the power to discharge and hire policemen, therefore, he could not be in charge. Alderman Stone got as close to the Mayor as it was possible for him to do and said, "What I am trying to do is for your own good." He then declared that the lack of enforcement of the law was a disgrace to the city. Mayor MacRae took issue with them, saying that Wilmington was much better than Raleigh and other towns, and declared that the letter of the commission in effect was "wash your face with the soap we give you." "But", said Alderman Stone, "if the police refuse—"

"They have not refused," said the Mayor, "to carry out any orders I give them." Again going close to the Mayor, Alderman Stone said that what he wanted was to urge the Mayor to take charge of the police and to see whether or not the commission meant what was said in the letter

"I refuse to be used for any political purposes," said the Mayor. "I have told you that I can get hlod of all the blind tigers in Wilmington, but what is the use. We had about 30 arrested and they are still doing business." In response to a question from Alderman Stone as to why it was no use to nab the blind tigers, Mayor MacRae stated that it was because nothing is done with them in the way of punishment. Several members spoke at once and said that they wanted the Mayor to take charge of the police department. "Come here chief," said the Mayor. Chief Williams came to the door. "Now", said the Mayor, "you see he obeys my commands." Alderman Stone repeated that what he was trying to do was to see whether the commission meant what was said in the letter or only trying to fool the people. He read the letter and commented on it and he promised, concluding by saying that it was plain as the English language that the Mayor was recognized as being in full control of the police. Alderman West said that Mr. McClammy had settled the question in his opinion some time ago and Alderman Stone replied that it wasn't what Mr. McClammy said, but what the commission said. Alderman Yopp wanted to know what was wrong about the police force and no one came forward with any specific charges. Mayor MacRae then asked Mr. McClammy why it was that police could not raid "blind tigers". Mr. McClammy, in rising, said that he had given his opinion on this point five times and that this was the last time. He said that if any policeman knew of a place where whiskey was being sold it was his duty to swear out a warrant and go in it. The same was true of bawdy houses, some one having asked for an opinion relative to houses of ill-fame. He said the Mayor could discharge a policeman for cause. Mr. McClammy said that if any citizen knew of a place where whiskey was being sold or knew of a bawdy house it was his duty to place the facts before the Mayor who would issue a summons, a man whom he had reason to believe was buying whiskey it was his duty to place the facts before the Mayor who would issue a summons and examine the man under oath. He said that any alderman could swear out such summons.

"The law intends that the people shall rule," said Mr. McClammy. "I say you can run this town so far as law is concerned independent of the police. If any member of this board has reason to believe police are not doing their duty you can suspend them and notify the Board of Audit and Finance to stop their salary."

Alderman Fales said that the unused appropriation of $2,000 to run down blind tigers was a "staunch" in the nostrils of the people and started to tell how bad this town is, when he was called down by the Mayor, who declared that Wilmington was much better than a majority of places. He did not like this way of throwing off on city, which, he said, was one of the most orderly places he had ever seen and he had been around the world. This ended the matter for the time being.

City Engineer on Salary.

The following communication from the Street Commission was read:

"Wilmington, N. C., April 2, 1910.

"To the Hon. Mayor and Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington.

"At a meting of Commissioners of Streets, held Monday, April 1st, Mr. C. R. Humphreys was elected engineer for the work to be done by them, at a salary of $2,500 per annum, subject to the approval of the Board of Audit and Finance.

"We would ask that your board consider the advisability of electing Mr. Humphrey to the position of city engineer in conjunction with his position of engineer to the commissioners of streets, believing that the work of the two boards can be carried on to better advantage under one engineer.

"Respectfully,

"W. L. PARSLEY, Secretary.

"LOUIS BELDEN, Chairman."

Capt. Belden was present and stated that the commission had the right to elect its own engineer independent of any action of the Aldermen, but it is best to have the same engineer. He said the commission would expect the Aldermen to pay a portion of the salary. After some discussion the board concurred in the action.

Alderman Hinton, of the special committee appointed to make an investigation of complaints against Health Officer J. S. Lynch, for the nonpayment of bills, reported that the committee had no recommendation to make in view of the approach of the time to elect new officers.

On motion of Alderman Bonitz the chairman of the Sanitary committee was authorized to investigate the cost of equipment for doing scavenger work and also to see whether this work could be done by the city without financial loss.

Mr. T. O. Bunting was appointed list taker for this year, upon motion of Alderman Yopp.

The report of the city clerk and treasurer showed receipts during the month of $42,748.12; expenditures $11,879.02, leaving a balance of $48,435.19.

Upon motion of Alderman Bonitz the board declined to concur with the Water and Sewerage Commission in agreement with the Seaboard to put down spur tracks at Hilton, the proposition having been submitted to the Mayor and a quorum of the board and rejected before the track was put down and in use.

Alderman West said that at last meeting Alderman Hinton brought up matter of women of ill-repute parading the streets. He said that there ought to be some way to keep them off the streets and riding around in hacks. After some discussion a resolution was adopted to the effect that the Mayor instruct the chief of police to notify the women of questionable character, both white and colored, that they must keep off the streets or leave the city.

As a finale, the Mayor and Alderman Fales had another clash, when the Mayor stated that he did not want to appear as having acted rudely toward Mr. Fales earlier in the evening, but merely wanted to protect the name of the city. Mr. Fales was not inclined to accept any explanation, and charged that he knew of whiskey being sold Sunday morning over in his section. The Mayor said that he would have Mr. Fales summoned before him today to give testimony under oath. Then Mr. Fales said that it had been reported to him that whiskey was being sold Sunday. Both the Mayor and Mr. Fales were standing up and they indulged in quite a little discussion of the matter, and the meeting expired by limitation while they were still talking.

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WATER COOLERS

Shoemaking Secrets

The most important part of a shoe—wear considered—is the sole. The best old-method tanned sole leather is none too good for this purpose, yet many manufacturers use quick tannages of cheap leathers and "fill" the soles with glucose and other adulterations to cover defects. The insole in some shoes is cut from such thin stock that it cannot be channelled to receive the stitch when the upper and the welt are sewed on. A piece of canvas is often substituted for the leather, channelled up to hold the shoe together.

There are no secrets about the **Craddock Shoe.** The soles, insole (5) and outer sole (4), come from the very finest, toughest and the most expensive sole leather money can buy. The insole is as heavy as lots of makers use for outer soles.

The counters (3) are the best one-piece counters made from the best sole leather. Only one grade of lining—the best—is used all the way through. The top lift (2) of the heel in the **Craddock Shoe** costs more than the whole heel and top lift of some other shoes made at this price. Vamps (7), tops (8), facings and stays (9) are all cut from pieces of the finest leather.

Counters are often made of canvas stiffened with glue. They cost less than solid leather, but the heat from the foot crumples them. Toe boxes, too, can be made of canvas instead of leather, and sometimes for linings a cheap grade is substituted away down inside where you can't see. Heels are almost always made of pieces of sole leather fitted together in glue; sometimes the very worst of scrap is used, topped with a fair grade of "top lift". These are the parts the man who wears the shoe never sees. He buys these on faith. There are lots of other secrets in the shoe business.

The **Craddock Shoe** is not "skinned" in any particular. There are no hidden weaknesses to develop after the shoe is bought. There are no dishonest savings or profits—taken from worth and wear.

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THE CITY BOARD OF HEALTH

Several Important Matters Considered at Regular Monthly Meeting Yesterday—The Usual Monthly Reports.

A variety of matters of great importance to the community were considered by the City Board of Health in regular monthly session in the Mayor's office at the City Hall yesterday afternoon at 4:30 o'clock, Mayor Walter G. MacRae presiding and City Superintendent Joseph Akerman, City Engineer C. R. Humphreys and Mr. Joseph D. Smith in attendance. However, no action was taken on anything except with reference to the necessity of making some arrangements for a pest house.

After the reading of the minutes of the last meeting reports were received from Dr. Akerman. During the month of March there were 34 deaths, 16 whites and 18 colored; 56 births, 18 whites and 38 colored. There were no cases of diptheria at the end of the month, but there were four cases of smallpox, one of scarlet fever and two of typhoid fever. During the month there were 23 fumigations of rooms. The following is the report of Dr. Thos. B. Carroll, meat and dairy inspector, as made to Dr. Akerman for the month of March:

"During the month of March I made 39 inspections of dairies and dairy farms. The sanitary conditions and general health of cattle and other attendants were good. There were three applications for the sale of milk and permit No. 13 was granted and two others pending. I made 577 post-examinations of slaughtered meats as follows: 464 hogs; 75 cattle; 38 sheep with two condemnations—cattle that were shipped here from the upper Cape Fear river."

Mayor MacRae said that he continued to receive complaints about cows annoying people at night in different parts of the city. The matter has been considered by the board once before at which time a recommendation to the Board of Aldermen was made, but, said members of the health board yesterday, no attention was paid to the matter by the Aldermen. They thought it useless to urge the matter further upon the Aldermen.

The necessity of making improvements at the pest house, considered at the last meeting, was again brought up. Since the last meeting the main building has been burned. A resolution was adopted calling the attention of the aldermanic body to the necessity of taking action in accordance with the recommendation made at the last meeting, which was to the effect that the pest house would be put in a first-class condition and in charge of a competent person in case of emergency in view of the scattering cases of smallpox in the city.

The matter of surface closets was again brought up by Dr. Akerman, who said that probably nothing could be done until the installation of the new sewerage system. City Engineer Humphreys was decidedly of the opinion that the city would not have a new sewerage system until additional bonds are voted. He said the commission had only about $150,000 left of the $400,000 bond issue and that out of this amount must come the contractors' extras, which may be little or much. He said the system would cost about $250,000. He suggested that the board ask the State Board of Health to send the State superintendent here to make an investigation of conditions. He felt that the superintendent would condemn the system which would make it necessary for the immediate installation of a new system, whether the amount of money on hand for the purpose was sufficient or not. The matter was discussed at some length but no action was taken.

CONFUSION IS OBVIATED.

Primary Law Tangle Now Apparently Out of the Way—Committee.

After wrestling with the uncertainty which seemed to encompass the several primary laws passed from time to time as to New Hanover county, it was yesterday discovered from an examination of the public and private laws of the special session of the General Assembly of 1908 that Representative Morton passed an act amendatory to the Boney law of 1905, striking out that provision of the original act requiring that the primary be held not more than 60 nor less than 30 days within the time for holding the general election; also providing that the city and county pay the necessary costs of such primaries. The amendment at the special session by Representative Morton seemed to have been forgotten in all the discussion, so that the date is now in the discretion of the committee, which will meet Saturday and doubtless name the time for the last of May or early in June.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: Geo. W. Kidder and wife to Solomon Sternberger, for $100 and other considerations, lot on southeast corner of Ninth and Marsteller streets, 33x396 feet in size. Geo. W. Kider and wife to J. Irving Bear, for $100 and other considerations, lot on corner of Seventh and Marsteller streets, 330x396 feet in size. Nellie B. Slater and husband, Henry F. Slater, of New York, to T. F. Boyd, of Hamlet, for $1 and other considerations, 800 acres of land on east side of Cape Fear river, beginning at west end of the Rice Field Dam, adjoining lands of Laura S. Saunders and others. W. M. Cumming to the People's Savings Bank, for $1,000 and other considerations, lot on corner of 13th and Queen streets, 330x396 feet in size.

Narrow Escape From Drowning.

People who were at Wrightsville Beach Sunday afternoon tell of a narrow escape from drowning, the victims of a trying experience being Dr. N. A. Culbreth, of this city, and a friend, Mr. G. W. Jordan, of Ebbysville, Ia., who had gone out for a ride in the Sound, the boat having swamped with them. Both gentlemen retained their self-possession until persons on shore launched a boat and went to their rescue. The most remarkable incident in connection with the accident is that it is reported that Mr. Jordan, as the result of his experience, was completely restored the power of speech, having been a mute for many years before that time.

BOARD OF COMMISSIONERS

Regular Monthly Meeting Yesterday Afternoon—Col. Metts Enters Upon His Duties—Tax Listers Appointed.

The Board of County Commissioners was in regular monthly session yesterday afternoon, but aside from appointing tax listers for the current fiscal year and receiving the usual departmental reports, no business of special importance was taken up. It was the first meeting of the Board since the recent appointment of Col. John VanB. Metts to membership in the body and he was cordially received by his fellow commissioners.

The Board met at 3 o'clock, Chairman McEachern presiding, and Commissioners Vollers, Divine, Montgomery and Metts in attendance. The chairman read the appointment by Col. Jno. D. Taylor, clerk of the Superior Court, of Col. Metts as commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Commissioner Robertson, and Col. Metts being present was welcomed to the Board, he having previously taken the oath prescribed by law.

After reading minutes of the preceding meeting, routine business was taken up and Mrs. Lucy Byrd, of Delgado, was allowed $2 per month on outside door poor list.

The owner of Carolina Heights, through her attorney, Arthur Cobb, Esq., appeared before the Board and asked the county to furnish material for the opening of Chesnut street from 17th street to 19th street, the owner of the property to do all the work, the county only to furnish the rock. It is the purpose of the owner to develop the remainder of the Carolina Heights property. There was also a petition from Thos. W. Davis, Clayton Giles, Jr., E. C. Holt, J. Haughton James, F. T. Allen, T. M. Emerson, W. L. Miller, L. E. Hall, George Rountree, J. O. Carr, F. A. Fetter, J. H. Hinton and other property owners in Carolina Heights, asking that the county macadamize the whole road from 17th and Market streets to the National cemetery, and also the cross streets between Princess and Market streets 18th, 19th and 20th. The chairman stated that the Market street road was a public highway but the cross streets were private property and he doubted if the county could make these improvements. Both the pettions with reference to Carolina Heights were referred to the Permanent Roads Committee.

Deputy Sheriff Jas. H. Taylor, Jr., appeared before the Board with all the records and stated that Sheriff S. P. Cowan was ready to make settlement with the Board for taxes collected for the year 1909. Upon motion the records were referred to the Auditing Committee which meets on Thursday.

E. J. W. Anders was appointed to survey certain lands for Samuel Blossom in Cape Fear township. The Register of Deeds reported $25.60 paid into the treasury for marriage licenses during the month. The Superintendent of Health reported very little sickness in the county institutions during the month. All the county institutions were reported in good sanitary condition. Four cases of diphtheria, one of scarlatina, two of typhoid fever and four cases of smallpox were reported during the month. Several cases of pneumonia were reported in the county, 187 patients were prescribed for in the office and seven patients were treated at their homes.

Clerk F. T. Skipper, of the Recorder's Court, reported $572.80 in fines and costs collected during the month, the jail fees amounting to $70.50. There were 21 sentences to the county roads.

The clerk was directed to make the proper correction in the tax list of the Independent Ice Company as directed in the communication of the Corporation Commission on file.

The following tax listers for the several townships were appointed at the same compensation as last year:

Masonboro—Henry Horne.
Harnett—Geritt Walker.
Cape Fear—J. Herbert Johnston.
Wilmington—T. O. Bunting.
Federal—Henry Taylor.

A committee, composed of Messrs. Vollers and Metts, was appointed to investigate the status of the potters' field and the matter of the purchase of addiional land, if necessary.

Matter of feed of county live stock was referred to Commissioner Vollers, there being only one bid for the contract.

Hanover Seaside Club.

The annual meeting of the Hanover Seaside Club will be held tonight at 8:30 o'clock in the Howard Relief Club rooms on South Front street and a full attendance of members is earnestly desired. Many important improvements are to be discussed and plans laid for making the coming season the largest and most successful in the history of Wrightville Beach where the handsome club house is located.

Mr. Archie Hanby Here.

The many Wilmington friends of Mr. Archie Hanby, formerly of this city but now of New York, have been glad to welcome him on a visit. Mr. Hanby was summoned to Wilmington on account of the critical illness of his father, Capt. John H. Hanby, whom friends will be glad to know was somewhat improved yesterday at his home on Wrightsville Sound.

Leaves for New York.

The Wilmington tug Alexander Jones, Capt. W. A. Sanders, cleared yesterday evening for New York where she will be engaged in towing for several months. Capt. Sanders will be with the tug during her absence and will reside in Brooklyn, though his family will not accompany him for the present at least.

Runaway on Market Street.

Mr. Jacob Haas was thrown from a buggy and severely but not seriously injured yesterday morning at Third and Market streets the result of a lively runaway that was stopped by several persons on the corner. A lady in the buggy with Mr. Haas managed to keep her seat and was not hurt.

SUPERIOR COURT CONVENES

Double Term Began Yesterday Morning With Judge C. M. Cooke Presiding—No Trials Yesterday—B. Coxe Case Today.

With Judge C. M. Cooke, of Louisburg, presiding, a three weeks' double term of New Hanover Superior Court convened yesterday morning at 10 o'clock. There were no jury trials yesterday, argument in an injunction case, set for the first day, consuming the better part of the day. The grand jury was quickly selected and empanneled and after Judge Cooke's charge argument in the injunction case began.

The case against B. Coxe, a well known white man, charged with house burning will be taken up this morning. The case has been on the docket about two years and was tried about a year ago, the jury being unable to agree upon a verdict. Deputy Insurance Commissioner W. A. Scott, of Greensboro, who worked up the evidence in the case, arrived yesterday morning. The defendant will be represented by Herbert McClammy and Marsden Bellamy, Esqs., while Hon. John D. Bellamy, as special counsel of the State Insurance Department, will appear with the solicitor for the prosecution. The trial of the case is expected to consume several days.

The grand jury was selected and empanneled as follows: J. C. Springer, foreman; M. O'Brien, W. D. George, T. B. Cowan, W. D. Rhodes, D. F. Barnes, F. H. Bagg, W. F. Gilbert, W. R. Taylor, G. A. Jones, W. H. Andrews, B. M. Wilson, M. Rathjen, M. Bremer, B. M. Lehue, C. B. Kornegay, D. L. Latta and W. W. Long. Mr. Henry Harris was sworn as officer of the jury.

Judge Cooke then began his charge which was clear and comprehensive. He did not enter into any lengthy charge relative to criminal laws in general, but rather called special attention to some particular offenses. His charge was able and clear-cut and was heard with profit by all in the court room. He laid particular emphasis upon involuntary manslaughter, explaining that frequently the carelessness and recklessness of some people cause death and that such persons are undoubtedly guilty of involuntary manslaughter, although little is heard of them in courts. He said that life was held too cheap and deplored the fact that so many persons guilty of involuntary manslaughter are not heard of in the courts. In his opinion there are not as many voluntary manslaughters in North Carolina as involuntary ones. For example, he spoke of the person who points an unloaded pistol at another, which is within itself a misdemeanor and should the "unloaded" gun be discharged and kill some one, it is involuntary manslaughter. He then spoke of railroad accidents due to negligence or carelessness and declared that the person responsible, whether conductor, engineer, train dispatcher or some other trainman, is guilty of involuntary manslaughter. The railroad as a company is held responsible in a civil action and the burden, in the end, falls upon the stockholders, who have nothing to do with the accident. The man responsible, either by direct negligence in orders, operation or in the purchase of defective equipment, is the guilty one and should be punished. In this connection he complimented the Atlantic Coast Line, stating that his observation had been that the A. C. L. has had fewer accidents than other roads. Another type of involuntary manslaughter to which attention was called is the mill man who buys a cheap boiler, or a defective piece of machinery, or fails to provide proper mechanical equipment, with resultant accidents and loss of life.

In speaking of "Personal Liberty," Judge Cooke said that there was no such thing as natural liberty, but that legislators had to make certain laws to restrain people from doing certain things and declared that these laws should be administered rightly and the guilty punished. He paid his respects to the men who don't enforce the law and complimented those who do. In referring to gambling, he said that the distinction is often drawn in the indictment of "negro crap-shooters" and the prosecutions of men who play a game of poker in their rooms, while the cotton speculators are not molested. Judge Cooke said that if he was a juror he certainly would not indict a poor negro for gambling and not pay any attention to the cotton speculator.

The charge was concluded at 11:20 o'clock, when the injunction case was taken up. It is entitled S. P. Taylor against Chas. S. Riley & Co., et al., the plaintiff asking for an order to restrain the defendants from cutting certain timbers in Pender county. The plaintiff was represented by ex-Judge E. K. Bryan and C. D. Weeks, Esq., while appearing for the defendants were Rountree & Carr, and Herbert McClammy, Esq., of this city, and J. T. Bland, Esq., of Burgaw. Argument of counsel was concluded at 5 o'clock, when Judge Cooke entertained several motions with reference to placing of certain cases on the civil calendar which had been left off. He reserved his decision in the injunction case.

The Recorder's Court.

The Recorder had a large number of defendants before him yesterday and the majority were charged with drunkenness. Wm. Canady, colored, charged with the larceny of $6 from John Williams, colored, was found not guilty and the prosecutor was taxed with the costs. Mary Pope, colored, was given 30 days on the farm for disorderly conduct. Two white women were charged with drunkenness and required to pay the usual fine. A case against Herbert Backus, colored, charged with firing a pistol in the city limits about a year ago, was dismissed, there being no evidence against him. About a year ago a negro was assaulted with a deadly weapon and suspicion pointed to Backus for whom a warrant was issued. It was not until Saturday night that the officers were able to locate him. Then it was found that the warrant had been lost or misplaced. A warrant for firing a pistol in the city limits was then sworn out and upon this charge he was tried and found not guilty yesterday morning.

COLONEL F.W. KERCHNER DEAD

Passed Away Saturday Morning at His Home in Baltimore—Funeral There Today—Many Years a Resident Here.

A host of friends in thish city were profoundly shocked Sunday night upon receipt of the Baltimore papers of the same morning announcing the death of Col. Francis W. Kerchner, for many years a leading business man and an esteemed citizen of Wilmington. Col. Kerchner passed away at his home, No. 8 White avenue, Hamilton, near Baltimore, from paralysis, an attack of which he suffered in October, 1908. Last Thursday the muscles of his throat became affected and though constantly attended by Dr. Geo. C. E. Volger, one of the most distinguished physicians of Baltimore, it was impossible to stay the hand of death and he passed quietly away at an early hour Saturday morning.

Col. Kerchner, for his great geniality and many fine traits of character, was held in the highest esteem in Wilmington and the news of his passing is received here with universal regret. He came to Wilmington just after the war and was for years engaged in the wholesale business as a member of the firm of Keith & Kerchner, later Kerchner & Calder Brothers and still later he was associated with the late Berry Gleaves in the hardware business. He was generous to a fault, took a prominent part in public affairs and during his residence here was one of the first men of the place. The Baltimore Sun of Sunday morning had the following sketch of his career with an excellent likeness of Col. Kerchner:

"Col. Francis W. Kerchner, at one time an influential man in North Carolina and a personal friend of Cardinal Gibbons, died at his home, 8 White avenue, Hamilton, early yesterday morning from paralysis. He suffered the attack in October, 1908, and on last Thursday the muscles of his throat became affected. He was attended by Dr. Geo. C. E. Vogler, of Hamilton.

"Born in Germany in 1829, Col Kerchner came to Baltimore when young. He became the proprietor of one of the largest custom shoemaking establishments in this city prior to the outbreak of the Civil War. He was lieutenant in the Independent Grays, Maryland National Guard, at the time of John Brown's raid in 1859, and took an active part in the capture of Brown and his band. His company secured Brown's papers and supplies. Some of the contents of the papers were published in The Sun when the troops returned to Baltimore before the documents were delivered to the Federal government.

"When the Civil War broke out Col. Kerchner is said to have been the last militia officer in Baltimore to surrender to Gen. B. F. Butler. During the war he was a blockade runner, carrying letters and packages between the Confederate troops and the sympathizers in Baltimore. His brother, Mr. Ferdinand Kerchner, now in the service of the Colonial Trust Company, often delivered the letters in this city for him and had narrow escapes from detection.

After the war Col. Kerchner went to Wilmington, N. C., and engaged in the wholesale grocery business. He was successful. He took an active part in State politics. About 15 years ago his establishment was destroyed by fire. Later he returned to Baltimore.

"When Cardinal Gibbons became vicar apostolic of North Carolina he was often entertained by Col. Kerchner, who was then living in Wilmington. Their personal friendship was never broken.

"The year of Col. Kerchner's return to Baltimore has wife, who was Miss Lydia C. Hatch before her marriage, died. He had no children.

"Col. Kerchner had been a reader of the Sun since 1843, and took pride in the fact that he rarely missed an issue. He is survived by two brothers, Messrs Ferdinand and Adolphus Kerchner, and one sister, Mrs. Catherine Neubeck, of Washington. He also leaves a number of nieces and nephews. Among them are Rev. Francis W. Kundel, procurator at St. Patrick's Seminary, Menlo Park, Cal., and sister Johanette, of the Sisters of Charity in Chicago, who was Miss Margaret Kundel.

"The funeral will take place at 8:30 o'clock tomorrow morning from his home. A solemn high mass of requiem will be celebrated at St. Dominic's Catholic Church at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in Bonnie Brae cemetery.

"Rev. Dr. W. A. Fletcher will probably officiate. The same pallbearers who bore Col. Kerchner's wife to the grave will be his. They are Messrs. Adolph and Francis Neubeck, Frederick, John, Harry and Charles Kerchner, Frederick Kergel and Charles E. Lewis.

"The honorary pallbearers will be Messrs. James R. Wheeler, Lewis W. Hopkins, Judge Charles W. Heuisler and Frederick W. Glantz."

On the Carolina Coast.

In the last issue of Notice to Mariners the following with reference to buoys and the relief light-vessel is noted: "Alligator river, Middle Ground buoy, reported adrift March 18th, about 3 1-2 miles N'ly, will be replaced as soon as practicable. Frying Pan shoals—Frying Pan shoals light-vessel No. 1 replaced by Relief Light-Vessel No. 53, March 22nd. The change is temporary. Frying Pan shoals—Frying Pan shoals gas and bell buoy, relighted March 23rd, having been reported extinguished March 21st.

The Demon of the Air

is the germ of La Grippe, that, breathed in, brings suffering to thousands. Its after effects are weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of stomach, liver and kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system and restore health and good spirits after an attack of grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by Robert R. Bellamy.

ANOTHER TRAIN ON A. & Y.

Residents Between Wilmington and Fayetteville Want Service.

Among the arrivals in the city last evening were Dr. Geo. F. Lucas and Mr. W. R. Walker, of Currie. Dr. Lucas says that the people living and doing business along the A. & Y. road between Wilmington and Fayetteville are very desirous of having the Atlantic Coast Line give a double daily passenger service on this division similar to that recently announced for the Newbern division and will at once enter upon an active campaign with is end in view. There is now but one train a day each way on this road and it is necessary for persons desiring to come to Wilmington on business to remain here over night instead of being able to come and return the same day as is the privilege on every other road radiating from Wilmington. An accommodation passenger coach is carried on the freight train leaving Wilmington but to all intents and purposes, it is on the same schedule as the regular train and little time is gained by taking the freight. Dr. Lucas says that petitions will be largely signed from all along the line of the A. & Y. asking for this equal treatment at the hands of the Coast Line and the Wilmington commercial bodies will also be asked to take action.

REV. S. H. ISLER DEAD.

Well Known Presbyterian Minister Passes Away in Goldsboro.

Telegrams received in the city early yesterday morning conveyed to relatives and many friends here the news of the death of Rev. Simmons H. Isler, one of the most deeply consecrated and best known Presbyterian ministers in this section of the State. Rev. Mr. Isler passed away at 5 o'clock yesterday morning at his home in Goldsboro after an illness of less than a week with pneumonia. He was in the 72nd year of his age and had given his life to the ministry and to the service of his fellow man. Of the surviving members of the family, one daughter, Mrs. James Kyle, lives in this city and has the sympathy of many friends in her sorrow. Mrs. Kyle had been at the bedside of her father for several days and Mr. Kyle left yesterday morning to attend with other members of the family the funeral which will be conducted from the Presbyterian Church in Goldsboro at 12:30 o'clock today by Rev. V. G. Smith, pastor of the church. Rev. Mr. Isler had been engaged in evangelistic work during the latter years of his life and was well known throughout this section of the State.

IN MARINE CIRCLES.

Steamer and Schooners Arrived—Two Clearances Yesterday.

The British steamer Everest, Capt. Dower, from Hamburg via West Hartlepool, arrived yesterday with cargo of kainit for the Wilmington Compress & Warehouse Company and the schooners Herbert D. Maxwell, Capt. Quillen, and Chas. G. Endicott, Capt. Johnson, arrived from Baltimore with fertilizer for the Pocomoke Guano Company.

The captain of the Everest reported an exceptionally good passage leaving West Hartlepool, where he received coal on the 12th of March. The schooner Annie C. Grace, Capt. Steelman, cleared yesterday for Baltimore, with cargo of 403,000 feet of lumber from the Angola Lumber Company, and the German steamer Clara Zaick, Capt. Fretwurst, cleared light for Pensacola to receive cargo for foreign export. The steamer is to Walter Smallbones, agent, and the schooners are to C. D. Maffitt.

REV. DR. H. H. HULTEN HERE.

Series of Revival Services This Week at First Baptist Church.

Carrying forward the spirit of the great revival started in the community by Dr. Torrey and his co-workers and in line with the other Baptist churches of the city, services will be conducted each night this week at 8 o'clock at the First Baptist church by the Rev. Dr. H. H. Hulten, pastor of the First Baptist Church of Charlotte and the public is cordially invited. Last night Dr. Hulten was heard in the first sermon of the series, having for his subject, "Prayer." The Torrey song books are being used and the music at the meetings will be a special feature.

COMMERCIAL SUPPER TONIGHT.

More Than 65 Acceptances Received—Others Expected Today.

Already more than 65 acceptances have been received for the supper of the Commercial Club this evening at 7 o'clock and still others are expected before the hour arrives this evening for the gathering. As previously noted the matter of better warehouse facilities for the city will be considered at this meeting and a number of speakers will be heard. President C. N. Evans has gathered a mass of information from other cities and the movement for this public improvement of the city's commercial facilities is expected to take definite shape at the meeting tonight.

Portland, Ore., April 4.—Judge Geo. H. Williams, the last member of President Grant's cabinet, died here today. Judge Williams gave up active work several years ago because of poor health. He was borning New Lebanon, N. Y., March 26th, 1823. In 1853 he was sent to Oregon as Chief Justice of the Territorial Supreme Court and drafted the constitution of the State of Oregon. He was appointed United States Attorney General by President Grant in 1871, serving until 1876.

Protect Yourself!
AT SODA FOUNTAINS OR ELSEWHERE
Get the
Original and Genuine
HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK
"Others are Imitations"
The Food Drink for All Ages
RICH MILK, MALT GRAIN EXTRACT, IN POWDER
Not in any Milk Trust
Insist on "HORLICK'S"
Take a package home

Annual Meeting

Please take notice that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK, of Wilmington, N. C., for the election of directors, and for such other business as may properly be presented, will be held at their banking house, at Front and Princess Streets, on TUESDAY, APRIL 12th, at 4:00 P. M.

F. W. Dick, Cashier

ap 3 tf

THE CASE OF ALBERT WOLTER.

Prisoner Lacking in Moral Sense, But Not Immune From Punishment.

New York, April 4.—The tombs physician, Dr. T. A. McGuire, today said that Albert Wolter, who is charged with the murder of Ruth Wheeler is a moral but not a legal imbecile. The doctor finds him a type of degenerate lacking in moral sense, but not immune from punishment for any crime he may have committed because he still has the power to distinguish the quality and nature of his acts.

The girl was first strangled, then hacked with a knife, thrust up an open fireplace and burned beyond recognition. Dr. McGuire says that after Wolter killed her, he became terrified when he found she was conscious and acted thereafter under the blind guidance of the instinct of self-preservation.

Paul Hoppe, who formerly roomed with Wolter, told the district attorney that Wolter was of a gentle nature, drank little, but loved to stay out late at night and was "crazy about women." Wolter trial has been set for April 13th.

FLEET TO DRILL GROUNDS.

Battleships Leave for Maneuvers Off the Virginia Capes.

Norfolk, Va., April 4.—One-half of the Atlantic battleship fleet weighed anchor in Hampton Roads early this afternoon and proceeded seaward in thick weather en route to the Southern drill grounds off the Virginia coast, but up to late today the United States weather observer at Cape Henry had been unable to observe the passing vessels of any kind in and out of the Capes and it is believed that the battleships venturing out of the roadstead have dropped anchor in Lynn Haven Roads, under the lee of Cape Henry, there to await clearing weather. Conditions were quite dangerous for all shipping attempting to pass in and out of lower Chesapeake Bay.

Oakland, Cal., April 4.—Expressing entire confidence in his ability to get into physical shape for a long distance fight with Jack Johnson next Fourth of July, J. J. Jeffries arrived from Los Angeles today en route to his training quaters in the Santa Cruz mountains. He will go to his camp tomorrow accompanied by his manager, Sam Berger, and the usual retinue of rubbers and trainers.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK, Wilmington, N. C., at the close of business March 29th 1910.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts	$1,111,920 32
All other Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages	8,000 00
Banking House, Furniture and Fixtures	37,500 00
Due from Banks and Bankers	68,572 89
Cash Items	4,622 20
Gold Coin	837 50
Silver Coin	1,814 26
National Bank Notes and other U. S. Notes	4,539 00
Total	$1,237,806 17

LIABILITIES.

Capital Stock, Paid in	$ 65,000 00
Undivided Profits, less Expenses and Taxes	52,785 31
Deposits	1,113,020 86
Accrued Interest due Depositors	7,000 00
Total	$1,237,806 17

I, F. W. Dick, cashier of the above named bank do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

F. W. DICK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 4th day of April 1910.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary Public.

Correct Attest:

D. C LOVE,
J. O. REILLY,
H. C. McQUEEN,
Directors.

ap 5 1t.

300 SALOONS VOTED OUT.

Nineteen Counties Voted Dry and 16 Wet in Michigan.

Detroit, Mich., April 4.—More than 300 saloons were voted out of business by the people of 19 Michigan counties today. Of the 36 counties where local option elections were held, the one county not heard from is Osida, which is said to possess only one saloon, so that the returns are fairly complete.

Nineteen counties voted "dry" and 16 voted "wet". Of the ten that had been dry for two years Oakland and Wexford voted to change to the wet column, while Barry, Clinton, Midland, Missaukee, Osceola, Ociana, St. Joseph and Van Buren voted to remain "dry."

Washington, April 4.—The French ambassador today received a delegation headed by Col. James Mann, appointed by the Governor of Virginia, to arrange for the presentation to the French Republic of a replica of the famous Houdin statue of George Washington. The ambassador expressed the gratification he felt at the tender and promised to notify the commission as soon as he heard from his government of a suitable date for the presentation of the statue.

HAPPY RESIDENT OF THE SUNFLOWER STATE

Mrs. Helen H. Mauer, whose likeness is reproduced herewith, is a resident of Hays City, Kans., and about the happiest woman in the Sunflower State. Mrs. Mauer has recently regained her health after a long period of illness, in appreciation of which she has given a statement for publication, as follows:

"For eight years I suffered from stomach and kidney trouble, from which I was unable to obtain relief. I treated with several doctors and tried many advertised remedies, with disappointing results. My health declined until I became a physical wreck, with my vitality exhausted and my nervous system broken down.

"My husband, becoming impressed with an advertisement of the Cooper remedies, proposed that I try Cooper's New Discovery. I had lost faith in everything, but consented to do so. Much to my surprise it helped me, and I began to improve from the day I took the first dose.

"Now, after having taken the full treatment, I feel like a different woman—no more headaches, backache or dizziness. I am strong and well. That tired feeling is completely gone, and a pain I have had in my stomach for the past six months has disappeared. Cooper's New Discovery is simply wonderful."

We sell Cooper's New Discovery. Thousands of grateful people throughout the country have testified to its marvelous curative properties. Let us explain to you the nature of this remarkable stomach preparation.—J. H. Hardin.

NOTICE.

Get Your Order for Carriage in Early and Secure the Best if You are Going to the Dances this Week.

CITY LIVERY COMPANY
Phone 15.

ms 27 tf

SULPHUR---HANCOCK SULPHUR COMPOUND

LIQUID. LARGE, $1.00. SMALL, 50c. Effective for Eczema, Itch, Ringworm, Poison Oak, Insect Stings, etc. All Skin Eruptions and Scalp Ailments. You need not go to the Sulphur Springs; this gives you a perfect Sulphur Bath and invigorating Tonic Drink.

TABLETS. Per Bottle (30 tablets) 25c. Results are surprising, for URIC ACID Corrective, Purifying the Blood, Toning the Stomach, and in the treatment and prevention of INDIGESTION, Dyspepsia, Lumbago, Catarrh, Rheumatism, Gout, Kophrite Colic, Stone in the Kidney and Bladder, and most Kidney, Liver and Stomach Ailments.

OINTMENT. LARGE JAR, 50c. SMALL, 25c. A MAGIC WONDER for Hemorrhoids, Piles, Sores, Swellings, Inflamed or Chafed Parts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, etc. Splendid for the Complexion; keeps the skin soft and removes Pimples, Blemishes, Blackheads, etc. Try It. For Sale by Druggists, Mail's by HANCOCK LIQUID SULPHUR CO., Baltimore, Md. If your Dealer (if it's supply you, send by Mail or Express, prepaid. Write for booklet on Sulphur.

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY (Inc.)
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second-class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under act of Congress, March 2nd 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 per year, $3 for six months, $1.50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, served by carrier in the city or by mail.

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, or if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under same conditions except so much thereof as may be of news value to readers of the paper.

Advertisements discontinued before expiration of contracts are charged transient rates for times actually published. Payment for transient advertisements must be cash in advance. Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space at same rates or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge. Advertisements to occupy special place will be charged for according to position desired.

TELEPHONES: Business Office No. 51; Editorial and Local rooms No. 61. Call either if the other doesn't answer.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and if acceptable in every other way, they will be invariably rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication but as a guarantee of good faith.

Monday, April 5th, 1910.

THE "FREE SHOW."

Sir Ernest Schackleton, England's "farthest South" hero, sems to be a frank, unaffected and approachable young Briton with a large bump of the "sporting spirit". Having been taken into all the learned societies upon his word as a gentleman, having by the same token been knighted by his King, he is now enjoying himself and cashing in on his honors by a tour of this country in company with his young wife. Recently he announced that he would do no more exploring in the South until the American expedition had had its try—an action that both that eminent monopolist, Mr. Peary, and that impatient voyageur, Dr. Cook, will have difficulty in understanding. However, we order things differently over here. For, responding to a toast at a recent New York banquet, Sir Ernest declared:

"I know that our work in the South appeals to Americans, and for that reason have come here to tell them the story. When I began lecturing I did it for charity and had full houses. Then, realizing that charity begins at home, I started lecturing for money in Edinburgh. My first audience consisted of one drunken man, two old women and three boys. When I saw them I asked the cabman who had brought me to the hall to come in and hear the lecture. He declined."

Imagine, if you will, this country failing to turn toward the box office with its crisp currency well in hand, when a real hero, an officer and a gentleman and a Knight into the bargain, deigns to put himself on public view and narrate his exploits. Doubtless in England, where they are used to nobility and heroes, they are content to look and give deference, but not to pay. A lecture on Arctic or Antarctic regions is necessarily and at best a dry recital of well-worn sufferings. There is no romance in a frozen nose, blubber lamps, or Esquimo names. The use of dog as an edible product has long since ceased to be a joke. And yet, because possibly we want our heroes and love the Lords of any and all nations, we crowd such places of entertainment, however unentertaining the performance may be. Any one of a dozen amiable reference books will tell one everything to be desired about the wastes of either the far North or South. And any one having read one could write the others. The ease with which Cook did it ought to be a lasting lesson of what is necessary to a lecture on adventure.

Sir Shackleton's story, however, brings one comforting thought that the English do not completely put it over us in common sense: it will be noted that, so long as the lectures were free, there were full houses, even in England. There speaks the canny mixture of the Anglo-Saxon blood. Boredom, discomfort, drooling monotony—nothing can keep away the masses from a "free show". Perhaps a Frenchman could not be induced to listen to a free concert by performers who could not make music. With us and the English, that is immaterial. Do they make a noise? Are they giving it away? With one accord—eager-eyed toward that quest of the unattainable summed up in the phrase "Something for nothing"—we "bite", and nurse our wounds.

The Raleigh Evening Times must certainly have been suffering from political brainstorm when it put forward the story that, in order to prevent the judgship fight between Justice Manning and Judge Allen, there was a trade whereby Justice Walker would be made Chief Justice and the two rival candidates both put on the bench. Justice Walker would first have to be persuaded he could beat Chief Justice Clark, because persuasion in the latter quarter has not availed as yet, to any extent, so to speak.

THE ERUDITE BACKWOODS.

In its issue of Sunday the Columbia State prints a lengthy interview with Governor Harmon, of Ohio, touching upon political conditions. Such an interview is, of course, timely and of the greatest interest in view of the rapidly congealing sentiment among Democrats upon him as the next Democratic candidate. As he himself says, the political future in Ohio will doubtless be forecasted by whether or not the Democrats carry the next Legislature. In that event, such an endorsement of Judge Harmon's administration would make his nomination for President all but certain, and would, in addition, make almost equally certain a Democratic victory in the State in 1912. If the Republicans should, however, retain the Legislature, Ohio would continue debatable ground and Governor Harmon's nomination would be contingent upon the future successes of Mayor Gaynor in the State of New York.

Fateful as the next Ohio election is, therefore, we find less of real interest in that portion of the interview outlining conditions in Ohio and in the country than the more basic reasoning which accompanies it. The people pretty generally understand the issues which are making for the next general election. Governor Harmon can add nothing to the general sentiment respecting the tariff. Necessarily, as a Democrat and a candidate, he speaks the obvious. The obvious, while necessary, is not mentally stirring. In the following, however, there is much room for reflection and encouragement:

"There are no backwoods left in Ohio. Opinion circulates rapidly, almost instantaneously, and the people are not tied hard and fast to political party affiliations. Parties are necessary as agents, but when a party gets out of gear, Ohio insists that it be organized and take a fresh start in its logical direction. I believe this sentiment to be typical of the sentiment throughout the United States today. The people are awakening to an independence in politics which will have the effect of straightening out party kinks. The people demand that the men elected to office represent them instead of representing a few selfish individuals who are making money out of them."

It is the fact that "there are no backwoods left", not only in Ohio, but in the country, which is the animating force now making itself felt among the whole people. "Backwoods", so far as that term implies ignorance, the contented spirit of letting well enough alone, of living in the treadmill of a personal circle, are now found in the cities, rather than in those sections where there is room to breathe and time to think. It is the city man, the city journal, the city spirit, with its localized emphasis and its absurd provincialism, that now typifies what is left of bucolic complacency in politics. The country at large is free of the chains of detail with which the city is bound and doubled upon itself. It gets its information and its interest in matters worth while. It is isolated only from the matters which distract. It is in possession of the fundamentals of judgment. And it is every day clearly drawing up its verdict.

To this salutary condition many causes have contributed, both practical and sentimental. The rural delivery must never be forgotten as a political educator. The telephone does its part. Railroad extension brings the hamlet into economic sympathy with the nation. Against these forces there have been of late years two forces appealing to latent hysteria: "heroes", as always, have been substituting on either side sentiment for sense. If you will think of it, you will discover that political history for practically a decade has turned on the issue of a tournament between Roosevelt and Bryan, each talking much of principle and depending almost entirely upon himself. Relieved of these twin incubi, the people have begun to think without the one or the other dazzling light before their eyes. And, with the opportunity of reflection, the tariff conditions, making everywhere personal appeal, leave little to be deduced as to what was really happening while the fight of banners and tomtoms went a way as ineffective as an animate panorama of Gettysburg!

There are no "back-woods" in the country; and signs are not lacking that even the cities are working out of their mental isolation.

Thus the Charlotte Chronicle, which believes that Grant is a certain winner because of "Democratic hounding": "As a matter of course, the Republicans of the tenth district stand by Congressman Grant. Who doubted it except The Wilmington Star and Asheville Gazette-News?" We never "doubted" Grant's nomination, except to fear that the element of the Republican party represented by the Asheville Gazette-News might avail to defeat it. Now that he has been nominated in spite of such an element, we look for the Democratic nominee in the Tenth to win by a round majority. This condition of friction among Republicans was exactly what we pointed out when contending that there was Republican as well as Democratic "hounding" of Grant, if the Chronicle will persist in so designating this opposition.

GOVERNORS AND GREATNESS.

Honest fighting men invariably find themselves shifting sides. This gives rise to strange contrasts. It is a prolific source of that effective but faulty argument contained in the "parallel column."

For instance, about two years ago Governor Kitchin was going about the State engaged in a public canvass and declaring on every stump that he was being assailed and misrepresented by the Charlotte Observer. For its part, that worthy paper took the position that such misrepresentation as was going on consisted solely in the charge which was being brought against it.

Now, at a moment when the Governor's action in the Shemwell case is subjecting him to practically universal criticism, the Charlotte Observer's is almost the only voice worth listening to which is raised in his defense. Referring to a statement of the Asheville Citizen that the Governor's action "bears out the Citizen's predictions frequently made in the late gubernatorial campaign to the effect that Mr. Kitchin did not have the material necessary to make a great Governor," The Observer says: "We trust that The Citizen will bethink itself more rightly of the Governor. It can disagree with his course without conveying reflections which impress us as quite unwarranted. Governor Kitchin, who knows very much more about the facts in the Shemwell case than any of the critics, deliberately did an unpopular thing. A man without 'the material necessary to make a great Governor' would almost certainly have done the contrary. Governor Kitchin's step may not show greatness, but it most assuredly does not show the lack."

For our own part, we made known a firm conviction that the Shemwell sentence should stand, at the moment when the Supreme Court affirmed the judgment of the court below. We again urged this view at the first suggestion of commutation or reprieve, and afterwards at the continued effort at commutation after Shemwell had treated with practical contempt not only the courts but the man to whom he was looking for succor. And in taking this stand, we did so without reference to Shemwell save as a dangerous criminal, megalomaniac, or whatever term might best fit a person with a genius for disturbance sufficient to constitute him the test and object lesson of what the law might be expected to do or not to do. We took it, also, without respect to Governor Kitchin, save as, being the Governor of the State, it lay in his hands to say whether he should further disrespect for law among the masses of the people by thus publicly and conspicuously adding an unanswerable argument to the contention and belief that the law is a thing of class and sentiment, instead of mass and justice. Because Shemwell had come to crystallize this issue, we considered him as secondarily of importance to the resolution of the issue for the law or against it.

That being the case, we are unable to see wherein the circumstances call for abuse of Governor Kitchin. We are unable to see where, in such circumstances, there is impropriety in any personal opinion that his action shows him not to be a great Governor. And we are still further unable to see the truth in the Observer's contention that the doing of an unpopular thing certainly "does not show the lack" of greatness. Some of the bravest men are weakest—and the name Kitchin is in this State synonymous with courage. One of the weakest things is not infrequently a stubborn disregard of public opinion—and in this case Governor Kitchin was certainly stubborn. Governors come and Governors go, and all of them no doubt feel that it is great to be Governor—until they try it. They are all of them "great" during the campaigns, but few of them clutter up the Halls of Fame after they have died. A "great" man would have dealt with Shemwell—as Governor Kitchin doubtless dealt with him—according to his own opinion of the right and wrong of the whole matter. Whether he would have dealt with him in the way Governor Kitchin did is a matter that we will leave to those who find in the emergency anything calling for "greatness," one way or the other.

Personally, we think the test of greatness in doing the unpopular thing consists in justifying the deed by the result. According to that standard, all of Governor Kitchin's honesty and bravery cannot make his arbitrary act a great one.

The Charlotte Chronicle reprints from the Newberry Observer a story to the effect that a "red bird crowed." Of course, what was meant by the red bird was a cardinal gros-beak. As the Newberry Observer says, such a bird is a fine mimic. But a bird is not always a red bird just because he happens to be a red bird.

We are delighted to know that a complaint which we had thought well obsolete is again going the rounds—that of "chickens running at large." Any one so careless as to permit such practice on the part of his chickens deserves the fate that will probably accrue to him, that they never come back to roost.

RAPID-FIRE JUSTICE.

Mayor Gaynor, in New York, continues to preach a brand of Democracy which is refreshingly practical, and for that reason interestingly novel. In recently appointing as a City Magistrate one Chas. W. Appleton, for a long time assistant district attorney, to succeed a famous local character, "Battery Dan", Mayor Gaynor remarked:

"I hope and trust, Mr. Appleton—in fact, I know—that the morning of the day you assume this powerful office you will feel more like bowing your head for assistance and strength than strutting about, and I am sure also that we shall not hear from you browbeating unfortunate people or delivering lectures from the bench day after day. I am this day investigating the case of a man committed to the workhouse for six months as a vagrant who was never a vagrant in his life, and who has appealed to me to see if something can be done for him."

The habit of "browbeating" and "lecturing" from the bench is the cruder and more hurtful form of a judicial habit which Attorney General Bickett once happily described as "clucking on the nest." We doubt, indeed, whether even Mayor Gaynor, when Judge, was free from a habit the perniciousness of which is intensified because the persons at whom it is directed are by every consideration forbiden to "hit back". The other point, however, which has reference to the habit in city courts of record-breaking "justice"—a practice that clears a docket and depends almost wholly on chance to catch the guilty and protect the innocent. With one of these Maxim-guns of city justices to pass upon his case, the unfortunate individual who may well be suffering from some obscure offense he has given the police has poor chance for his legal rights. Judge Gaynor, in adopting the policy of throwing his immense power into the effort to better such conditions, is doing a public work of first magnitude.

The crowded police courts of New York may be a far cry from Southern conditions, but the practices complained of there are by no means unknown in less populous communities. One Southern city which we know of maintains a popular autocrat as its municipal court, who will almost throw from the room the lawyer who attempts to put in a defense for a client. His judgments are practically instantaneous—the charge, a glare of the judicial eye, and sentence. This particular man is well-meaning, honest, and liked. It would nevertheless be manifestly absurd to contend that he makes more than a fair batting average in correct judgments.

It must be considered, also, that the trend of the laws is toward the enforcement of this sort of snap judgment against the humble, the while there is every loop-hole, technicality and delay open to the prominent or wealthy citizen who may get into trouble. A Baxter Shemwell would, naturally, never be arrested for vagrancy. Yet the laws of this State enable the crime of vagrancy to be proved by general reputation, permit a sentence to the roads to be instantly pronounced and appeal to be practically cut off by the demand for bail—all of which is done daily on no evidence whatever, and regardless of whether the vagrant has or has not rheumatism. Again, there are the arrest and trial, coupled with long sentences, without indictment; there are the laws making things innocent in themselves presumptive evidence of guilt; there are other laws giving police even the right of search without a warrant.

In view of these things, Mayor Gaynor's advice to his new magistrate should be heard by more than one police court justice in this State. A man so endowed with power ought indeed to bow his head under his responsibilities. For, in the case of the great multitude of those who can look for justice only to the law and the courts, his right of arbitrary action has not been equalled since the time when men were taken on secret attachment.

BULLY FOR ROOSEVELT.

For once ex-President Roosevelt has done the American thing in a manner not objectionably individual or egotistic. In refusing to accept an audience with the Pope tendered him upon implied conditions as to what he should or should not do if he accepted it, and in refusing in a manner comporting with the dignity of his position in the world, he has reflected a credit upon his country and himself which is not complicated with excuses. As the head of the Church of Rome, the Pope has his peculiar reasons for not liking the Methodist Church as represented in the Holy City. Mr. Roosevelt, as an American citizen, has equally strong and stronger reasons for not permitting his freedom of action to be in anywise infringed upon. The Pope was not awed by Roosevelt; nor was Roosevelt guilty of truckling to the Pope. After all, it is a pity these two independent souls are not to meet.

We had thought that the experience of the gentlemen who tried to tamper with the Gattis-Kilgo jury in Raleigh had taught a lesson, but it seems not. Every time a Judge can find the opportunity of teaching it again, he does a good deed.

The daily accounts of murders, homicides and deadly assaults may or may not have relation to the result in the Shewmell case. The State at large would feel better did it not labor under this unnecessary precedent.

Mr. Bryan's refusal to accept a reception arranged for him in New York speaks well for his judgment. That other fatal reception would have been too fatally recalled.

A good way out of it would be for the Southern Railway to give orders that that train should always stop at Lexington.

The Pope of Rome will at least have the unique distinction of being the only man in the World who has never seen Teddy.

For once, "Buttermilk Charley" Fairbanks beat his distinguished co-worker to the applause.

CURRENT COMMENT.

"Postpone your lying until the present official census is completed," says the Petersburg Index-Appeal warningly to directory-claimers like Charlotte's 50,000 populationists, "and it can then be resumed for the next decade with stronger assurance of impunity." This is good advice. Wise liars will take it and the unwise will regret that they didn't.—Charlotte Observer.

The farmers of Forsyth county have organized into a strong union. In membership the unions in Stokes and Surry counties far surpass the organization in Forsyth. By co-operation and sympathetically working together the farmers may benefit themselves immensely and we are glad to see them organizing. As yet no politics has been injected into the union, which is all the stronger on this account.—Winston-Salem Journal.

Last year Charlotte lost 125 citizens from typhoid fever. This death rate could be largely reduced with proper precautions with regard to sanitation. A little screening, closing up of old wells, cleaning up of filthy premises, sprinkling of lime, care in use of milk and water would result in the saving of many human lives. Is it worth while? And if so, what is it worth, and will the citizens do about it?—Charlotte News.

It has been said of the good old town of Hillsboro that could Cornwallis rise from his grave and pay it a visit he would immediately recognize every building, so little has it changed since his stay there during the Revolutionary war. The town was a long time in waking up to modern ways, but when it did undertake Twentieth Century improvements it struck a gait which might well be taken as an object-lesson by many more modern and progressive places. All who had acquaintance with the ways of Hillsboro were astonished when they learned it had awakened to the knowledge that its streets needed improvement and had decided to macadamize them. We learn from the Hillsboro Observer that the township road commissioners have declined to receive the work from the contractor and specify what additional work must be done before they will declare the contract performed. Anyhow, macadamized streets in Hillsboro have become a fact.—Charlotte Observer.

Let the Curtain Drop.

The latest appearance of Mr. Baxter Shemwell in the role of train dispatcher, seems to have been exaggerated in some of its details. It appears to have been but a demonstration of "the ruling passion strong in death," Mr. Shemwell having been disposed to be quarrelsome, but not demonstrative. But he seems to have had his way about getting off at Lexington. He is now serving his term in Guilford county jail, his fine of $500 has been paid and the public can afford to let him pass from its mind, and will be glad to do so, if he will but permit it. It is the proper time for the dropping of the curtain.—Charlotte Chronicle.

White Goods and Silks

Most every day we receive new white goods—always the best and most wanted fabrics. Among the most popular are the Batiste, Sheer Linen, fine Sheer Dimities, Wash Chiffons, Persian Lawns, French Lawns, Flaxons, Luna Lawns, Likelinen, and Fancy Madras.

3,000 yards very fine Mercerized Batiste, 38 inches wide, 25c values, special, the yard 19c
2,500 yards striped white corded Lawn, 28 inches wide, 10c values, the yard 7c
5,000 yards 36-inch wide Flaxon fine Sheer quality special, the yard.....14c
90-inch wide Linen round thread, pure flax, special the yard 85c
90-inch wide Linen, flat thread, the yard, special 75c
Wide Embroidered Suitings to match the above, embroidery 39c
Silks, plain, fancy and Jacquards stripes, 27 inches wide, all the new shades, Special, the yard..48c
Few new patterns, $1.00 Satin Foulard Silks, the yard 69c
25c Cotton Foulards patterns, fine sheer fabrics. Special, the yard 19c
Rajah Linen, 27 inches wide, also striped Linen, 36 inches wide, special, yard 25c

Sheer Swiss, 45-inch wide embroidered flouncings, so popular now for dresses, special, yard..98c

New Idea Paper Patterns, all sizes 10 Cents.

J. H. Rehder & Co.
THE POPULAR DEPARTMENT STORE
THE FIRM THAT PAYS YOUR CAR FARE.

Ladies Best Black Hose, Linen Heel and Toe, the price 25 Cents.

Spring Seeds and Fertilizers

100 Sacks Red Bliss Potatoes.
100 Sacks White Bliss Potatoes.
200 Sacks Irish Cobblers.
50 Bushels Yellow Onion sets.
25 Bushels Silver Skin Onion sets.
300 Sacks White Spring Oats.
500 Tons Navassa Guano, all grades.
100 Tons Armour Guano, all grades.
50 Tons Acme Guano, all grades
50 Tons Lee's Prepared Lime.
1,000 Bales Fancy Rice Straw.
2,000 Sacks Rice, all grades.
5,300 Barrels Flour, bought on lowest market, now on hand and to arrive.

Purchasers will, therefore, find it to their advantage to get my prices before buying.

J. W. BROOKS
Wholesale Grocer. — Wilmington, N. C.

Pale Export BEER

This is to notify our customers that they can secure this popular brand by sending their orders to Petersburg, Va.
4 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $3.00.
10 Doz. Bottles F. O. B. Petersb'g, $7.50.
DARLEY PARK BREWING COMPANY
G. MORGAN KNIGHT, Manager. PETERSBURG, VA.

GASOLINE

OUR GASOLINE IS MORE VOLATILE THAN ANY GASOLINE ON THE MARKET, CONTAINING THE MAXIMUM PER CENT. OF POWER PER GALLON; MADE FROM ONE GRADE OF CRUDE, ENSURING UNIFORMITY IN QUALITY.

[12c per Gallon in Galvanized Iron Barrels, F. O. B. Wilmington.

For Perfect Lubrication Use THEBEST Auto Oil.

Cape Fear Oil Co.
'PHONE 873.

WHY DO YOU DRIFT?

Strike out and swim. Make yourself independent. The first essential is a bank account.

We allow 4% Interest.

Atlantic Trust & Banking Co.

Matt J. Heyer, President. Milton Calder, Cashier.
Southern Building. Opposite Postoffice.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Brief Mention, News of Societies, Meetings, Etc.

Mrs. R. C. Merritt left yesterday evening for Baltimore where she will spend several weeks on a visit to her parents.

* * *

Mrs. L. B. Padrick, of Catherine Lake, returned to her home yesterday after a very pleasant visit to her son, Mr. R. M. Padrick, of this city.

* * *

Miss Cornie Fore, of Charlotte, who has been the attractive guest of her aunt, Mrs. Roger Moore, during the Easter holidays, left yesterday afternoon for her home.

* * *

Miss Rosa Willingham, who has been the attractive guest of her sister, Mrs. George L. Peschau, in this city, during the past Winter, returned yesterday to her home, much to the great regret of many friends here.

* * *

The Woman's Missionary Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock in the lecture room of the church. All ladies of the congregation are cordially invited to attend.

* * *

Friends in the city and elsewhere will be interested in the marriage announcement of Mr. Baxter F. Ozment, son of Mr. J. J. Ozment, of Charlotte, and Miss Mary F. Corbett, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Corbett, of this city, a popular young couple, which was solemnized at the manse of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., officiating. Mr. Ozment until a few weeks past lived in this city. He is now assistant foreman of the Charlotte Observer. The attendants at the marriage were Mrs. Adna Fredericks, Miss Fannie Branch and Mr. Frank Brittan. Immediately following the ceremony the happy couple received the best wishes of friends and departed on the 3:45 o'clock Seaboard train for their future home in Charlotte.

* * *

QUIET BUT PRETTY HOME WEDDING YESTERDAY.

Of interest to a great many friends here and elsewhere is the announcement of the marriage of Mrs. Louise Bell and Mr. Jos. B. Fox, which was solemnized in the presence of only members of the family and a few very intimate friends at the home of the bride's father, Capt. John W. Harper, No. 311 South Front street, yesterday evening at 6 o'clock, Rev. A. D. McClure, D. D., pastor of Saint Andrew's Presbyterian Church, officiating. The home was tastefully but very prettily decorated for the occasion, and although quiet, the wedding was one of the prettiest of the Easter season. After a brief reception at the pretty home of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Fox, accompanied by friends, repaired to the Front street station of the Atlantic Coast Line, whence they took their departure on the northbound train for Washington and Philadelphia on a bridal tour, which will include a visit to the home of the groom in Pennsylvania. Returning in about two weeks, Mr. and Mrs. Fox will make their home in this city. The bride is much admired in a wide circle of friends in this city and the groom has made many friends since coming to this city some months ago. He is of the office force of the Southern Hotel on Front street, and is held in the highest esteem for his many sterling qualities by all with whom he has come in contact since becoming a resident here. He is justly receiving the happiest congratulations of friends while both the bride and groom have the best wishes of a large circle of acquaintances for their future happiness and prosperity.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. Herbert Hocutt, formerly of this city, now of Roanoke, Va., is spending a few days in the city.

—Messrs. Lee Riley and Alex. McDonald, representing "Land of Nod," the big musical attraction at the Academy of Music on the night of April 12th, spent yesterday in the city making arrangements for the appearance.

—Mr. VanWyck Hoke, secretary and treasurer of the Lincoln Lithia Water Co., who has been in the city for several days in the interest of the celebrated water from these famous Springs, leaves this morning. The Holmes Grocery Company, of this city, are the distributors of the company for this section.

—Mr. R. A. Beymer, of the new firm of electrical contractors, Beymer & Hergenrother, in the Garrell Building, left Saturday afternoon for South Carolina to look after some important business in their line. This enterprising firm has been doing a great deal of work out of the city as well as in Wilmington. They have just finished two new residences at Winter Park Gardens. Mr. Beymer will visit his old home at Spartanburg before returning to Wilmington.

LOCAL DOTS.

—The Finance Committee of the Torrey meetings desire bids for the seating material used during the meetings at the Champion Compress. The committee is anxious to dispose of this material and requests that bids be made early, in order that the seats may be removed from the compress within a week. During the meetings articles of various kinds were found at the compress and are being held for the owners. It is requested that parties who lost articles call at the compress, where they are being cared for and may be obtained.

Augusta, Ga., April 4.—On the country club golf links here today, David O. Gilvie played the 18 hole course in 69, beating his world's record of 71 made over the same course a year ago.

The Extract to Buy.

Blue Ribbon Lemon and Vanilla are the extracts to buy. REAL FRUIT FLAVORS. One teaspoonful to the quart flavors perfectly.

Theatrical.

What is declared to be the best and most elaborate performance or demonstration of hypnotism ever given in Wilmington took place at the Academy last night, being presented by the "Great" Norwood and his big company. The performance was pronounced the best, because it was refined, clear-cut and thoroughly mystifying, and the most elaborate, because the exhibition was staged with special scenery. The stage setting for the performance reminded one of a brilliant minstrel first-part, luxurious red plush curtains being draped around the stage, extending from the top to the bottom, and all chairs having red plush covers. The performance opened with a splendid lecture by Norwood, in which he fully explained hypnotism. The lecture was both entertaining and instructive. Then followed the awakening of the subject who was hypnotized over long distance 'phone Saturday night and who slumbered in the show window of Kingsbury's pharmacy from then until taken up to the Academy early last night. The subject was aroused by Norwood by mental suggestion and the young man slowly awoke, in full view of the audience, and appeared and expressed himself as no worse for his long nap. After this awakening about a score of subjects were obtained from the audience and they were made to do numerous seemingly impossible things, and many ludicrous tricks. It was truly as good as a circus and the big audience howled incessantly with laughter.

Yesterday afternoon Norwood did a startling and wonderful blind-fold drive. A committee, consisting of Messrs. Oscar Hinton, E. W. VanDuzen and Eugene Pickard, concealed a knife on the street and Norwood, blind-folded, drove a spirited pair of horses over the precise route taken by this committee and found the knife. This act created much excitement on the streets.

Norwood and his company will be at the Academy for the rest of the week and popular prices are prevailing. Seats for tonight can now be purchased at the Crystal Palace.

Big Show at the Palace.

One of the best shows the Crystal Palace has had in several moons was ushered in last night. It is a rattling good one and pleased large audiences last night. There is plenty of comedy and a couple of the fine novelty acts. The topliner on the bill is Baby Esmonds, a wee miss who sings and dances well and who actually tells jokes like a veteran and fine monologue artist. Her work is clever. Today she will be seen in conjunction with her mother, Flora Esmonds, a dainty soubrette. A big novelty act was presented in Verno, known as the "Clown with the Funny Laugh." His antics were highly mirthful and he did some decidedly clever slack-wire walking. Another novelty act was given by Arthur Bell, the "chap with many voices." He presented a rattling good ventriloquist sketch that received hearty applause. Miss Marie Maxine, a good looking and clever soubrette, is also on the bill and came in for much applause last night.

At the Bijou Today.

"The Woman From Mellon's," a story of love's strategem, is the title of the feature picture at the Bijou today. It is a Biograph subject and the story is interesting and entertaining as told by motion pictures.

A. & M. DEFEATS RICHMOND.

Score 6 to 0 in Favor of Farmers Yesterday Afternoon.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., April 4.—Only once in today's game between the Farmers and Richmond College did the visitors have a chance to score. This chance came in the sixth inning when on a single and two errors, the visitors got men on second and third. The Farmers rallied and Richmond was retired without a run. The features of the game were the pitching of Stafford and the heavy hitting of Black, Freeman and Speer, of A. & M. Score:

A. & M.....030 110 10x—6 10 6
Richmond .....000 000 000—0 5 6

Stafford & Seifert; Gwathney and Guy.

Summary: Struck out, by Stafford 10, by Gwathney 7; bases on balls, by Stafford 1, by Gwathney 1; two-base hits, for A. & M., Speer 2, Black 1, Freeman 1; stolen bases, A. & M., 5, Richmond 1; left on bases, A. & M. 3, Richmond 5; wild throws, Richmond 1; hit by pitched ball, by Stafford 1; double plays, A. & M., 1, Richmond 1; umpire, Sherwood Upchurch; attendance 600; time 1:40.

LIQUOR CONCERN IN TROUBLE.

Over a Hundred Counts in Court Against Richmond Concern.

Richmond, Va., April 4.—An indictment including 119 counts, was brought in today by the grand jury of the United States District Court here against Phil G. Kelly Co., Inc., a well known Richmond liquor dealing company. In each of 114 counts, the allegation is that the Richmond concern received various quantities of whiskey on which the tax had not been paid without making entries as required by law. Three of the remaining counts allege that quantities of the illicit product were transferred, contrary to law, to a certain firm of retailers, while the last two specify that the indicted company accepted 20,600 gallons of whiskey from a distillery which is named, well knowing that the tax had not been paid.

Saved From the Grave.

"I had about given up hope, after nearly four years of suffering from a severe lung trouble," writes Mrs. M. L. Dix, of Clarkville, Tenn. "Often the pain in my chest would be almost unbearable and I could not do any work, but Dr. King's New Discovery has made me feel like a new person. Its the best medicine made for the throat and lungs." Obstinate coughs, stubborn colds, hay fever, la grippe, asthma, croup, bronchitis and hemorrhages, hoarseness and whooping cough, yield quickly to this wonderful medicine. Try it. 50c and $1.00. Trial bottles free. Guaranteed by Robert R. Bellamy.

SHERIFF AMAN PARDONED.

Sampson County Ex-Official is Diseased—Another Pardon.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., April 4.—A. W. Aman, former sheriff of Sampson county, serving four years for embezzlement of county funds while sheriff, received a pardon today on account of a diseased left leg that it is feared will have to be amputated. He was sentenced at the October term 1908. In his statement of reasons the Governor says: "Over a year ago I declined to pardon the prisoner. At that time petitions signed by about 2,500 citizens of Sampson county asked for his pardon. The sentiment now as then, appeared almost unanimous in his county in favor of his pardon. Two reputable physicians have several times recently carefully examined him. Prisoner has a continuous and rapid growth of a virulent type in the bone of the left leg. The doctors say an operation is necessary and neglect of it will endanger his life. The acting physician to the State's prison says that in his opinion and in the opinion of all physicians who have seen him, amputation of the leg is necessary to save his life, and says that in prison he cannot have the advantage of good operative treatment. The judge and the solicitor upon these grounds recommend pardon. I therefore pardon the prisoner, in order that he may take the best means to preserve his life and limb."

The third pardon is for Robert Carter, Rockingham county serving 12 months on the roads for selling liquor. He has served eight months, is one armed and one-legged. The county commissioner, the judge and other officials asked the pardon which is on condition that he give bond for good behavior.

REVENGE OF JILTED LOVER.

Girl Fatally Shoots Man Who Was Playing Joke on Her.

New York, April 4.—"Well, Jim, you said you could do nothing for me. This is what I can do for you." With these words Henrietta Corrigan, 19 years, today shot and fatally wounded James N. Brennan as he was leaving his home in Paterson, N. J. A woman, who posed as his wife, was a witness to the shooting. A police arrested the girl as she tried to kill herself.

The shooting is the sequel to attentions paid by Brennan to the girl for a year, which ended Saturday night when he revealed that he had a wife. To prove his statement Brennan arranged a meeting between the women today and the tragedy resulted.

Investigation developed tonight that Brennan is not married. Tiring of the girl, it is said, he persuaded another woman to pose as his wife.

TEDDY TO MEET PINCHOT.

Former President and Deposed Forester Will Hold Conference.

Rome, Italy, April 4.—Former President Roosevelt will meet Gifford Pinchot at Genoa on April 11th.

"After our interview I shall have nothing to say," said Mr. Roosevelt today, "and I shall be surprised if Pinchot has."

Mr. Roosevelt said that he had not heard from the former chief forester or the Department of Agriculture since he had been in Africa until he received a telegram from Mr. Pinchot at Copenhagen announcing his coming visit to Genoa.

HELD FOR EDENTON MURDER.

Negro Caught at Norfolk Brought Back For Trial.

Norfolk, Va., April 4.—Joe Green, a negro, was delivered to the North Carolina authorities by Police Justice Simmons today and will be tried at Edenton on a charge of murdering Anthony Hopkins last September. Green was arrested here Saturday.

Norfolk, Va., April 4.—The new battleship Delaware was placed in commission at the Norfolk navy yard today with Captain Charles Gove, United States navy, commanding. The ceremonies were brief, consisting of the reading by Captain Gove, of the Departmental orders placing him in command and the raising of the Stars and Stripes. The Delaware probably will be here for several months yet undergoing alterations.

New York, April 4.—It cost Clifford W. Hartridge, attorney for Harry K. Thay, in Thaw's first trial for the killing of Stanford White, more than $700 to recover a dog whip with which it is alleged Thaw beat various girls, so the lawyer testified today in his suit against Thaw's mother for $92,000 for his services. The money he said, was given to a woman, who had possession of the whip.

New York, April 4.—Yale has her bulldog, Princeton its tiger, Wisconsin the badger, but it remained for Columbia to pre-empt as its mascot the King of Beasts. By action of the alumni at their annual reunion tonight the lion—and a lion rampant at that—was selected to typify University spirit and hereafter in song and story the "Leo Columbia" is to be immortalized.

The Sound Sleep of Good Health.

The restorative power of sound sleep can not be over estimated and any ailment that prevents it is a menace to health. J. L. Southers, Eau Claire, Wis., says: "For a long time I have been unable to sleep soundly nights, because of pains across my back and soreness of my kidneys. My appetite was very poor and my general condition was much run down. I have been taking Foley's Kidney Pills but a short time and now sleep as sound as a rock. I eat and enjoy my means, and my general condition is greatly improved. I can honestly recommend Foley's Kidney Pills as I know they have cured me."—Robert R. Bellamy.

Young Housekeeper:

Many ladies opened checking accounts with us last month. It is so convenient to pay everything with your own checks and have the bank return an itemized statement at the first of each month. Besides there is the economy and safety.

Are you going to continue in the old way, making wrong change and tangling your accounts????

Why not begin with us April 1st?

THE SOUTHERN NATIONAL BANK

ma 29 tf

DON'T MISS THE OPPORTUNITY OF DECREASING your horse power costs, thus INCREASING YOUR PROFITS.

The coal you are using may please your firemen, and your relations with your shippers may be SATISFACTORY.

Is the COST so?

To secure low cost, select a coal of good steaming quality, as indicated by its heating or thermal value, with smallest percentage of ash or incombustible matter, and one that will cause no trouble or loss from objectionable clinkers.

That's *like* ATLANTIC GUARANTEED New River Coal.

Its price is reasonable.

Its users SATISFIED with SATISFACTORY LOW COSTS.

We haven't enough for *all;* so order now.

Atlantic States Coal & Coke Co.
Richmond, Va.

EXCITING SCENES AT LIMA.

4,000 Persons Join in Demonstration. Trouble is Feared.

Lima, Peru, April 4.—An imposing demonstration by 4,000 persons excited by the events at Guayaquil, took place tonight. After removing the arms of the Ecaudorian consulate and dragging them in the dust, the crowd proceeded to the principal square in front of the palace and called for the President to speak. President Leguia recommended that the people retire in an orderly manner and hoped that the spontaneous demand of patriotism would be converted into a reality in case of necessity.

A cabinet council was held this afternoon and it was determined to demand immediate and full satisfaction from Ecuador for the insults against the Peruvian legation at Quito and the consulate at Guayaquil and the attacks made upon Peruvians in Ecuador and their property.

In case of a negative reply from the Ecuador government it is proposed to send troops against that country and a squadron to blockade the river Guayas on which Guayaquil is situated.

The government has called up the reserves and within a month can muster 40,000 men. Many Peruvians were assaulted and their property to the value of $20,000 destroyed. The rioters demanded war with Peru. Quick action was taken by the government to avoid further trouble. Today the streets are patrolled by the military both here and at Quito and the disturbances are being held in control. Reports of attacks upon the Peruvian consulate at Guayaquil by Ecuadorean mobs have caused intense indignation here and there is much war talk. It is declared that nothing but the friendly interference of the United States will prevent hostilities.

PENNSYLVANIA AND AMHERST.

Score 6 to 1 at Philadelphia Yesterday—Other Games.

Philadelphia, April 4.—The University of Pennsylvania baseball defeated Amherst today in a well played game by the score of 6 to 1. Amherst's only score resulted from a home run by Kane.

Amherst .....000 000 100—1 6 4
Penn .....002 202 00x—6 11 0

Vernen and Henery; Marshall, Schultz and Cozens. Umpire, Smith.

At Charlottesville: Virginia 8; Lafayette 0.

At Barnesville, Ga.: Gordon Institute 4; Chattanooga University 1.

NO BAD FEELINGS SINCE

Lady Tells in a Few Well Chosen Words the Story of Her Serious Illness, Finally Conquered.

Grand Haven, Mich.—"I was very sick, with dragging-down feelings, until I was ready to give up all hope," says Mrs. L. J. Ryder, of this city. "I tried all the doctors here, but could find no relief, so I used your wonderful medicine, Cardui, and have had no return of pain, or bad feelings, since."

Cardui has relieved or cured so many ladies in a similar manner to this during the past fifty years that a letter like Mrs. Ryder's is no novelty; such letters reach us in every mail.

From you, however, who are weak or sick, it merits special attention and serious consideration, since it seems to prove, on certain evidence, that a cure is possible in very serious cases of womanly trouble.

If you suffer from such troubles, what imaginable reason could there be for your not at least giving Cardui a fair trial?

Cardui cannot harm you.

It is likely to do you good.

It has helped others, who suffered as you do.

Why should it not help you?

Please try Cardui.

If you need more information, ask your druggist.

He knows the Cardui reputation.

N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

MESSAGE OF CONSERVATISM

Edgar E. Clark Addresses Great Meeting of Trainmen.

Worcester, Mass., April 4.—Addressing the immense gathering of railroad men today, hundreds of them representing the powerful organization of which he was once the head, Edgar E. Clark, the railroad conductor who became a member of the Inter-state Commerce Commission bespoke a message of conservatism.

Commissioner Clark told the men of the brotherhoods what an important public service they perform in operating the railroads of the United States. The development of those brotherhoods, he said, had come only through fraternal unity and co-operation.

"It has come,' he said, "by having a well considered and sound policy and by adhering to it; by applying to every effort and desire the test—'Is this right?'—by withholding every effort and resisting every desire that would not stand that test.'

"It has come by pursuing a course of conservatism which avoided on the one hand that conservatism, which beyond a certain point means stagnation, and on the other hand that conservatism which, beyond a certain point, means cowardice.

"And the message I wish to bear to you is that the policy that has brought to you so much of material welfare and contributed to the relations which bring about such gatherings as this in which the President of the United States and the presidents of the railroads on which you are employed gladly participate with you, is not to be lightly set aside, nor to be departed from except for imperative reasons. In these men is represented an important part of our nation's life which has no need to change its methods of conducting its business to keep within the four corners of the law."

Commissioner Clark then went on to illustrate in a graphic way how vast is the railroad industry in the United States.

URGE NATIONAL PROHIBITION

Action Taken at the Southern Anti-Saloon League Convention.

Atlanta, Ga., April 4.—Resolutions advocating National prohibition calling upon churches to aid in the fight for prohibition and condemning inter-state commerce laws as they now stand, allowing the shipment of liquors from a wet to a dry State were adopted at the closing session of the Southern Anti-Saloon League Convention here today.

A separate resolution was also adopted urging southern representatives and senators to support the Miller-Curtis bill now pending in Congress which provides for the segregation of liquor in its treatment under inter-state commerce laws and permits any State to seize liquors shipped within its territory contrary to its laws.

The messages from the merchants are always interesting—and usually affect the "state of your purse."

KEEP THE KIDNEYS WELL

Health is Worth Saving, and Some Wilmington People Know How to Save It.

Many Wilmington people take their lives in their hands by neglecting the kidneys when they know those organs need help. Sick kidneys are responsible for a vast amount of suffering and ill health, but there is no need to suffer nor to remain in danger when all diseases and aches and pains due to weak kidneys can be quickly and permanently cured by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Here is a Wilmington citizen's recommendation.

Mrs. L. F. Rivenbark, 517 S. Third St., Wilmington, N. C., says: "Dull nagging backaches and severe pains in my kidneys caused me considerable amount of suffering. I could not rest well and in the morning when arising felt tired and languid and with no strength or ambition. The kidney secretions were unnatural and deposited a sediment from which symptom I decided that my kidneys were out of order. When I read of Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a box from Robert R. Bellamy's drug store and they gave me relief almost immediately. Since then the backache has never bothered me and my Kidneys have been normal."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other

W. C. GALLOWAY, M. D.

Practice limited to Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat,

Rooms 407 and 408 Southern Building

Apr. 3-2w.

FOR REGISTER OF DEEDS.

Subject to the will of the people as expressed in the Democratic Primaries to be held in New Hanover county, I hereby announce myself a candidate for the office of Register of Deeds.

JOHN A. EVERITT, JR.

mar 3-1m.

PILES! PILES! PILES!

Williams Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Sold by druggists, mail 50c and $1.00. Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

NOTICE OF RECEIVERS' SALE.

Pursuant to an order made by his honor, W. R. Allen, on the 28th day of February, 910, the undersigned receivers will sell or cash to the highest bidder, at public uction, at the mill site of the Lewis Lumer Company, at Byrdsville, North Carolina, on Thursday the 13th day of April, 910, at 12 o'clock M., the following personal property, to-wit:

One Saw Mill complete—Steam Feed.
Three Boilers.
Two Dry Kilns, capacity 25,000 per day.
One Planing Mill complete, including one American Surfacer and Matcher.
One Moulder and one Rip Saw.
One Horse and Cart.
One Locomotive and six log cars.
One Skidder and Loader combined.
4 1-4 Miles 25 lb. Steel Rail.
One Blacksmith's outfit complete.
100 Kiln Trucks.

This the 15th day of March, 1910.

R. L. LYON,
and
W. C. LEWIS,
Receivers.

as 16 to ap 13.

COUGHS, COLDS AND BRONCHITIS
are cured to stay cured by

Vinol

Because it removes the cause. We have not known a case wherein it did not succeed. But if it should not in your case, we will return your money. This is a genuine offer and should be accepted.

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist, Wilmington.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

DAVID'S

You like the real thoroughbred style in clothes; you like to look at a man dressed that way; you like to be dressed that way; we know what you like. There's just one way for you to dress and look like a thoroughbred; and you'll have to come to this store to get the clothes.

Hart Schaffner & Marx

make them for us; the new models for 1910, the new weaves and colors in all-wool fabrics; the smart distinction in style which we get in these clothes, cannot be had in any other way; nor in any other store around here.

You'll wear these clothes sooner or later, if you don't now; they're the only logical thing for well-dressed men.

SUITS $20 to $27.50.

This store is the home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes, John B. Stetson Hats, Manhattan Shirts, and other good things to wear.

THE A. DAVID COMPANY
Furnishers — Tailors — Clothiers

Fit the Little Feet.

Don't be satisfied with any old shoe for the children, their growing feet demand even more thoughtful treatment than your own. Help them to avoid the torture of foot trouble in years to come by a little care and thought now.

Let us fit your children in a snappy

Buster Brown Blue Ribbon Shoes or Oxfords.

Bring the little folks in today. You will find here just what you want.

Clothing for young and old are now on display, come see us before buying. We sell you at the very lowest cash prices.

We have a full stock of Hole proof Hose.

J. W. H. Fuchs.

Crusader Flour Crusader Flour
Crusader Flour Crusader Flour

To the Ladies of Wilmington:

Our fine Crusader Flour which can be bought from the leading Grocery Stores of our City, will make the finest Bread, Biscuits and Pastry of any flour on the market, and you will only have to use the old time shortning pure lard to prove our assertion; no new shortning necessary. Call for Crusader Flour, it is the Finest.

B. F. MITCHELL CO.
DISTRIBUTORS.

THE CAROLINA CUT STONE COMPANY,

Dealer in

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS. CEMETERY WORK OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

'PHONE 1180. Brunswick and MacRae Streets.

ma 27 1m

THE WEATHER

U. S. Department of Agriculture Weather Bureau.

Wilmington, N. C., April 5th, 1910.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending 8 P. M. Monday, April 4th:

Temperature at 8 A. M. 62 degrees; 8 P. M. 69 degrees; maximum 87 degrees; minimum 62 degrees; mean 74

Rainfall for the day, .00; for the mon, .00 inch.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville at 8 A. M. Sunday 3.9 feet.

Weather Forecast.

For North Carolina—Partly cloudy Tuesday, showers in west portion, Wednesday showers and cooler; light to moderate southwest to west winds.

Port Calendar—April 4.

Sun Rises.....5:54 A. M.
Sun Sets.....6:36 P. M.
Day's Length.....12 hrs. 42 min.
High water at Southport 3:23 P. M.
High water at Wilmington 6:23 P. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Academy—The Norwoods.
Crystal Palace—Giant New Bill.
C. W. Polvogt Co.—Bargain Day.
People's Savings Bank—Statement.
American National Bank—A Good Bank.
Hanover Seaside Club—Annual Meeting.

Business Locals.

Truckers—Will Find.
For Rent—Three Rooms.
Lost—Ladys Gold Watch.
Christopher Black—Wanted.
For Rent—Furnished Rooms.
The Hanover Drug Co.—Moved.
Rooms For Rent—'Phone 1402.
For Sale—Lumber at Compress.

RAILROAD BILL DISCUSSED.

Measure Before Both Senate and the House—Other Bills Up.

Washington, April 4.—The railroad bill was made a privileged measure whenever it comes up for consideration in the House by the terms of a resolution offered today by Mr. Mann, chairman of the Committee of Interstate and Foreign Commerce, and adopted by a two-thirds vote. Mr. Mann announced that he would endeavor to place the railroad bill before the House as soon as the pending naval bill has been disposed of.

The House passed a number of bills of local interest in various parts of the country. One bill passed increased from $2,000 to $5,000 the amount of money that must be involved in a suit to entitle its removal from a State to a Federal court. The naval bill was again before the House for consideration.

In the Senate Senator Elkins attempted ,without success, to get unanimous consent for a vote on the administration railroad bill on next Saturday. This effort came at the close of a speech by Senator Crawford, who advocated amendments to the Court of Commerce provision.

Among bills passed by the Senate today was one permitting the Philippine government to increase its indebtedness to a limit of ten million for the promotion of public improvements.

FIRST MONDAY IN NASH.

Nine Special Tax Elections Called—Democratic Primaries in Nine.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Spring Hope, N. C., April 4.—Nine special school tax elections for Nash county were called today by the county Commissioners. The elections will be held May 14th. Both the commissioners and board of education were in session and both attended to much routine business. List takers were appointed for the county and two juries drawn.

At a meeting of the Democratic County Executive Committee it was decided to hold the primary on the 25th of June. It will be held under the legalized primary act for Nash and Halifax counties. It developed that there was opposition to the primary act, and some of the candidates for the Legislature will make opposition to the primary law a part of their platforms.

B'NAI B'RITH MEMORIAL.

Tribute Paid Deceased Members at Services in Washington.

Washington, April 4.—Delegates to the constitution Grand Lodge Convention of the Independent Order of B'Nai B'Rith participated tonight in memorial services for deceased members. Appropriate exercises were held, presided over by the officers of the lodge.

Earlier in the day the delegates journeyed to Mount Vernon by special steamer, where a wreath was placed upon the tomb of George Washington and an address delivered by A. C. Calish, of Richmond, Va. Returning from Mount Vernon the delegates were welcomed by President Taft in the east room of the White House. The President shook hands with the delegates as they passed in line and expressed pleasure over the fact that he would be with them at a dinner Wednesday night, when he will make an address.

MILLION BALES SMALLER.

Report Made on Visible Supply of Cotton for the Half Year.

Manchester, Eng., April 4.—The half yearly report of the International Cotton Federation states that the visible supply of cotton is a million bales less than in March, 1909. This fact, however, it is pointed out, need not cause alarm because of the "short time" in operation and because the tendency in most countries is to spin finer counts, thus using less cotton, while at the end of last season there was a large surplus supply.

McKINLAY AT CHARLOTTE.

California Congressman Urges Support of Ship Subsidy Bill.

Charlotte, N. C., April 4.—Congressman A. C. McKinlay, of California, addressed the members of the Southern Manufacturers' Club here tonight on the ship subsidy bill now before Congress. In addition to the local manufacturers, many from other points in the State were present. Mr. McKinlay declared that the Humphrey bill deserved the support of both parties.

Falmouth, Eng., April 4.—The four-masted British ship Kate Thomas, while in tow off Lands End early today, was run down and sunk by an unknown steamer. The captain and mates with their wives and 15 of the crew were drowned. The only survivor was a ship's apprentice who was picked up by the tug which was towing the ship when she was struck.

ROOSEVELTS GUEST OF KING

(Continued From First Page.)

other notable personages. At the right of the King sat Mrs. Rosevelt, Miss Ethel Roosevelt and others.

After the lunch given by Ambassador Leishman to Mr. Roosevelt the latter received Mr. Carlos Manuel Cespedes, the Cuban minister, who presented a message and greetings from the Cuban government. He also received Dr. Walling Clark, head of the Methodist organization in Italy, and the Rev. Dr. B. M. Tipple, pastor of the American Methodist church in Rome.

A number of Italian journalists called on the ex-President this afternoon, but he declined to discuss the Vatican incident. He spoke, however, of the great change in Rome since he was here on his honeymoon. To a Swiss correspondent he expressed regret that he would be unable to stop at Berne to see President Comtesse.

"I am greatly interested in Switzerland," said Mr. Roosevelt, "especially the army and civil system. The United States has much to learn from the Swiss republic."

Mr. Roosevelt's mail is enormous. He says it is impossible for him to answer the hundreds of communications he is receiving.

At his first visit to the King today, Mr. Roosevelt, it is said, expressed the pleasure that he felt in again meeting his majesty following the short interview which they had a year ago at Messina on board the battleship Re Umperto.

The King, it is learned, said he had been awaiting with great interest the return of the ex-President as he had desired to hear from his own lips the report of his African adventures which his majesty had followed as closely as possible. Mr. Roosevelt gave a brief account of his shooting experiences, and later expressions of friendship on behalf of their respective countries were exchanged, the Italian sovereign reiterating his admiration for America.

King Victor later personally conducted Mr. Roosevelt to the hall of the palace where the Americans inspected the hunting trophies of the King's father and grandfather. His majesty invited Mr. Roosevelt to drive with him tomorroy morning.

From the Quirinal Mr. Roosevelt drove to the Pantheon. Beyond the charm of its ancient memories this spot is sacred as it contains the tombs of Raphael, King Victor Emanuel II., the "Father of his country", and King Humbert. He brought two wreaths which he placed upon the tombs of Victor Emanuel II., and Humbert.

A NEW TURN IN PITTSBURG.

Attorney Says Grand Jury Foreman Was Not Eligible to Serve.

Pittsburg, April 4.—William J. Brennan, an attorney representing several councilmen whose cases were called for trial today, set up a legal obstacle in the path of the great searchers, which, unless bowled over by the court's decision tomorrow may mean a halt in proceedings and necessitate a new beginning.

Brennan's surprise was sprung in the form of a motion that the 91 indictments against present and former councilmen on charges of graft be quashed on the ground that the foreman of the grand jury, Harry Nesbit, president of the Bank of Pittsburg, is not an elector of Allegheny county, and therefore not eligible to serve as foreman of the indicting jury.

Attorney Brennan argued that Mr. Nesbit was recently a National bank examiner, with legal residence in Washington, D. C.

Judge Frazer took the motion under consideration and will give his decision tomorrow afternoon.

P. B. Kearns and several other former councilmen made confessions in open court today. Hugh Ferguson and Charles Stewart entered pleas of nolle contendre to conspiracy charges. The grand jury was still in session seeking the men "higher up" and District Attorney Blakeley was in New York seeking to trace the transfer of $45,000 to Stewart at the Hotel Imperial in that city two years ago.

WOULD KIDNAP HER SON.

Mrs. Spier Summons Brother in Virginia to Her Defense.

New York, April 4.—What appeared to be an attempt to kidnap her 3-year-old son today has caused Mrs. Chas. L. Spier, widow of the confidential secretary of the late H. H. Rogers, the Standard Oil millionaire to send an urgent telegram to her brother, R. F. Williams, a lumber merchant of Honaker, Va., summoning him to her defense. Her husband was shot in his home shortly before the boy was born under circumstances which have never been explained and Mrs. Spier has received many letters threatening her with death if she did not abandon her attempt to discover her husband's murderer. Lately the tenor of the letters have changed, instead of death they have been threatening theft of her son and an apparent attempt to kidnap the boy today has prostrated her. The devotion of a negro maid who refused to let the child ride in an automobile with two strange men frustrated the attempt.

STEAMERS IN COLLISION.

The Newport News and Indian Both Damaged in Hampton Roads.

Norfolk, Va., April 4.—The Washington steamer Newport News and the Merchant and Miner's steamer Indian collided in Hampton Roads during thick weather today. A large hole was stove in the Indian's side and the Newport News' bow was slightly sprung with several bent plates. The Indian, bound from Baltimore to Boston via Newport News, has been docked at the latter place and her passengers will leave on tonight's Providence steamer.

Several of the battleships still at anchor in Hampton Roads at the time of the collision sent out launches and life boats but these were not needed.

New York, April 4.—President Lynch, of the National League went over the playing rules with his eight regular umpires and his recently appointed sub-arbitrators, DeWitt Van Cleef, at a conference in New York today. Lynch told his men that they were the monarchs of the field and that all they had to do in order to retain their positions was to enforce the playing code.

TEDDY'S REFUSAL TO SEE THE POPE

(Continued From Page One.)

ward the Vatican, thus associating the names of 'Roosevelt and Fairbanks as splendid samples of American courtesy, magnanimity and patriotism,'

"Paris, April 4.—No where in Europe has the failure of the Pope to grant an audience to Mr. Roosevelt created greater interest than in France, on account of the long separation fight; and it is expected to prove a strong card for the government in the coming elections as supporting the contention of M. Briand, the premier, that the recent agitation of the French Episcopate was inspired by the present intransigeant and intolerant attitude of the Vatican.

Cardinal Del Val's Statement.

Rome, April 4.—Now that Mr. Roosevelt has made public the documents, which the Vatican had considered confidential, Cardinal Merry Del Val, papal secretary of state, wishes the entire history of the negotiations for the audience which the former President sought of Pope Pius X. to be known. Cardinal Merry Del Val is credited with he responsibility for the Vatican's part in the matter and the following may be accepted as his version:

Following the exchanges between Manager Kennedy and American Ambassador Leishman and Mr. Roosevelt's decision not to be received under the erms imposed, John Callan O'Loughlin, who was assistant secretary of state in 1909 and a personal friend of Mr. Roosevelt, called upon Cardinal Merry Del Val bearing an introduction from Manager Falconio, apostolic delegate in the United States. Immediately after being introduced to the presence of the Cardinal, Mr. O'Loughlin said: "I do not come in the name of Mr. Roosevel, but on my own account as an American Catholic."

Cardinal Merry Del Val said: "Then what are we here for? It is useless to discuss the matter. If you do not represent Mr. Roosevelt, you cannot make any arrangement or speak for him.'

Mr. O'Loughlin replied: "What I conider important is to tell your eminence that if the two dispatches sent by Manager Kennedy are retracted I can assure you that Mr. Roosevelt will accept an audience."

Cardinal Merry Del Val said: "I will discuss Mr. Roosevelt's rights, but give me confidential assurance that De Facto Mr. Roosevelt will not go to the Methodists and the audience will occur.'

Mr. OLoughlin refused to give this assurance.

The Cardinal then said: "Mr. Roosevelt is free to go to the Methodists and do whatever he chooses, but the pontiff is certainly free not to receive a man who would claim the right to insult him, on the day after having been received by him, or perhaps on the same day, as, according to your statement, he may leave Rome on the same day of the papal audience, thus having only between noon and evening Tuesday in which to see the Methodists.

"It is of little consequence whether he is a Catholic, Protestant, Israelite or Budhist. All religious persons merit the same esteem. The important thing is to be honest and sincere. So far as the form of belief is concerned I believe that all honest people will be always on good terms with God."

The determination of Mr. Roosevelt to forego an audience with Pope Pius X. rather than subscribe to the conditions imposed by the Vatican has created a sensation. Thus unfortunate and unexpected incident overshadows every other feature of the distinguished American in his visit to the eternal city. It would appear today that so far as the Vatican and Mr. Roosevelt are concerned the incident is closed.

Methodist Pastor Pleased.

The Rev. B. M. Tipple, pastor of the American Methodist Church in Rome, after being received by Mr. Roosevelt, issued a statement expressing the greatest satisfaction that the ex-President did not have an audience with the Pope.

"While the work of Methodism in Rome", says the statement, "started the rumpus, it is no longer Methodist or any other 'ism, but the great principle of toleration. Mr. Roosevelt has struck a blow for 20th century Christianity.

"The representatives of two great republics have been the ones to put the Vatican where it belongs. President Loubet refused to accede to Vatican conditions and now Mr. Fairbanks and Mr. Roosevelt come to maintain the dignity and independence of American manhood in the face of Vatican tyranny.

"The Vatican is incompatible with Republican principles. This is a bitter dose for patriotic Catholics in America to swallow. I wonder how many doses of this sort they will take before they revolt. Is Catholicism in America to be American or Roman? If Romish then every patriotic American should rise to crush it, for Roman Catholicism is the uncompromising foe of freedom.

"After the Fairbanks episode the Methodists never dreamed that the Vatican would commit a similar blunder with Mr. Roosevelt. That it has done so is added proof that the policy prevailing there is the same yesterday, today and forever. The Vatican is the Vatican. The world advances but the Vatican never.

"Americans can now better understand how it is that the Roman church has lost France, the men of Italy and is losing Spain and Austria."

HARRIS TRIAL POSTPONED.

Warrenton, Va., Professor Charged With Murder of Editor.

Manassas, Va., April 4.—The trial of Prof. J. D. Harris, of Warrenton, Va., charged with the murder of W. A. Thompson, associate editor of the Warrenton-Virginian, in the streets of Warrenton, last May, was called for trial and postponed today until April 25th. The postponement was by agreement of both sides.

The case which upon application for change of venue, was removed from Warrenton to this county, has attracted wide attention owing to the prominence of the dead editor and his accused slayer who was principal of the Warrenton High School.

Richmond, Va., April 4.—Joe Turner, the crack Washington wrestler, defeated Carre Achmed, the Turkish champion, in a wrestling match here tonight, taking the best two out of three rounds. The audience numbered about 300.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

Advertisements inserted under this head one cent per word for each insertion but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words, more than 25, one cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amounts being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge, A. D. T. (Western Union) Messenger to any address in the city for advertisements in this department upon request by 'Phone to No. 51. A. D. T. Messenger will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Co., or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for the telegrams but a small charge for strictly A. D. T. calls or telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams, bills rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call Western Union, 'Phone No. 2. But for advertisements always call the Star office No. 51. Copy for Business Locals cannot be taken over the telephone but upon request Messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

LOST—Lady's gold hunting case Waltham watch, with black silk oxidized silver coin fob. Initials on case "M. G. S." Reward 814 Orange street. ap 5 1t*

TRUCKERS WILL FIND Simpkins' Early Prolific Cotton a great money-maker. It can be planted as late as May 20th, to follow truck crops, and if desired can be planted between the rows of the growing crops. It matures in ninety days from planting. Choice and pure seed, guaranteed, $1 per bushel F. O. B. at Raleigh, cash to accompany order. Reference: Any bank in Raleigh. Address W. A. Simpkins, Raleigh, N. C. Simpkins has grown at Raleigh two bales to the acre, following Irish potatoes, snap beans and cabbages. ap 5 10 1t

BIDS ARE SOLICITED for the seating material used at the Champion Compress for the Torrey meetings, purchaser to remove the same within a week. Terms cash. Apply at Champion Compress, Finance Committee, Torrey meetings. ap 5 1t

FOR RENT—One or two furnished rooms, exceptionally up-to-date conveniences, fine table in a strictly private family, nice located residence. P. O. Box 471, Wilmington, N. C. ap 5 e o d 21*

WANTED—Five cowboys, experience unnecessary; transportation furnished responsible parties; send 10 cents in stamps for full booklet information. Christopher Black, General delivery, Dallas, Texas. ap 5 1t*

FOR RENT—Three rooms subject to bath, gas stove, furnished. 216 South Second street, Wilmington, N. C. ap 5 6t

THE HANOVER DRUG CO., has moved from 914 North Fourth street to the Southwest corner of Seventh and Castle streets. 'Phone 266. "Come to see us." ap 5 6t.

ROOMS for rent, any information may be obtained by 'phoning 1402. ap 5 1t*

FOR SALE—Splendid Victor talking machine and 19 fine new records, several of them 12-inch size; machine cost $35, and is as good as new; entire outfit will be sold for $20 cash; an exceptional bargain. Call at 401 S. Sixth st. ma 25 tf

MEN—Our illustrated catalogue explains how we teach barber trade in few weeks, mailed free. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. ap 3 2t*

WANTED—10 ladies to learn to make overalls. G. B. Pendleton, Supt. Marion, S. C. ap 3 1w

WANTED—At once two first-class millwrights. Apply to Rowland Lumber Co., Bowden, N. C. ap 3 1w

NEW CLASS for beginners opens Monday, April 4 at 8:30 P. M. Kneisel's Academy of Dancing. ap 3 1t

WANTED—A colly pup. Price must be reasonable. Address "C. O. C." care Morning Star. ap 3 1t

WANTED—Steam propeller. About 175 feet, with good beam. Give full particulars, with lowest price. Address "Captain" Room 18, No. 115 Broadway, New York. ap 3 eod 12 t*

FOR RENT—Three upstairs rooms and bath suitable for light housekeeping. Good location. References exchanged. Address "A. B. C." care General Delivery, Postoffice. ap 3 2t.

ANY INTELLIGENT person may earn a good steady income corresponding for newspapers. We suggest subjects. No experience required. Address Press Correspondence Bureau, Washington, D. C. ma 31 16t*

SUPPOSE YOU CALL to see our supply of fresh vegetables, we have string beans, egg plants, cucumbers, new onions, carrots, lettuce, tomatoes, asparagus, new potatoes, new beets, celery, Cape Cod cranberries and fancy fruits, beef, veal, Spring lamb or 'phone us No. 72. Palace Market. ap 2 tf

AN IDEAL HOME FOR SALE—We have one on North side of Market street with lot 78x165 feet. House contains seven rooms; has modern conveniences, including shower bath; deep well with force pump and is one of the prettiest, and most convenient dwellings in this City. Servants house on lot—Satisfactory reason for selling. Smith & Lord, Agents, 120 Princess street, 'phone 766. Note that location is on North side of street. ma 24 tf

SULTANA OLIVE OIL—Mr. Vafiadi, the Sultana agent here, has arranged to have this oil distributed in the future by Hall's drug store, Fifth and Castle. Pints 50c. Quarts $1.00. Phone orders filled promptly. no 4 tf

BREAD, PIES, CAKE—The largest bread shipper in the State. Special attention to out-of-town orders. My bread is "Inferior to none, superior to most." Farris' Bakery, 109 South Front street. P. O. Box 489. ma 30 1m.

FAIR VIEW PARK—Located in the outhern part of Wilmington. Absolutely the highest part of Wilmington. Lots 33 by 132 and 33 by 150. Prices from $100.00 to $150.00. This is the chance for the poor man to own his own home. All you have to pay down is $10.00 and $5.00 per month till the balance is paid. No interest or taxes. Ten per cent off for cash. Every lot is high and dry. Not a single lot is low or swampy. Four lots sold before the property was advertised. Fair View Realty Company, James Owen Reilly, Agent. ma 22 tf

FOR SALE—2,000 bags of rice, all grades; 200 bushels of field peas. S. Bear, Sr., & Sons. ma 22 tf

WANTED All the Panama, straw and felt hats in North Carolina to be cleaned and re-shaped like new by the American Practical Hatter 128 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 1159. ma 30 1m*

CHARLES T. HARPER, M. D.—Practice limited to Genito-Urinary and Rectal diseases. Office 507-508 Southern Building, Wilmington, N. C. Phone 1166. ja 11 3m

WANTED TO BUY residence in desirable location, six rooms exclusive of kitchen, pantry and bath, water and sewerage, good size lot. Single story preferred. Address giving price, size of lot location and other particulars. "Homeseeker" care of Morning Star. ma 8 tf

TRY OUR REGULAR LUNCH from 12 M. to 3 P. M. daily, 25c; prompt service, everything in season; best drip coffee in the city. The Junction Restaurant, corner Front and Princess. Open night and day. fe 5 tf

FINE PHOTOGRAPHS—Life-like enargements, new pictures made from old ones by a special process. U. C. Ellis Studio. fe 23-tf.

TO MY FRIENDS—If you have any raw furs and hides, let me figure with you before you sell. It will be to your advantage. Ship me your produce. C. D. Gilbert, 212 Market street. ma 20 tf

KEEP YOUR EYE on our show case. The display will be changed frequently. Every time we change it will be better. The Gem Studio, Foltz & Kendrick, 114 Market street. no 27 tf.

STAR BUSINESS LOCALS

PUBLIC STENOGRAPHER, notary Public. Expert work, any kind, anywhere, any time. Meares Harriss, 114 Princess street. Office 'phone 708, residence 546. Ja 9 su tu th tf.

FOR SALE—The best line of trunks and leather goods in the city. Our prices can't be beat, call at Uncle Charley's Pawn Shop, 108 Market street. Just a whisker rom Front street. fe 8 tf

THAT PRETTY WIFE of yours Will Never be happy 'till you give her a pretty home. We can offer you the Holloway place, N. W. corner 15th and Market street. It is a pretty place inside and out and is on a splendid lot. Call early as we want to make a quick sale as owner will soon leave the city. Smith & Lord, Agents, 120 Princess street. 'Phone 766. ma 27 tf

SPRING IS HERE—Have your last year's suit, French dry cleaned by Coster, the Cleanser, 122 Market street, 'phone 148. ma 25 2w

BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED until noon April 2nd, 1910, for building two brick stores and a sanitarium on the corner of Front and Castle streets. Plans and specifications may be seen at my office. Jos. F. Leitner, Architect. ma 25 9t

TAILORING—A large line of fashionable Spring and Summer suitings and trouserings on exhibition at Leger Meyer's, Merchant Tailoring at modest prices. Smith Building, second floor. ma 16 1m.

SPLENDID MERCANTILE location for sale. Ask us about it. Smith & Lord, 120 Princess street, Insurance and Real Estate. 'Phone 766. ma 20 tf

BIG MERCANTILE real estate opportunity. We have it, located near Front street, size over 100x120, spur track to it. The demolition of buildings to make room for the new custom house will create demand for mercantile property and demand causes advance in prices. Prices of property at recent sales show what financial thinkers believe of our future growth. Smith & Lord, 120 Princess street. 'Phone 766. ma 20 tf

LADIES WHO WEAR Large Hats

so stylish this season will delight in our showing of Hat Pins.

They're Fancy Hat Pins,—an ornament to any hat—and long enough to hold the large hats securely on the head.

Do you need this kind?

A. O. SCHUSTER
JEWELER
104 North Front Street.
ap 3 tf

ANNUAL METING.

The annual meeting of the Hanover Seaside Club will be held tonight (Tuesday) at 8:30 o'clock at the rooms of the Howard Relief Club on South Front street. All members are urged to attend. J. W. H. FUCHS.
apr 5-1t. Secretary.

Giant New Bill Crystal Palace
5—Swell Acts—5
ap 5 tf

ACADEMY
SCHLOSS THEATRE CIRCUIT
TONIGHT.
Season's Biggest Sensation
The Norwoods
10—20—30 Cents.
Seats for tonight now on sale at the Crystal Palace.
ap 5 1t

Seasonable Goods

11,000 Pounds Paris Green.
5,000 Cotton Sheets.
3,500 Pounds Tobacco Twine.
437 Bushels Field Peas.
93 Cases Sticky Fly Paper.
77 Barrels Black Strap Molasses.
96 Barrels Fancy Molasses.
29 Barrels Pecan Molasses.
71 Barrels Fancy Ponce Molasses.
88 Barrels Mott's Vinegar.
53 Cases Tong Lee Tea.
67 Barrels Stick Candy.

W. B. Cooper
Importer and Jobber.
Wilmington, N. C.
ma 29 tf

American National Bank
Wilmington, N. C.
A Good Bank to Do Business With
Thos. E. Cooper, Cashier.
W. H. Smith, Assistant Cashier.
E. Fred Banck, Teller.
ap 5 tf

IN

Red Cross Shoe TRADE-MARK

You get both style and comfort. Any style or leather. Width A to E. At

Peterson & Rulfs,
Next to Murchison Bank.
ap 3 tf

A. D. BROWN.

Mattings. Rugs, Oil Cloth and Linoleum, Window Shades, Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases. We would especially call your attention to this department.

Ladies' Suit and Skirt Department—Wash Suits in colors and white. The newest creations in Tailored Suits and Separate Skirts. Dress Goods and Trimmings, White Goods, Laces and Embroideries.

Wash Goods—Congo Cloth, French Crashe, Poplins and Reps, Colored Flaxons, Pure Linen Ramie, Ginghams and Percales.

White Goods—Embroidered and plain Batiste, dimities, Sylvia lawn, French percale, English nainsook and Persian lawn.

A beautiful line of Bed Spreads.

Agents for Butterick Patterns, American Lady Corsets and Black Cat Hosiery.

Out of town orders will receive prompt attention.

A. D. Brown
ap 3 tf

THE
French Millinery Parlors.

Are showing exclusive and up-to-date Millinery, consisting of a new line of Automobile and Tourist Bonnets, also a beautiful line of Pattern Hats to select from. We invite your inspection. Elevator service, 3rd floor A. D. Brown's,

THE FRENCH MILLINERY PARLORS.
ma 20 tf

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AN OPPORTUNITY FOR PARTY OR PARTIES

who have some financial backing and a limited knowledge of Life Insurance to build up a large renewal business for a well-known OLD LINE New England Life Insurance Company on a GENERAL AGENT'S CONTRACT, with power to appoint agents and to develop territory.

To right party or parties will release the entire Eastern or Western section of North Carolina, or both.

An excellent proposition for a Trust Company which handles Life Insurance. As the cost of developing a State Agency is very little more than there would be for a local agency, by becoming General Agents would receive maximum first year's commissions and renewal commissions covering a period of fourteen (14) years.

There is a FINE RENEWAL BUSINESS on the books, which could be greatly increased. Ten active agents at present employed.

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GENERAL AGENT
P. O. Box 403 Charlotte, N. C.
Apr. 1, 3, 3-3t.

SECOND SECTION

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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PAGES 7 TO 10

VOL. LXXXVI—NO. 12. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 5, 1910. WHOLE NUMBER 13,260.

TORREY MEETINGS COME TO A CLOSE

Great Outpouring of People at Two Great Services Sunday.

EVANGELIST AND PARTY LEAVE

Possibly Greatest Season of Evangelism Ever Known in Wilmington—Address by Mr. Jacoby in Afternoon—Many Professions.

The great Torrey evangelistic campaign, which began in the Champion Compress building Sunday night, March 6th, came to a close Sunday night with a monster gathering at the mammoth building, when two services were held, one in the main auditorium, conducted by Rev. Dr. R. A. Torrey, and the other in the personal work room, conducted by Rev. W. S. Jacoby, one of the evangelist's capable assistants. Still there were hundreds on the streets around the building unable to obtain even standing room. It was one of the greatest meetings of the series and all told something like a hundred persons made a public confession of Jesus Christ.

The service proper in the main auditorium opened with the singing of "In the Sweet Bye and Bye", the congregation standing, after which prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. John M. Wells, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. Dr. Torrey said that he was sorry to say that he had no more announcements to make, but urged the men and women of the congregation to attend regularly church services in the city and called attention to the men's meeting at the Y. M. C. A. every Tuesday from 1:05 to 1:30 P. M. "I wonder," said Dr. Torrey, "how many men and women in this building who have been church members somewhere at some time but have not identified yourself with a Wilmington church. You were active in church affairs at some other place and think you need a vacation now. It is the easiest way in the world to drop back into the ways of the world. While at Huntington, Va., I met a man who was a church member at some other place, but had not become identified with a church in his adopted city. He said that he would join a church in Huntington, but was not sure of his residence there. I asked him how long he had been living there and he said nine years. How many in this building were church members somewhere at some time, who have not become identified with a Wilmington church but will do so at once, please stand up." A score or more persons stood. Dr. Torrey said that he would leave on the 5:30 train yesterday morning to spend a few days with his daughter and grandson before going to Texas, where the next meeting will be held. Rev. Dr. McClure announced the offering and in doing so told Dr. Torrey that he would leave Wilmington with the hearty God-bless-you of the Christian men and women of the city. Dr. McClure offered prayer, remembering especially in his petition Dr. Torrey and his co-workers. Mr. Chas. Butler announced that as it was the last night of the service and in view of many requests a song service would be held at the conclusion of the meeting. While the offering was being taken the choir, assisted by Mr. Butler, sang "Some Time, Somewhere We'll Understand." The congregation standing three verses of "Nearer My God to Thee" was sung, after which Dr. Torrey read requests for prayer, and then offered prayer. He read a telegram he had received from a skeptic in El Paso, Texas, who heard a sermon here in the early part of the meeting, requesting prayers. A special prayer for him was offered by Dr. Torrey.

"When a person comes to the close of such a meeting as this and looks into such a sea of faces and realizes that it is probably the last time he will ever have the opportunity to preach to them it is tremendously solemn. There are many here who will be saved tonight or never by hearing the Gospel from my lips, but this is not the most solemn thought; there are men and women here who will be saved tonight or else never saved by the Gospel from anybody's lips. It is the great crisis. There are hundreds here whose eternal destiny will hang upon what they do in the next 30 or 40 minutes. Today and Tomorrow is my subject tonight and I have a double text. The first, 'The Holy Ghost said, Today,' Heb. iii. 7; the second, 'Boast not thyself of Tomorrow,' Prov. xxvii. 1." Dr. Torrey then spoke in parts as follows:

"Today is the wise man's day; tomorrow is the fool's day. The wise man is the man who, when he sees what ought to be done, does it today. The foolish man is the man who, when he sees what ought to be done, says, 'I will do it tomorrow.' The men who always do today the thing they see ought to be done today are the men who make a success for time and for eternity. The men and women who put off until tomorrow what ought to be done today are the men and women who make a shipwreck of time and of eternity. 'The Holy Ghost saith, Today.' Man, in the folly of his heart, says, 'Tomorrow.'

"I am going to give you five reasons why every truly wise man in this building who has not already accepted Christ as his Saviour, surrendered to Him as his Lord and Master, and openly confessed Him as such before the world, will do it now. I have no doubt that in this great audience there are literally hundreds of men and women who intend to be Christians some time, but who keep saying, 'Not yet.' 'Not today,' and I am going to tell you not merely why you ought to become Christians, but why you ought to become Christians tonight.

"First, because: The sooner you come to Christ the sooner you will find the wonderful joy which is to be found in Him. It admits of no controversy that there is in Jesus Christ an immeasurably better joy than there is in the world, a purer joy, a higher joy, a holier joy, a more satisfying joy, a more abiding joy, a more wonderful joy in every way. This fact does not admit of dispute. Every one here tonight who keeps his eyes open knows that it is true. Go to any person who has ever tried the world and tried Christ, and put to him the question, 'Which joy is better—the joy which you found in the world or the joy which you have found in Christ?' and you will get the same answer every time. The joy found in the world is not for a moment to be compared with the joy that is found in Christ. I have tried both. I have had abundant opportunity to try both. If ever a person had an opportunity to try what this world can give, I had it, and I tried it. I tried all that could be found in the world, then I turned to Christ and tried Him, and my testimony is just like the testimony of millions of others who have found that the joy of the world is nothing and the joy in Christ is everything. I don't care how fully a person may have gone into the joys of this world, or how great his opportunity may have been to test them; go to anybody that has tried both and you cannot find in all the world a man that has really found Christ but will tell you there is a joy in Christ higher, deeper, broader, wider, longer, more wonderful in every way, than the joy that the world gives. Well, friends, the sooner you come to Christ the sooner you will have that joy.

"Second: The sooner you come the sooner you will escape the wretchedness and misery that there is away from Christ. First of all there is the misery of an accusing conscience. No one in this building out of Christ has peace of conscience. One night I was preaching to an audience of men and women to whom a twenty dollar gold piece would have been a great help. I put my hand in my pocket as I was preaching, and I felt the twenty dollar gold piece. I took it out and held it up and said, 'Now, if there is a man in this audience out of Christ who has peace in his heart, deep, abiding satisfaction and rest, who will come up here and say so, I will give him his twenty dollar gold piece.' Nobody came up. When the meeting was over I went down and stood at the door with the twenty dollar gold piece, for I thought they might be timid about coming up for it. I said, 'If anybody can claim this twenty dollars on the conditions I have named, who can say, 'I have peace of conscience and heart. My heart is satisfied without Christ,' he can have this twenty dollar gold piece.' They commenced to file out, and nobody claimed the gold piece. Finally a man came along, and I said, 'Don't you want this twenty dollars?' 'But,' he said, ' cannot claim it on those conditions.' Neither can you.

"Another night I was preaching in Chicago and I asked everybody in the building who had found rest and perfect satisfaction through the acceptance of Christ to stand up, and hundreds of men and women, more than a thousand, rose to their feet, and then I asked them to sit down, and then I said, 'If there is an infidel in this house that can say he has found rest, and peace, and perfect satisfaction of heart in infidelity, will he please stand?' There were a lot of infidels there. One man got up in the gallery, and I said, 'I see there is a gentleman up there. I am glad that he has the courage of his convictions. I would like to speak with him in the after-meeting.' He came to the after-meeting. I said, 'Mr. S——, you stood up in the meeting tonight to say that you had perfect rest and peace of heart without Christ, and that your soul was satisfied in infidelity. Was that true?' 'Oh,' he said, 'Mr. Torrey, that will have to be qualified.' I guess it will. There is no peace, saith my God, to the wicked.

"Then there is the slavery of sin away from Christ. 'Whoso committeth sin is the bond-servant of sin.' (John viii. 34.) Away from Christ is apprehension of what may happen, apprehension of disaster, apprehension of what man may do, apprehension of what may lie beyond the grave. Men and women, when you really come to Christ you get rid of fear of man; you have no fear of misfortune, for you are able to say, 'All things work together for good to those who love God.' you have no fear of death, for what men call death is simply to depart and be with Christ. By coming to Christ you get rid of all this wretchedness, you get rid of the accusations of conscience, you get rid of the slavery of sin, you get rid of all apprehension of disaster, you get rid of the dread of death, the moment you really accept Christ. Why not get rid of it all tonight? Suppose you were on the shore, and saw in the distance a wreck and a man clinging to the wreck, and every once in a while the cold waters sweeping over him, and it was a cold Wintry night, and you and others should go out in a lifeboat and should say to him, 'We have come to take you off. Drop into the lifeboat'; and the man should say, 'No, I think I can hold on until morning; come out again in the morning, and I will get into the boat and come ashore'; you would say, 'Man, are you mad? Stay out here tonight when you can come ashore now?' Oh, men and women, out on the wreck, every little while the cold waves breaking over you, all the wretchedness of the bondage of sin, all the wretchedness of the fear of possible death, all the multiplied wretchedness of the soul away from God—why cling to the wreck another night, when you can come ashore to safety and joy now, if you will drop right into the lifeboat?

"Third: The sooner you come to Christ the more you can do for Christ. The moment a person is saved he wants to do something for the Master. If you are saved a year from tonight you will go to work for Christ, but there will be one year gone that will never come back, between tonight and a year from tonight (if you come a year from tonight). You can never go back over this year. You are associated with friends that you can lead to Christ between now and a year from now who may be past your reach then. Before I was converted I had a friend, and we were often together. We lived in the same building. We went pleasuring together. If I had been a Christian I could have led him to Christ. Three years later, after I had accepted Christ, that young man passed beyond my reach. The day I went back to the University to study for my second degree my father picked up the New York Herald and began to read about a young man who was out playing ball. The man out in the centrefield threw the ball in. This young man's back was towards the centrefield, and he was struck at the base of the brain, and never regained his consciousness. As my father read this and came to the name, he said, 'Archie, is not that your old friend?' I took up the paper and read it, and said, 'Yes; it is my old friend.' Called into eternity without a moment's warning, and my opportunity of bringing him to Christ gone forever! Oh, how often in the years that have come since, and God has used me to lead others to Christ, how often I have thought back of Frank. In spite of all those who are coming to Christ, Frank has gone, and my opportunity of saying him lost forever. Men and women, you postpone taking Christ for thirty days, and people that you might have reached during these thirty days will have passed beyond your reach forever.

"In my first pastorate a woman a little over fifty years of age who had been a backslider was saved through and through, and became the best worker in all the community, but her own two sons had grown up during these years that she was afar from God. They had both married and passed beyond her reach, and though she has been used to bring I don't know how many to Christ, she has never been able to bring these two sons to Christ. Her day of opportunity for them was while she was living in the world. Fathers and mothers, afar from God, if you are not saved tonight, you may be some other day; but these sons and daughters that you might bring with you if you come tonight will very likely have passed beyond your reach forever. The sooner you come to Christ the more you can bring with you, so come tonight.

"Fourth: The sooner you come to Christ the richer will be your eternity. We are saved by grace, we are rewarded according to our works. Every day of a man's life after he is saved he is laying up treasures in heaven, and every day you live for Christ you will be that much richer for all eternity. Now, some people have an idea that a man can be saved on his deathbed and have just as abundant an entrance into the Kingdom of God as he could have if he had been saved forty years. Oh, what nonsense! You have neither common sense nor Bible for it. A man may be saved on his deathbed. I don't say that no man ever is; I believe some are, though not very many. A man may be saved on his deathbed, but he is saved 'so as by fire.' His works are all burned up, and he enters heaven penniless. The man that is saved forty years before he dies, and serves Christ for forty years, every day of these forty years he is making his deposits in eternity, for which he will be richer throughout all eternity. 'Lay up for yourselves treasures in heaven.'

"Oh, men and women! the sooner you come to Christ with so much fuller hands can you enter the Kingdom of God. I do thank God I was converted when I was, but what would I give for those six wasted years through which I deliberately resisted the Spirit of God! But I can't call them back.

"Fifth: The sooner you come to Christ the surer you are to come to Christ. If you are not saved tonight you may be tomorrow night, but you may not. I believe there are scores of people here who will be saved tonight or never. When a person stands on a platform like this, and looks over such a vast audience, and feels in his very soul that the eternal salvation of hundreds of souls is trembling in the balances as the result of that sermon, it is an awful feeling; but that is the feeling I have now. I believe there are hundreds of people that hear every word I am just now saying who will either be saved tonight or never. The Spirit of God may leave you. People think they can turn to Christ when they will, but, men and women, when the Spirit of God is in the room, as He is in this building now, passing from seat to seat, and heart to heart, it is an awful moment. To say Yes, means life; to say No, means death. To say Yes, means heaven, to say No, means hell. Oftentimes a man will be so near the Kingdom, and he will say 'I am so interested I will certainly be just as much interested tomorrow'; but the critical hour has come, and if you do not yield tonight you will have no interest tomorrow.

"I once received a message from a wealthy young fellow in New Haven, Conn., saying that he wished to see me that night at Mr. Moody's meeting. I went and met him at the close of the meeting. He was on the verge of a decision. As we stood talking in Chapel street, opposite the College, the College bell rang out a late hour. I said to myself, he is so near a decision I can leave him safely until tomorrow morning. So I said, 'Goodnight, Will. I will be around to your room tomorrow morning at 10.' It was one of the most fatal mistakes I ever made. I was there at 10 and he was there, but his convictions had all left him. He was hard as flint. His opportunity had come and gone. Oh, men and women, you may be very near a decision tonight, on the very borders of the Kingdom, but if you say 'No' tonight, tomorrow will be forever too late.

"Then, again, who of us can tell who will be called out of the world into eternity in a moment? At our first men's meeting in th Empire Theatre in Edinburgh a Roman Catholic young man accepted Christ. Little did he or we realize that it was his last chance. The next day he was hurried to the Infirmary for an operation, and the operation proved fatal. By accepting Christ at that meeting he was just in time. If he had waited a day he would have been lost forever.

"Men and women, you have a chance tonight. Don't throw it away. The sooner you take Christ the surer you will be to take Him. Take Him now. You can have the joy of salvation tonight; why wait a week? You can be saved from a life of wretchedness away from Christ tonight. Why stand it another week? The sooner you come to Christ the more you can do for Christ. Why not come to Him tonight? The sooner you come to Christ the richer you will be throughout all eternity. Why not come to Him tonight and begin to lay up treasures in the bank of heaven? The sooner you come to Christ the surer it is that you will come. Come now. 'The Holy Ghost saith, Today.' 'Boast not thyself of tomorrow; for thou knowest not what a day may bring forth.'

When the invitation was extended there were about forty to respond, while the choir sang softly some familiar hymn. Dr. Torrey went down in front of the evangelist's platform and asked those who had stood up to come down and take his hand and then take seats in front. Not only those who had stood but many others went down and in the after meeting there were many conversions. After a solo, "Ninety and Nine", by Mr. Chas. Butler, the invitation was repeated and there was one to respond.

Many remained for the beautiful and inspiring song service which followed the meeting and lasted for a considerable length of time.

Mr. Jacoby's Meeting.

There were hundreds who were unable to get in the main auditorium and many attended the meeting conducted by Rev. W. S. Jacoby in the personal work room. The song service was led by Mr. Young, the noted tenor. Mr. Jacoby preached a stirring sermon, at the conclusion of which some 30-odd professed Christ.

The Afternoon Meeting.

One of the best meetings of the entire series was held Sunday afternoon, when Rev. W. S. Jacoby, in charge of the personal work in connection with the Torrey revival meetings, told the thrilling story of his own life in such a way that he not only held the undivided attention of his hearers but greatly moved the large congregation. There were tears in the eyes of the strongest men in the congregation as Mr. Jacoby related some of the touching incidents in his life before he accepted Christ as his personal Saviour. As a result of the meeting hundreds of men of the congregation professed faith in Christ.

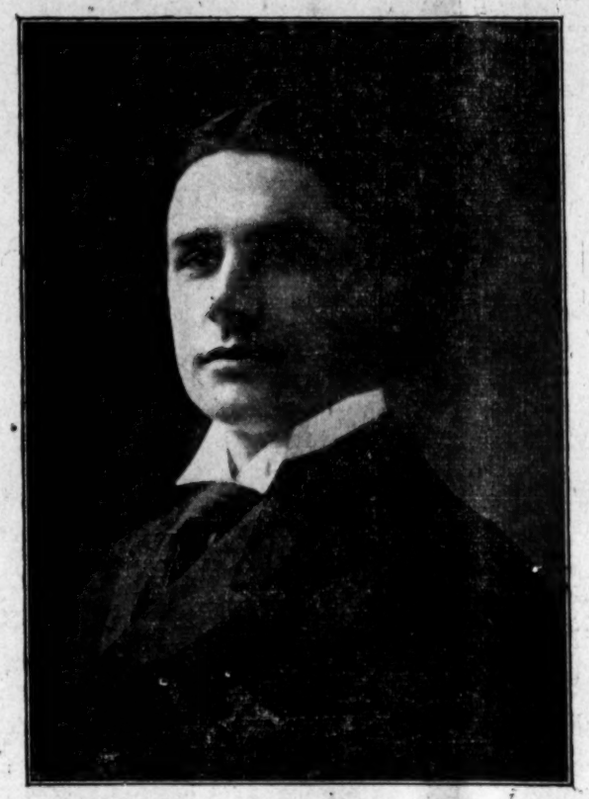
The opening prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist Church, after which Mr. Chas. Butler led in the singing of "Oh, How I Love Jesus." and "Nearer My God to Thee." This was followed by a trio, "Shadows", by Messrs. Butler and Young and Miss Anderson, which captivated the congregation. They have been practicing the song as a trio only a few days and each rendition is better than the one that preceded. Dr. Torrey made announcement of the one remaining meeting after which he urged the men of the congregation to attend regular services in the different churches of the city and prayer meetings on Wednesday nights. He also asked them not to forget the Y. M. C. A., which he said was doing a great work all over the country. He said that since he left Erie, Pa., the business men of that city have raised $200,000 for a building for the association there. Dr. McClure was presented and made announcements for the finance committee. He again contradicted the report that Dr. Torrey was to receive in stipulated sum for his services here. What Dr. Torrey would receive would be free will offerings through the envelope system. Dr. McClure made the further announcement that the committee lacked $200 or $300 to defray the necessary expenses of the meeting in the way of equipping the building and paying the salaries of Dr. Torrey's co-workers and asked for a liberal offering. He offered prayer, after which the collection was taken while Mr. Butler and the choir sang, "Where is My Wandering Boy Tonight." After the choir sang two verses, the congregation standing, prayer was offered by Dr. Torrey, following which Dr. Torrey made some remarks regarding Mr. Jacoby. He said that Mr. Jacoby was converted when he was 44 years old and had given the last 19 years of his life to the service for God. He said that Mr. Jacoby did not like to tell the story of his life, but he did so in the hope that other men might know the power of the saving grace of God and be saved. Dr. Torrey said that he loved Mr. Jacoby better than any other man on earth and that when Mr. Jacoby was in Chicago assisting in work there that he was the most beloved man in the "Windy City". He said Mr. Jacoby's father left him plenty of money, but that he lost it gambling as probably many in the audience had lost theirs. "I wish to present to you Rev. W. S. Jacoby, otherwise known as Bill," said Dr. Torrey.

Mr. Jacoby said in the beginning that when he went to the Bible Institute in Chicago he was 44 years old—an old man because the others were so young. He said that he had not been given the title of "Dr." as other members of the party had, but that he was given a name at the Bible Institute which is emphasized on letters received from some of those there at the time. They address letters to him, "Rev. W. S. Jacoby, D. aD." the letter in the center being very small. "Dad is the name they gave me," said Mr. Jacoby.

"Some of you here may say why not let the bad pass and talk of the good. There are many verses in the Bible which give authority for telling of the bad side of one's life. In the eighth chapter of Luke we read of a man filled with demons. The devils were driven out by Jesus Christ and the man was commanded to publish to the world what had been done for him. And in John we find that Jesus says 'Believe me.' If Jesus were here and you did not believe on Him He could tell you look at me and see what a transformation has been wrought by God. It is not necessary for me to tell the story of my life in various parts of the West because they know

(Continued on Page 9.)

Choir Leader and Soloist With Dr. Torrey and Party



Charles Butler

FIRST SOUTH ATLANTIC CITY

Columbia Leads the Van in Adoption of Commission Plan of Municipal Government—Change in Form.

Columbia, S. C., April 4.—By an almost unanimous vote this city on Saturday led all others in the South Atlantic States in the adoption of the commission plan of municipal government, which has grown like wild-fire in popularity during the last few years, especially in the West, with the propaganda rapidly invading the East.

A vigorous and systematic campaign in favor of the measure had been carried on by a citizens' committee ever since the Legislature at its recent session authorized a vote upon its adoption, there being practically no opposition. Under the plan Columbia will do away with the old system, consisting of a mayor, elected at large, and 15 aldermen, elected three from each of the five wards, and will substitute a mayor and four councilmen, all elected at large. After election the five departments of the city government will be assigned by the mayor each to one of the five members of council, including the mayor, who shall respectively be responsible for his own department. The mayor is to receive a salary of $2,500 per year and each of the councilmen $2,000. The terms of office are four years. All appointments to city offices are to be made by council from a civil service list, prepared by a civil service commission after proper qualifications.

It is provided that upon petition of 20 per cent. of the qualified electors, an election shall be held by which the mayor or any councilman may be removed from office and his successor selected by a majority of the votes cast in such election. This is the "recall."

The "initiative" as well as the "referendum" are also provided. Upon petition of 20 per cent. of the voters any proposed ordinance may be submitted to council and if council does not within two weeks pass the ordinance, an election shall be held, at which the proposed ordinance may by majority vote be enacted or rejected. In like manner, when council has passed an ordinance it may be submitted to the voters upon petition and its operation shall be suspended pending that election, which may by majority vote adopt or reject it.

Stringent regulations providing for publicity in municipal affairs are incorporated in the act as are similar provisions to guard against the use of money or other undue influence in elections. No one can vote in any party primary for candidates for mayor and aldermen who is not a registered elector under the State constitution and statutes, and all primaries are to be conducted by the commissioners of elections, under stringent restrictions and at the expense of the city.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMPANY

"The Store That's Always Busy"

Our Third

Friday Bargain Day

We have given every Friday as our weekly Bargain Day, and offer you

On Friday, April 8th

the following bargains for this day only:

Embroidered Center Piece and Scarf, worth 75c, Friday only 45c
See Window Display.

50c will buy a lot of odd flowers sold heretofore for 75c to $2 a bunch.
$5.00 Gossard Corsets, Friday $3.50
50c ladies' black Lace Hose 35c
36-inch linen finish Crash for coat suits, worth 18c, Friday 14c
All colors to select from.
39-ince Killarney Linen, worth 18c, special for Friday 12c
36-inch Linene, all colors, worth 15c, special Friday ..... 11c a yard
$2.50 Lace Curtains, 3 1-2 yards long, special Friday $1.90
$3.75 fine Bobinet Curtains, special Friday $2.75
25c large Turkish Towel, special Friday 20c
15c Madras and Ginghams, 32 inches wide, special Friday 12c
45-in. French Lawy, sheer and sold for 20c, Friday only 12 1-2c
15c white Persian Lawn, Friday 11c
$7.50 Persian Silk Petticoat, special for Friday $4.98
50c gents' Negligee Shirts, special for Friday 39c
50c gents' gauze Undershirts and Drawers, Friday 39c
Gents' Scriven's patent seam Drawers, worth 75c, Friday 59c
50c gents' patent seam drilling Drawers, special Friday 39c
50c Linoleum Rugs, special for Friday 33c
$2.50 Smyrna Rugs, large size, Friday $1.90
3 necks of Cord Ruching to box, special for Friday 10c

Many other items not advertised will be displayed for this Friday Bargain Day.

The C. W. Polvogt Co.

THE STATE IN EPITOME

¶News, Comment and Incidents as Reflected in North Carolina. : : : : : : : : : :

RALEIGH STREETS.

Aldermen Getting Ready to Lay Asphalt.

(News and Observer.)

The board of aldermen have prepared plans for extensive improvement of the streets of Raleigh, work having already commenced. Chairman W. A. Cooper, of the Street Committee of the board, was seen yesterday, and in speaking of the improvements that are to be made, and those hoped for said:

"Fayetteville and Martin streets and the streets around the Capitol will be paved with asphalt, making in all about fourteen blocks. This will be the first city in North Carolina to put down asphalt pavements. It has always been considered a city pavement and accordingly of a higher price and we never hoped before to secure any. But the people here to bid on the work are anxious to get asphalt started in this part of the country and have offered inducements which we have accepted.

"Asphalt is the pavement used in most of the large cities and in Washington City there is no other kind of pavement. It is especially desirable on account of its noiselessness and pliancy, which makes it easier on both men and beasts. It is one of the most sanitary of pavements that can be had.

CONDUCTORS FEARFUL.

According to News and Observer They Have Shemwellmania.

(News and Observer.)

The railroad men everywhere are getting ready to hold a conference to see what they must do to protect themselves. A gentleman who lives between Greensboro and Charlotte last night said:

"The conductors are going to hold a meeting or a conference to decide upon a plan of action. They do not know how soon Shemwell will try to hold one of them up again after he gets out of jail on Wednesday. They say they have no portection from the law from men like Shemwell and they must get together. They do not like to kill a passenger who is domineering because in a melee on a train quiet passengers may be killed, but they do not intend to be held up. One idea is to ask Superior Court judges living along the line of the Southern to give them advice.

"It is not certain what course they will pursue, but they feel no longer that they can depend upon the law to deal with men who make assaults upon them, and that they must take some steps to help themselves."

ACCIDENT PROVED FATAL.

Robeson County Man Injured Thursday, Died in Hospital Here.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Lumberton, N. C., April 4.—The remains of Mr. Only Herring, who died at the James Walker Memorial Hospital yesterday morning at 12:30, arrived here on the 7:15 train, and were conveyed to his old home in Howellsville township, the funeral service being conducted this forenoon. Mr. Herring was employed by a lumber company and was engaged in loading logs on a tram road when the accident occurred Thursday in which he received injuries from which he died at the time stated, having been carried to the hospital Thursday night. His brother, Mr. Mike Herring, was with him when the end came, and accompanied the remains home. Mr. Lewis Herring, father of the unfortunate young man, did not learn of the accident until late Saturday night, and came to town early yesterday morning to wire for information. Before he reached the telegraph office, however, he learned that his son was dead and that the remains had just arrived at the station.

The Charlotte Observer recently had a practical suggestion along the lines of helping to solve the heavy cost of living. It is not new, but it contains sense and is well worthy the consideration of the business interests of the South. There is no doubt that the need for the right kind of labor to take the place of the large number of workers who are deserting the farms for the city life is growing more and more urgent as this mistaken policy on the part of the deserters increases. The millions of people in this country have got to be fed, and from the farms of America. The larger the number of deserters from the farms the more needful the encouragement of the right kind of immigration for farm labor. German immigrants, the Scotch, the Swedes and the Swiss as a rule, prove good workers and good citizens, and there is no reason why many of these could not be induced to come to the South and take up the farming proposition. Wherever a colony of Germans has been established, for instance, you find effective and productive efforts. Some of these colonies have been remarkably proseprous, while providing a large supply of food products to the country hundreds of miles around.—Birmingham News.

SPOTLIGHT ON EASTER BONNETS

Millinery Display at Dr. Morrill's Church Was Made a Feature.

Minneapolis, Minn., April 1.—Everybody saw the Easter hats at the People's church. Unique theatre, Sunday. Rev. G. L. Morrill wanted them removed but announced that they were entitled to have them seen before they were doffed.

So the lights were lowered, and the orchestra played Mendelssohn's "Spring Song", as the spotlight was turned on every hat in the house. They came off as fast as the light reached them.

The Call of the Blood

for purification finds voice in pimples, boils, sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin—all signs of liver trouble. But Dr. King's New Life Pills make rich red blood; give clear skin, rosy cheeks, fine complexion, health. Try them. 25c at Robert R. Bellamy's.

MURDER AT ROCKINGHAM.

Brutal Killing With a Chair of Man Pleading Mercy.

(Charlotte Observer.)

Rockingham, April 3.—This morning about 11:30 at Roberdel, No. 2, a mill village near here, Pearl Bruton shot and killed Oscar Williams after beating him terribly with a chair. Williams lived but a few minutes after being shot.

Bruton keeps a store on the main street of the village. On Saturday night an altercation occurred between him and B. S. Harris, a resident of the place, and Bruton used a chair on Harris in return for some foul names Harris called him. Both Harris and Williams were drinking Saturday night.

It seems that Bruton has been bothered with requests to go to his store on Sunday and sell drinks. This morning Oscar Williams came to Bruton's house, which is right near the store. When Williams came to the door he said, "You come here to raise a fuss with me at my house."

"Oh, no," said Williams, "I just want to see you."

Bruton replied: "G—d d—m you, I'll put your light out," and grabbing a heavy chair broke it in pieces over his body.

Williams staggered into the street to get out of the way but Bruton ran into the house, and came out in a moment with a Winchester rifle. Williams, seeing the gun, begged him not to shoot and turned and started to run. Bruton then fired two or three times and Williams fell across the street, pierced by two bullets. One entered his back and came out through his chest; the other entered near the hip and went through and lodged in the abdomen. The first bullet was easily taken out but the other was not removed. Williams was dead in about five minutes after being shot. His body was not removed until after the coroner's inquest, which was held at 2 o'clock.

Sheriff Hinson and Deputy Palmer at once arrested Bruton and placed him in jail. He made no attempt to escape, and quietly allowed the officers to take him.

He is about 28 years of age and has a young wife and several children. Oscar Williams came to Roberdel from Moore county two or three years ago and was employed in the mill as operative. He was 31 years of age and had a wife and two children, the youngest just one week old. The body will be taken to his old home in Moore county for burial.

Coroner Gay decided to continue the hearing until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

Williams was a small man of medium height and weight. Besides the two wounds made by the bullets there were many bruises about the head, neck and shoulders as a result of the beating with the chair.

EX-GOVERNOR GLENN.

Denies Senatorial Interview—Will Work in State For Missions.

(News and Observer.)

Winston-Salem, April 2.—Ex-Governor Glenn, who has been at home since last Sunday, will spend some time in this State making speeches in behalf of Home Missions. He will speak in Fayetteville tomorrow.

Captain Glenn told a reporter that during a recent visit to Washington he was asked by some of the newspaper men if he would be in the race for the Democratic nomination for Congress this fall. He replied that under no circumstances would he be. Some of the correspondents took this as a basis for the statement that the ex-Governor would be a candidate for Senator Overman's seat. Capt. Glenn says that such a thing was not mentioned. Senator Overman has more than five years to serve and the ex-Governor declared he has not given the matter a thought; that he has plenty of other business to look after just now.

Captain Glenn says that every where he goes he finds that North Carolina is held up as the model State of the Union.

At a meeting of the Forsyth County Democratic Executive Committee at the court house this afternoon, it was decided to hold a mass convention at the court house on the 2nd day of July, 1910 at 10 o'clock, for the purpose of nominating the county and legislative officers and delegates to the State, Congressional and Judicial conventions. There was a splendid attendance at the meeting and a number of political matters were discussed.

Sale of Big Granite Quarry Interests.

Salisbury Post: The valuable properties at Granite Quarry comprising the group of quarries of the Esson Company are to be sold at public auction at the court house door in Salisbury on Monday the second of May. The personal property as well as the realty is advertised by Mr. George R. Collins, receiver, and Judge W. P. Bynum, special master. The Esson Company's holdings embrace some of the most valuable granite properties in the country. The properties to be sold are the Stacy Crushing Plant, the American Stone Company's quarries, the Dunn Mountain Granite Quarry Company's quarries, an adjoining tract, the famous quarries of the Balfour Pink Granite Company, all the shares of the capital stock of the American Stone Company and various articles of personal property. It is understood that Mr. Chas. J. Harris, one of the wealthiest citizens of western North Carolina and the Republican nominee for Governor in 1906, who has been financing the quarries since they went into a receiver's hands, will probably bid in the whole.

Steamer General Schofield.

The steamer General J. M. Schofield, Capt. Grant, of Charleston, S. C., which is temporarily in the service of the quartermaster's department of Fort Caswell came up the river Sunday and docked at the wharf of the Springer Coal Company for the day, returning to the fort at night. The steamer has been planting mines and engaged in other work in connection with the department, assisting the steamer General G. W. Getty.

Excursion Murderers.

Winston-Salem Journal: Sheriff J. M. Davis, of Henry county, Va., who spent yesterday here working on the case of the murder of Sidney Wood on the excursion train returning from Roanoke Monday, left yesterday afternoon with three negroes, Jim Hairston, John Eccles and Tom Bailey, each of whom is alleged by different parties to be the murderer. They will be tried next week in the term of court of Henry county that convenes Monday. Sheriff Davis was very thankful for the assistance Chief Thomas and his officers gave him here and said that he could not have done anything but for their co-operation. As it happened Sheriff Davis' mission here was twofold in its result, for just before leaving he met a young man on the street, and after a look at him, took him in custody. The young man whose name is Arthur Percy, and another fellow, whom he says is at Mt. Airy, are wanted for breaking into a house at Bassett, Va., and out of jail at Martinsville.

Worse Than Bullets.

Bullets have often caused less suffering to soldiers than the eczema L. W. Harriman, Burlington, Me., got in the army, and suffered with forty years. "But Bucklen's Arnica Salve cured me when all else failed," he writes. Greatest healer of sores' ulcers, boils, burns, cuts, wounds, bruises and piles. 25c at Robert R. Bellamy's.

HOW TO CURE RHEUMATISM.

It is an Internal Disease and Requires an Internal Remedy.

The cause of rheumatism and kindred diseases is an excess of uric acid in the blood. To cure this terrible disease this acid must be expelled and the system so reguinted that no more acid will be formed in excessive quantities. Rheumatism is an internal disease and requires an internal remedy. Rubbing with oils and liniments will not cure, affords only temporary relief at best, and allows the malady to get a firmer hold on you. Liniments may ease the pain, but they will no more cure rheumatism than paint will change the fibre of rotten wood.

Science has at last discovered a perfect and complete cure, which is called "Rheumacide." Tested in hundreds of cases, it has effected the most marvelous cures; we believe it will cure you. Rheumacide "gets at the joints from the inside," sweeps the poisons out of the system, tones up the system, regulates the liver and kidneys and makes you feel well all over. Rheumacide "strikes the root of the disease and removes its cause." This splendid remedy is sold by druggists and dealers generally at 50c and $1 a bottle. In Tablet form at 25c and 50c a package. Get a bottle today. Booklet free if you write to Bobbitt Chemical Co. Baltimore, Md.

For Sale by R. R. Bellamy.

ROAD ORDINANCE.

The following ordinance was adopted by the Board of Aldermen at a meeting held March 7th, 1910:

Be it enacted by the Board of Aldermen of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina:

Section 1. That it shall hereafter be unlawful for any person by himself, or driver or agent to violate any one or more of the following rules of the road of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina.

Rule 1. Vehicles shall keep to the right side of the street or road when possible to do so, except when necessary to turn to the left in crossing or in overtaking another vehicle.

Rule 2. Vehicles overtaking others traveling in the same direction shall pass to the left when possible to so do.

Rule 3. Vehicles approaching one another from opposite direction shall pass to the right of one another.

Rule 4. In order that all vehicles on each side of the street shall be headed in the same direction, owners, drivers or agents of vehicles are required to turn if necessary when stopping at the sidewalk so that the sidewalk will be to the right of such driver when such stop is made on all treets between Red Cross and Orange West of the East side of Second and the West side of Front street.

Rule 5. Vehicles moving slowly shall keep as close as possible to the curb on right side of road so as to allow faster moving vehicles free passage to the left.

Rule 6. All vehicles going East and West shall have the right-of-way at street crossings of vehicles going North and South.

Rule 7. Unless in an emergency, or to allow another vehicle or pedestrian to cross its path, no vehicle shall stop in any street or highway except close to the curb line.

Rule 8. Fire Department apparatus, police patrols, hospital ambulances and duly registered physicians shall have the right-of-way through any street and through any procession, except over vehicles carrying United States Mail or funeral processions.

Rule 9. No vehicle except as above described shall be driven through any procession except with permission of a police officer.

Section 2. Any person violating this ordinance, or causing the same to be done, shall on conviction in the Recorder's Court be punished by a fine of Five ($5.00) Dollars.

Section 3. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances in conflict with this ordinance be and same are hereby repealed. This ordinance shall be in force and effect from and after the 1st day of April, 1910.

The City Clerk and Treasurer shall be instructed to have the above ordinance published in one of the Wilmington daily papers for seven days prior to the 1st day of April 1910.

JOHN J. FOWLER,
City Clerk and Treasurer.

ma 29 7t.

Good Things to Eat

Extra choice beef, veal, mutton, lamb, pork, etc. A nice lot dressed poultry. Also fancy celery and lettuce. Hams whole or sliced.

HOPKINS & DAVIS
FRONT STREET MARKET
Stalls Nos. 1. and 2 South Side.
Stalls Nos. 1 and 3 North Side.
Phones 128 and 141.

ap 2 tf

Hopkins
MOTOR BOAT & YACHT SUPPLIES
Send for Catalogue and Save Money
119 Chambers St., New York.

CHICHESTER S PILLS
THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 35 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

Never Out **Bijou** Never Over
Change of Program Daily
5 Cents

S.S.S. CURES SKIN DISEASES

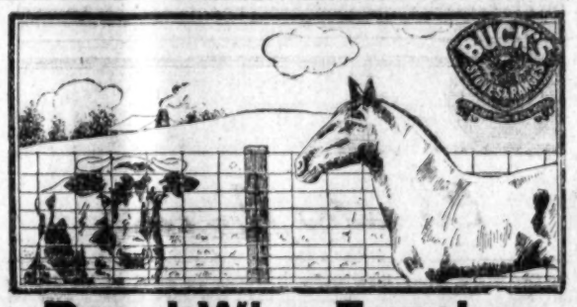
Lying just beneath the outer covering or tissue-skin, is a sensitive membranous flesh in which are imbedded thousands of small blood vessels. It is through these tiny veins and arterics that nutriment is supplied from the blood to the different pores, glands and lymphatics. Thus the skin is kept healthy, and free from all eruption or disease, by pure blood. But when impurities and humors infect the circulation its nourishing properties are diminished and instead of supplying the skin with healthful properties it constantly irritates and diseases the delicate fibres, pores and glands with sharp uratic matter. Then the skin tissues inflame, swell and ulcerate and some form of skin disease appears on the surface. Applying soothing lotions, salves, etc., to the outer eruptions does not purify the blood and therefore the skin trouble can not be cured in this manner. S. S. S. cures all skin diseases by neutralizing the acids and removing the humors from the blood. It cools the acid-heated circulation, builds it up to its normal strength and thickness, multiplies its rich, nutritious corpuscles, and adds to its purity in every way. Then the skin, instead of being irritated and inflamed by sour impurities is nourished, soothed and softened by this cooling, healthy stream of blood. S. S. S. Cures Eczema, Acne, Tetter, Salt Rheum, Poison Oak, boils, pimples, rashes, etc. Book on Skin Diseases free to all who write.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

The Real Attraction

Is not the man in the window, but the hundreds of useful articles of Furniture on our floors. Our stock is by far the most complete, the largest, the newest in the city. As usual, our prices are much lower. All are cordially invited to walk through and be convinced.

The Wilmington Furniture Co.
Wilmington, N. C.
Garrell Building. 126-128 Princess St.



Royal Wire Fencing

We are now receiving our third car load of this celebrated fencing. The manufacturers in notifying us of the shipment write as follows:

"This makes your third car this year and we wish to extend our compliments on the good results you are getting, which speaks most highly for your aggressive and up-to-date selling methods. We hope your Fence trade this year will be double what it was in 1909 and if you keep up at the rate you have started you will surely meet that amount at least."

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO.
Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

Pay Your Bills TO-DAY

On all bills paid in full on or before the 5th inst., votes on the piano will be allowed—not a day after that. Come in, pay your bill and vote. Don't delay.

List of Contestants:

STANDING OF CONTESTANTS.

Miss Lena McKenzie	1,684
Miss Lillian Bannerman	5,639
Y. M. C. A.	1,390
St. John's Sunday School	8,862
Mrs. C. Williams	9 002
Miss Mallie Houston	2,011
Fenley Bros.	6,112

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG CO.
FRONT AND GRACE STREETS.
NUNNALLY'S EASTER CANDIES JUST RECEIVED.

Architects' & Engineers' Drawing Materials

Drawing Instruments, scales, triangles and "T" squares, tracing cloth, drawing, sketching, detail, blue print and cross section paper. field, level and transit books, drawing boards, Higgins' Waterproof Ink, all colors; typewriter carbon and ribbons for all makes of machines.

We supply you at factory price. Buy from us and save express charges.

C. W. YATES & CO.
BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS
Market Street.

BEYMER & HEINSBERGER
ELECTRICAL
CONTRACTORS
Garrell Bldg. Phone 194

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Atlantic Coast Line

CORRECT TO MARCH 1st.

NOTICE.
The Arrivals and departure are given as information, as well as connections with other companies, but arrivals and connections are not guaranteed.

NORTHBOUND.

	No. 48. Daily.	No. 42. Daily
Lv. Wilmington	8:30 am	7:00 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	11:37 pm	10:05 pm
Ar. Wilson	12:36 pm	11:03 pm
Ar. Rocky Mount	1:18 pm	11:45 pm
Ar. Weldon	1:55 pm	12:08 am
Ar. Norfolk	5:50 pm	*8:35 am
Ar. Petersburg	7:07 pm	3:55 am
Ar. Richmond	8:05 pm	4:40 am
Ar. Washington	11:50 pm	8:00 am
Ar. Baltimore	1:20 am	9:16 am
Ar. W. Philadelphia	3:40 am	11:35 pm
Ar. New York	6:30 am	2:00 pm

SOUTHBOUND.

	No. 41. Daily.	No. 49. Daily.
Lv. New York	3:25 pm	9:25 pm
Lv. W. Philadelphia	5:44 pm	12:19 am
Lv. Baltimore	7:20 pm	2:46 am
Lv. Washington	10:00 pm	4:20 am
Lv. Norfolk	3:00 pm	8:10 am
Lv. Petersburg	1:58 am	9:18 am
Lv Weldon	3:48 am	11:30 am
Lv. Rocky Mount	6:05 am	12:40 pm
Lv. Wilson	6:49 am	1:52 pm
Ar. Goldsboro	6:40 am	2:59 pm
r. Wilmington	9:45 am	6:15 pm

WEST AND SOUTH.

	51.	55	via Wilson. 43
Lv Wilmington	5:30 am	3:15 pm	7:00 pm
Ar. Florence	9:25 am	7:25 pm	4:01 am
Ar. Columbia	12:55 pm	11:05 pm	
Ar. Augusta	3:00 pm		
Ar. Atlanta	8:20 pm		
Ar. Nashville	6:30 am		
Ar. Memphis	3:30 pm		
Ar. Louisville	1:10 pm		
Ar. Con'ti	4:35 pm		
Ar. Charleston	1:15 pm	11:20 pm	7:05 am
Ar Savannah	3:55 pm	2:20 am	9:30 am
Ar. Jacksonville	8:15 pm	7:15 am	1:30 pm
Ar. Tampa	7:00 am	7:00 pm	10:25 pm

Pullman service Florence to Atlanta and Atlanta to destination.

NORTHBOUND.

	50 Daily.	54 Daily.
Lv. Tampa	9:00 pm	10:30 am
Lv. Jacksonville	7:30 am	7:45 pm
Lv. Savannah	11:55 am	12:15 am
Lv. Charleston	4:25 pm	5:10 am
Lv. Columbia	4:10 pm	5:45 am
Lv. Augusta	2:45 pm	
Lv. Florence	8:03 pm	9:25 am
Ar. Wilmington	11:59 pm	1:40 pm

WILMINGTON AND SANFORD.

Westbound. 53 Daily.		Eastbound. 52 Daily.
8:40 AM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	8:05 PM
11:45 AM	Ar. Fayetteville Lv.	4:50 PM
12:30 PM	Lv. Fayetteville Ar.	4:45 PM
1:40 PM	Ar. Sanford Lv.	3:30 PM

WILMINGTON AND NEWBERN.

Northbound. 63	Daily except Sunday.	Southbound. 63
3:25 PM	Lv. Wilmington Ar.	12:50 PM
5:17 PM	A. Jacksonville Lv.	10:55 AM
6:44 PM	Ar. N. & S. Jct. Lv.	9:35 AM
6:50 PM	Ar. Newbern Lv.	9:30 AM

*VIA PETERSBURG AND N. & W. RY. **Daily Except Sunday.

Trains No. 42 and 41 carry Pullman Sleeping cars with broiler service, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with Pennsylvania R. R., for all points East.

Trains 48 and 49 carry Pullman Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.

Trains No. 55 and 50 carry Pullman Sleeping cars between Wilmington and Columbia.

T. C. WHITE,
General Passenger Agent.
W. J. CRAIG,
Passenger Traffic Manager.

SEABOARD
Air Line Railway
SCHEDULE

Apply at Union Depot Ticket Office or S. A. L. Railway Freight Office Telephones No. 1294 or No. 5.

Trains Leave Wilmington Effective Feb. 6 1910.

NO. 35—5:00 A. M.—For Hamlet and Charlotte, connects at Hamlet with No. 9 for Raleigh and points North.

No. 39—3:45 P. M.—For Hamlet, connecting with through trains for Atlanta, Charlotte, Birmingham, Jacksonville, Norfolk, New York and trains in all directions. Arrive Hamlet 7:45 P. M.; leave Hamlet 8:05 P. M., arriving Charlotte 10:45 P. M.

Trains Arrive at Wilmington
No. 40—1:15 P. M.—From Hamlet.
No. 44—12:20 A. M.—From Charlotte and Hamlet.

No. 45 connects at Hamlet with No. 66 for all points North at Monroe with No. 83 for Atlanta.

No. 39 connects at Hamlet with No. 41 for Atlanta, Birmingham, Memphis and Charlotte, with No. 84 and No. 92 for Washington and New York and Portsmouth, Norfolk and No. 43 for Columbia, Savannah and Jacksonville.

Parlor Car Service will be maintained between Wilmington and Charlotte on No. 39 leaving Wilmington at 3:45 P. M. and No 40 arriving at Wilmington at 1:15 P. M.

B. W. ARRINGTON,
Union Ticket Agent.
Phone No. 1294.
F. A. FETTER, Agent
Phone No. 5.

H. S. LEARD,
Div. Passenger Agent,
Raleigh, N. C.

C. B. BRYAN,
General Passenger Agent,
Portsmouth, Va.

Clyde Steamship Company
to
NEW YORK
and
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

NEW YORK TO WILMINGTON.
Steamship "Santiago".....Friday, April 1.
Steamship "Sabine".....Friday, April 8.

WILMINGTON TO NEW YORK.
Steamship "Sabine".....Saturday, April 2.
Steamship "Santiago".....Saturday, April 9.

WILMINGTON TO GEORGETOWN.
Steamship "Sabine".....Monday, March 28.
Steamship "Santiago".....Monday, April 4.

Steamship Santiago does not carry passengers.

Through bills of lading and lowest hrough rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

For freight passage apply to
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HUGH MacRAE & CO.
BANKERS.
Miscellaneous Southern Securities
Cotton Mill Stocks
WILMINGTON, N. C.
New York City, 148 Broadway.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE
In Effect Thursday, September 30th, 1909.

TO BEACH.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess treets at 6:50, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, 7:20 and 8:30 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess treets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10 and 8:30 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Lumina at 7:45, 9:15 and 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:45, 5:15, 7:55 and 9:15 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Lumina at 9:45, 10:45 A. M., 12:15, 1:45, 3:15, 3:45, 4:15, 4:45, 5:15, 5:45, 6:25, 6:50, 7:15 and 9:15 P. M.

TO WRIGHTSVILLE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 6:50, 8:00, 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M. 1:00, 3:00, 4:30, *6:10, 7:20, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

*6:10 trip goes over to beach station No. 1.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess streets at 8:30, 10:00, 11:30 A. M., 1:00, 2:30, 3:00, 3:30, 4:00, 4:30, 5:00, 5:30, 6:10, 7:10, 8:30, 10:00 and 11:00 P. M.

TO WILMINGTON.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 6:20, 7:55, 8:25, 9:25, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:55, 6:25, 6:35, 8:05, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Wrightsville at 9:55, 10:55 A. M., 12:25, 1:55, 3:25, 3:55, 4:25, 4:55, 5:25, 5:55, 6:35, 7:00, 8:00, 9:25, 10:25 and 11:25 P. M.

CAROLINA PLACE, FRONT AND PRINCESS TO CAROLINA PLACE.

WEEK DAYS—Leave Front and Princess at 6:52 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave Front and Princess 8:22 A. M., and every 8 minutes thereafter until 10:37 P. M.

TO FRONT AND PRINCESS.

WEEK DAYS—Leave 17th and Market at 6:45 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

SUNDAYS—Leave 17th and Market at 8:50 A. M., and every 15 minutes thereafter until 10:45 P. M.

FREIGHT.

Leave Wilmington daily except Sunday at 4:00 P. M. Freight Depot from 1:00 to 3:00 P. M.

N. & W. RY. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System, Rock Ballast 85-lb Rail.
Schedule in Effect March 6th 1910.

Lv. Norfolk	8:00 a m	7:30 p m
Lv. Petersburg	10:40 a m	10:20 p m
Lv. Durham	7:00 a m	5:30 p m
Lv. Lynchburg	2:35 p m	2:30 a m
Ar. Cincinnati	7:30 a m	6:25 p m
Ar. Columbus	6:45 a m	7:05 p m
Ar. Chicago	5:00 p m	7:30 a m
Ar. St. Louis	6:33 p m	8:30 a m

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and all Western points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and nformation free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL,
Gen. Pass. Agent, Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Richmond, Va.

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Cuban Blossom
CIGARS!
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Because It Is the Best Cigar for the Money.

H. L. Vollers
Wholesale Grocer.

Paris Green and Tobacco Twine.

10,000 pounds strictly pure Hi-Grade Paris Green, all size packages.
5,000 pounds Oakdale Tobacco Twine, none better.
100,000 pounds No. 1 Timothy Hay.
1,000 bushels No. 2 White Seed Oats.
500 bushels Texas R. P. Oats.
2,000 bushels Feed Oats.
2,000 kegs Steel Cut and Wire Nails.
Also other goods usually carried in our line.
Get our prices before purchasing.

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Wholesale Grocers and Importers.

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WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props.
CLEVELAND, O.
Sold by R. R. Bellamy.

FOR THE LEGISLATURE.

I hereby announce myself a candidate for the House of Representatives, from New Hanover county, subject to the will of the Democratic party, to be expressed at the primary.

WOODUS KELLUM.

mar 23-tf.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

¶ The Latest Reports From the Important Trading Centers and From Local Dealers.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

STAR OFFICE, April 4.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Market, steady 59 1-2 cents.

ROSIN—Market nothing doing.

TAR—Market, firm $2.00 per barrel.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Market, firm $3.00 per barrel for hard; $4.50 for dip and $5.50 for virgin.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 37, rosin $2.65, tar $1.70, crude turpentine $1.75 and $2.75.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits turpentine 4
Rosin 21
Tar 102
Crude turpentine 10

Receipts, same day last year 10 casks spirits turpentine; 28 barrels rosin; 56 barrels tar; 7 barrels crude turpentine.

COTTON MARKET.

Market—Nothing doing. Quotations corresponding day last year 8 9-16c.

Receipts—435 bales, same day last year 692 bales.

PRODUCE MARKET.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith April 2nd.)

PEANUTS—North Carolina, No. 1 $1.20 to $1.25 per bushel; Panish $1.40 and $1.50, and $1.50.

CORN—Firm 90@95c per bushel for mixed.

N. C. HAMS—Good demand; old hams 20; shoulders 13 to 14c; sides 13c.

EGGS—19 cents.

CHICKENS—Spring 20@30; grown 45@50 scarce.

BEESWAX—Firm at 26c.

TALLOW—Firm at 4 1-2c per pound.

BEEF CATTLE—Good demand at 3 and 4 1-2c per pound on foot.

HIDES—Dr. flint 14c; green 8c per pound.

SWEET POTATOES—Good demand 60c. per bushel for yams.

WOOL—Burr 18c.; free of burr 24c.

GEESE—50@55 per head.

PORK—Small corn fed 10; large 9c., owing to quality.

SHEEP—Old no demand; Lambs, dull no sales.

TURKEYS—Good demand 15@16c on foot; dressed 18@22c.

PEAS—White black eyes $2.25 and $2.50; lady fingers $2.75; clay and cow peas $1.75.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, April 4.—After a high opening today's cotton market became weak and unsettled in the late trading and closed weak at a net decline of 11 to 18 points. The opening was firm at an advance of 7 to 10 points and during the first few minutes, active months sold generally 9 to 12 points higher in response to better cables than expected and on a continuation of Saturday's late buying movement. After the first demand from shorts had been supplied the market showed the absence of outside support with trading becoming much less active, and with prices gradually easing off. After selling about 1 to 2 points net lower a renewal of the support from bull leaders and a little new crop buying on the theory that there had not been sufficient rain in west and southwest Texas caused a rally to about the initial figures. But on this advance, spot houses were sellers of the near months and in the late trading the market became very weak under a renewal of general liquidation and stop loss selling. May contracts declined to 14.50 or about 26 points from the high level of the morning, while later positions sold under the low level of Saturday, with closing prices at practically the lowest of the day. It is reported that there are now 27,000 bales of cotton on the way here from Liverpool.

Receipts at the ports today were 10,502 bales against 8,632 last week and 12,178 last year. For the week 75,000 bales against 93,576 last week and 93,781 last year. Today's receipts at New Orleans were 5,087 bales against 2,100 last year and at Houston 3,941 against 6,981 last year.

Spot cotton closed quiet 5 points advance, middling uplands 14.80; middling gulf 15.05; sales 5,200 bales.

Futures opened firm but closed weak.

Month.	Clos.	High.	Low.	Open.
April	14.60	14.85	14.67	———
May	14.50	14.76	14.50	14.71
June	14.40	———	———	14.60
July	14.39	14.66	14.39	14.62
August	13.92	14.17	13.93	14.17
September	13.04	13.26	13.10	1326
October	12.60	12.81	12.59	12.80
November	12.40	———	———	———
December	12.41	12.65	12.41	12.65
January	14.37	12.60	12.37	12.60

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, April 4.—Cotton: Spot good business done, prices 5 points higher. American middling fair 8.50; good middling 8.20; middling 8.04; low middling 7.94; good ordinary 7.62; ordinary 7.44.

The sales of the day were 10,000 bales of which 1,000 were for speculation and export and included 9,500 American. Receipts 1,100 bales, all American.

Futures opened firm and closed steady. April 7.78 1-2; April and May 7.73 1-2; May and June 7.71; June and July 7.66; July and August 7.61; August and September 7.34 1-2; September and October 6.94; October and November 6.76; November and December 6.68 1-2; December and January 6.66 1-2; January and February 6.65 1-2; February and March, and March and April 6.65.

PORT MOVEMENT.

Galveston—Quiet, 14 5-8; net receipts 5,067; stock 90,817.

New Orleans—Easy, 14 11-16; net receipts 5,087; stock 148,868.

Mobile—Net receipts 260; stock 23,183.

Savannah—Easy, 14 3-4; net receipts 792; stock 65,965.

Charleston—Nominal; net receipts 49; stock 11,948.

Wilmington—Nominal; net receipts 435; stock 11,826.

Norfolk—Dull, 15; net receipts 381; stock 28,682.

Baltimore—Nominal, 15 1-8; stock 6,220.

New York—Quiet, 14.80; net receipts 75; stock 112,808.

Boston—Quiet, 14.80; stock 10,738.

Philadelphia—Steady, 15.05; stock 1,171.

Pensacola—Net receipts 456.

Total today, at all ports, net receipts 10,502; Great Britain 1,502; France 426; Continent 5,607; stock 574,300.

Consolidated, at all ports, net receipts 19,560; Great Britain 15,077; France 6,926; Continent 10,045.

Total since September 1st, at all ports, net receipts 6,443,192; Great Britain 1,885,735; France 800,817; Continent 2,172,795; Japan 84,974; Mexico 14,051.

INTERIOR MOVEMENT.

Houston—Steady, 14 1-2; net receipts 3,941; stock 70,197.

Augusta—Nominal, 15; net receipts 321; stock 41,650.

Memphis—Steady, 14 7-8; net receipts 442; stock 111,691.

St. Louis Quiet 14 7-8; net receipts 1; stock 39,540.

Cincinnati—Net receipts 108; stock 13,037.

Little Rock—Steady, 14 1-2; net receipts 462; stock 42,651.

Louisville—Firm, 15.

Total today—Net receipts 5,282; gross receipts 7,349; shipments 11,034; sales 2,323; stock 319,966.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, April 4.—Flour was quiet and lower to effect sales.

Rye Flour—Barely steady.

Corn Meal—Steady.

Rye—Dull.

Wheat—Spot easy; No. 2 red 1.24 bid c!f and No. 1 northern 1.24 nominal fob opening navigation. Options closed 7-8c net lower. May 1.22 1-4; July 1.14 1-2; September 1.10 3-8.

Corn—Spot easy; steamer 62 1-2 and No. 4, 60 1-4; both elevator export basis. Options closed at 3-4 to 1c net decline. May 69; July 71 3-4; September 72.

Oats—Spot easy; mixed nominal. Options closed 3-4c net lower, May 47 1-2.

Lard—Steady.

Tallow—Steady.

Rice—Steady.

Molasses—Steady.

Sugar—Raw and refined steady.

Coffee—Futures closed steady, last prices showed a net loss of 5 to 11 points. Spot coffee quiet; Rio No. 7, 8 3-4; No. 4 Santos 8 1-4; mild quiet; Cordova 9 1-2 to 12 1-4.

Potatoes—Quiet; Florida, new per barrel 4.00 to 6.00; Bermuda second crop 4.00 to 6.00; Maine in bulk per 180 pounds 1.25 to 1.50; State and western in bulk per 180 pounds 1.00 to 1.12.

Sweet Potatoes—Southern per barrel 1.00 to 1.25; Jersey per basket 25 to 1.00.

Cabbages—Irregular; Southern per crate 1.50 to 3.25; Danish seed per ton 15.00 to 20.00; red per ton 15.00 to 25.00.

Freights—Quiet; cotton to Liverpool per 100 pounds 14c; grain to Liverpool 1 1-2d; grain to London 1d.

Peanuts—Steady; fancy handpicked, Virginia 5 1-2 to 5 2-3; do shelled No. 1 and 2, 4 to 7.

Butter—Firm and active. Receipts 3,384; creamery specials 32; extras 31; third to firsts 25 to 40, held second to specials 24 to 30; state, dairy common to finest 24 to 31; process, first to special 24 to 26; western factory 22 to 23; western imitation creamery 23 1-2 to 25.

Cheese—Steady; receipts 1,405. State, full cream fall made specials 17 1-2 to 18; do fancy 17 1-4; do good to prime 16 1-4 to 16 3-4; do current make, best 15 1-2 to 16; do common to fair 13 to 15; skims full to fancy 3 to 14.

Eggs—Firm; receipts 20,204; State, Pennsylvania and nearby hennery, white fancy 25 to 25; do gathered white 22 1-2 to 23; do hennery brown and mixed, fancy 23 to 23 1-2; do gathered brown fair to prime 22 to 23; western storage select 22 1-2 to 23; do regular packed extra first 22 1-4 to 22 1-2; do first 21 1-2 to 22; Southern firsts 21 1-2 to 22 1-2.

The cotton seed oil market was firm early on covering by shorts and the strength of lard but eased off late especially for the new crop positions under selling against crude purchases and the decline in cotton, and closed at irregular 8 decline to 10 advance with sales of 8,900 barrels. May 7.45 to 7.56 to 7.66; October 7.22 to 7.25; December 6.49 to 6.51. Prime crude 6.67 to 6.74; do summer yellow 7.50 to 7.54; do winter 760 to 8.49; do summer white 7.60 to 8.49.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, April 4.—The cotton goods was steady during the day. Many large buyers from the west are in the market and say the course of their business did not warrant the radical reductions in prices noted two weeks ago. Recovery from these figures is being noted. Dress goods business is irregular with retailers buying steadily but cutters quiet.

CHICAGO CASH GRAIN.

Chicago, April 4.—Cash wheat No. 2 red 1.18 to 1.20; No. 3 red 1.13 to 1.18; No. 2 hard 1.14 to 1.15; No. 3 do 1.08 to 1.14; No. 3 spring wheat 1.08 to 1.14 1-2.

Corn—No. 2, 59 1-2; No. 2 white 60 1-2; No. 2 yellow 60; No. 3, 57 1-2 to 58 1-2; No. 3 white 59 to 60; No. 3 yellow 58 to 1-2; No. 4, 52 to 54; No. 4 white 53 to 57; No. 4 yellow 52 to 55.

Oats—No. 2, 42 to 43; No. 2 white 45 to 45 1-2; No. 3 do 41 1-2 to 43 1-2; No. 3 do 40 to 42; standard 44 to 45 1-4.

THE STOCK MARKET.

New York, April 4.—Some feature of interest was discernable during the intense dullness today in stock, although the net exchanges were inconsequential. One was the extreme thinness of the market in the priods when there were any stirrings of animation. There had been some selling by bear traders in the first hours on the chance that the decision adverse to the American Tobacco company would be handed down today. The hour of the convening of the court was posponed. The point of interest was that in the filling of these buying orders there was a fluctuation from 185 5-8 to 186 1-2 on the purchase of a 500 share block of Union Pacific. In several other stocks in which the market usually is broad there were variations of half to 3-4c between sales.

The question was suggested whether the interstices in the market thus disclosed might be due, in part, to the going into force today of the new reform rules of the stock exchange directed against manipulative practices. The rule most relied on for that purpose bids the ignoring of orders for 100 share units in executing orders for larger amounts. A favorite device of the manipulators was to put in an order for a large amount of stock for "all or none," which was effective often in moving the prices without any actual trainsaction being necessary. It was inferred that the new rule, in discouraging such orders might be responsible for the open spaces bare of orders that were encountered when prices moved today with any decision. The relapse of the market into stagnation after it became known that no American Tobacco decision would come from Washington today gave force to the supposition of other causes for the neglect of the market than the suspense of awaiting this important judicial decision. Statistics of the Journal of Commerce on the recent output of new securities threw light on the causes of the present symptoms of glut in the market. For the past quarter the total reaches the prodigious figure of $864,723,765 par value of which $380,068,765 were issued in March. It was the free takings of these new issues for foreign account, estimated by the National City Bank at 150,000,000 to 250,000,000 which helped to defer the gold export movement.

That the money market is unaffected by the gold export movement and by the low surplus reserve shown by the Saturday bank statement is due to the languid demand for stock market purposes. Supplies of commercial paper, also are reported light.

The poor state reports of winter wheat conditions were partly offset by the weather bureau's forecast of general rains during the coming week.

Bonds were heavy. Total sales, par value, were $1,964,000. United States bonds were unchanged on call. Total sales today 349,000 shares.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, April 4—Money on call steady 1 1-4 to 3 per cent., ruling rate 2 7-8, closing bid 2, offered at 2. Time loans very dull and steady; sixty days 3 3-4 and ninety days 4, six months 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 4 1-2 to 5 per cent. Sterling exchange strong with actual business in bankers bills at 4.8455 to 65 for sixty day bills and at 4.8785 for demand. Commercial bills 4.84 to 1-2. Bar silver 52 1-2. Mexican dollars 44.

N. Y. BONDS.

U. S. ref. 2s. registered	100 3-4
U. S. ref. 2s. coupon	100 3-4
U. S. 3s, registered	102 1-4
U. S. 3s coupon	102 1-2
U. S. 4s, registered	114 3-4
U. S. 4s, coupon	114 3-4
Allis Chalmers 1st 5s	70
American Agricultural 5s	102
American Tel & Tel cv. 4s	101 1-8
American Tobacco 4s	81 7-8
American Tobacco 6s	106 1-2
Armour & Co. 4 1-2s	92 3-4
Atchison gen. 4s	98 3-4
Atchison cv. 4s	112
Atchison cv. 5s	113 1-4
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s	95 1-4
Baltimore & Ohio 4s	98 1-2
Baltimore & Ohio 3 1-2s	90 5-8
Baltimore & Ohio S. W. 3 1-2s	90 5-8
Brooklyn Transit cv 4s	84
Central of Georgia 5s	107 1-2
Central Leather 5s	100 1-2
Central R. R. of N. J. gen. 5s	124
Chesapeake & Ohio 4 1-2s	101 1-2
Chesapeake & Ohio ref. 5s	103
Chicago & Alton 3 1-2s	73 3-4
Chicago, B. & Q. joint 4s	93 1-2
Chicago, B. & Q. gen. 4s	98
Chicago, Mil. & P. gen 3 1-2s	86 1-2
Chicago, R. I. & P. R. R. col 4s	80 1-4
Chicago, R. I. & P. Ry, rfg 4s	80 7-8
Colorado Industrial 5s	78
Colorado Midland 4s	77
Colo & Southern ref & ext. 4 1-2s	97 3-4
elaware & Hudson cv. 4s	99 3-4
Denver & Rio Grande 4s	96
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s	92 1-2
Distillers 5s	73 1-2
Erie prior lien 4s	93 1-2
Erie Gen. 4s	74
Erie cv. 4s series "A"	78 1-2
Erie cv. 4s series "B"	70 1-2
General Electric cv. 5s	137
Illinois Central 1st ref 4s	98
Interborough Met 4 1-2s	80 3-4
Inter. Merc. Marine 4s	60
Japan 4s	92 1-8
Japan 4 1-2s	96 1-4
Kansas City Southern 1st 3s	71 1-2
Lake Shore deb 4s (1931)	93 1-4
Louisville & Nash. Un. 4s	98
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s	99
Mo., Kan. & Texas gen. 4 1-2s	80
Missouri Pacific 4s	95
National Rys. of Mexico 4 1-2s	88
New York Central gen. 3 1-2s	88 1-2
New York Central deb. 4s	93 1-2
N. Y., N. H. & Hartford 4s	134 1-4
Norfolk & Western 1st con. 4s	98 1-2
Norfolk & Western cv. 4s	103 1-2
Northern Pacific 4s	100
Northern Pacific 3s	72 5-8
Oregon Short Line rfdg 4s	93 1-2
Penn. cv. 3 1-2s (1915)	96 3-8
Penn. Con. 4s	104
Reading Gen. 4s	98 7-8
St. Louis & San Fran. fg. 4s	83
St. Louis & San Fran. gen. 5s	87 7-8
St. Louis S'western con. 4s	78
St. Louis S'western 1st gold 4s	91 5-8
Seaboard Air Line 4s	83 1-2
Southern Pacific col. 4s	91
Southern Pacific cv. 4s	101 3-8
Southern Pacific R. R. 1st ref 4s	95
Southern Railway 5s	107 1-2
Southern Railway gen. 4s	78
Union Pacific 4s	100
Union Pacific cv. 4s	108
Union Pacific 1st and ref 4s	97 1-8
U. S. Rubber 6s	102 7-8
U. S. Steel 2nd 5s	104 1-2
Virginia Car. Chemical 5s	98 3-4
Wabash 1st 5s	109
Wabash 1st and ext. 4s	71 1-4
Western Md., 4s	85 1-2
Westinghouse Electric cv. 5s	88
Wisconsin Central 4s	93

CLOSING STOCK LIST.

Allis Chalmers pfd	47 3-4
Amalgamated Cooper	74 5-8
American Agricultural	44 3-4
American Beet Sugar	37 1-2
American Can	11
American Car & Foundry	61 3-4
American Cotton Oil	65 1-2
American Hide & Leather pfd	46 1-2
American Ice Securities	26
American Linseed	13
American Locomotive	50
American Smelting & Refng	80 7-8
American Smelting & Ref'ng pfd	106 1-4
American Steel Foundries	56 1-2
American Sugar Refining	122 1-2
American Tel. & Tel.	135 1-2
American Tobacco pfd	95 1-2
American Woolen	33 1-2
Anaconda Mining Co.	46
Atchison	111 7-8
Atchison pfd	102 1-2
Atlantic Coast Line	128
Baltimore & Ohio	110 3-4
Bethlehem Steel	30 3-4
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	76 1-4
Canadian Pacific	181 1-4
Central Leather	40 1-2
Central Leather pfd	106
Central of New Jersey	295
Chesapeake & Ohio	85
Chicago & Alton	52 1-2
Chicago Great Western	28
Chicago Great Western pfd	55 1-4
Chicago & Northwestern	150 1-2
Chicago, Mil & St. Paul	140 3-8
C. C. C. & St. Louis	86
Colorado Fuel & Iron	38 5-8
Colorado & Southern	58 3-4
Consolidated Gas	140 1-2
Corn Products	16 1-2
Delaware & Hudson	170
Denver & Rio Grande	39 1-2
Denver & Rio Grande pfd	77
Distillers' Securities	31
Erie	29 1-4
Erie 1st pfd	47
Erie 2nd pfd	37 1-4
General Electric	149
Great Northern pfd	134 3-4
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	66 3-4
Illinois Central	138 1-2
Interborough Met.	22 1-4
Interborough Met pfd	57 1-4
Inter Harvester	90 1-2
Inter Marine pfd	19
International Paper	13
International Pump	42
Iowa Central	23
Kansas City Southern	34 3-4
Kansas City Southern pfd	66
Laclede Gas	120 1-2
Louisville & Nashville	149 1-2
Minneapolis & St. Louis	53
Minn., St. P. & Sault St. M.	138 3-8
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	40 1-2
Missouri, Kansas & Texas pfd	71 1-4
Missouri Pacific	68 3-4
National Biscuit	106
National Lead	80 1-2
Nat'l Rys of Mexico 2nd pfd	27 7-8
New York Central	121 3-8
New York, Ontarious & Western	45
Norfolk & Western	103
North American	73 1-2
Northern Pacific	133 3-4
Pacific Mail	28 1-4
Pennsylvania	135 1-4
People's Gas	109 1-4
Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis	102
Pittsburg Coal	20
Pressed Steel Car	41 1-4
Pullman Palace Car	191
Railway Steel Spring	39 1-8
Reading	163 3-4
Republic Steel	36 1-8
Republic Steel pfd	99
Rock Island Co.	46 1-8
Rock Island Co. pfd	90
St. Louis & San Fran. 2nd pfd	48 1-2
St. Louis Southwestern	29 1-4
St. Louis Southwestern pfd	73
Sloss Sheffield Steel & Iron	75 1-2
Southern Pacific	124 3-8
Southern Railway	27 3-4
Southern Railway pfd	67 1-2
Tennessee Copper	30 1-4
Texas & Pacific	31 3-8
Toledo, St. Louis & West	12
Toledo, St. Louis & West pfd	65 1-2
Union Pacific	184 1-8
Union Pacific pfd	96 3-4
United States Realty	76
United States Rubber	43
United States Steel	82 7-8
United States Steel pfd	119 1-4
Utah Copper	44 1-4
Virginia Carolina Chemical	57 3-4
Wabash	23 1-2
Wabash pfd	45 7-8
Western Maryland	49 1-2
Westinghouse Electric	64 3-4
Western Union	72 1-4
Wheeling & Lake Erie	4 7-8

THE GRAIN MARKET.

Chicago, April 4.—Indications of a complete break in drouth conditions in the southwest started general selling of wheat here today which resulted in declines of more than 1 cent in all deliveries. The market closed at almost the bottom. Corn and oats duplicated the action of wheat and closed at material declines. Provisions were not affected by the slump in grain but held firm all day.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Clos.
Wheat—				
May	1 14¾	1 14⅝	1 13½	1 13⅝
July	1 06⅝	1 07⅜	1 06¼	1 06¼
Sept	1 03⅜	1 04⅜	1 03¼	1 03⅜
Corn—				
May	60⅜	61	59⅞	60
July	62⅝	63½	62¼	62⅝
Sept	63¼	64¼	63⅛	63⅜
Oats—				
May	42⅝	42⅝	42¼	42¼
July	40⅝	41	40⅝	40⅝
Sept	38½	38⅝	38¼	38⅜

Mess Pork, per bbl.—

May	25 30	25 40	25 10	25 87½
July	25 25	25 35	25 20	25 32½
Sept	24 70	24 92½	24 50	24 80

Lard, per 100 lbs.—

May	13 57½	13 72½	13 57½	13 70
July	13 37	13 50	13 35	13 40
Sept	13 27	13 37½	13 25	13 27½

Short Ribs, per 100 lbs.—

May	13 52½	13 60	13 50	13 50
July	13 22½	13 27½	13 20	13 27½
Sept	13 15	13 20	13 15	13 15

PEANUTS.

(Reported by Rodgers, MacCabe & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., April 2.—Spanish, firm at $1.32 1-2 per bushel. Good demand. Receipts light. Virginias, steady at 4 1-2 to 4 3-4c for jumbo; 3 3-4 to 4c for fancy hand picks; 3 to 3 3-4c for machine picks; 2 1-2 to 3c for shelling stock.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.'S LETTER.

New York, April 4.—European advices were more favorable than we had expected and Liverpool bought upwards of 20,000 bales here during the first hour at 8 to 10 points advance. After this buying ceased the market become quiet until the last hour when offerings of May, supposed to be against purchases in the South; increased, bringing about a decline of some 24 points from the high point of the morning. The bulls were buyers on a scale down, and they expect that the European demand will continue. After such a quick decline the feeling is naturally pessimistic with the trade looking for a further decline tomorrow. Frost is predicted for portions of Texas tonight.

HUBBARD. BROS. & CO.

NAVAL STORES.

New York, April 4.—Rosin and turpentine quiet.

Charleston, S. C., April 4.—Turpentine firm 60 1-2. Rosin firm. Quote: A, B, C, 4.30; D, 4.42 1-2; E, 4.60; F, 4.80 to 4.85; G, 4.85; H, 4.90; I, 4.95; K, 5.05; M, 6.55; N, 6.75; WG, 6.85; WW, 7.05.

Savannah, Ga., April 4.—Turpentine firm 60; sales 60; receipts 1,25; shipments 629; stocks 7,985. Rosin firm; sales 866; receipts 605; shipments 2,258; stocks 82,515. Quote: A, B, C, 4.20 to 4.25; D, 4.40; E, 4.42 1-2; F, 4.87 1-2; G, 4.90; H, 5.00; I, 4.95; K, 5.95; M, 6.45; N, 6.70; WG, 6.95; WW, 7.05.

Nursing Mothers and Malaria.
The Old Standard GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC, drives out malaria and builds up the system. For grown people and children, 50c.

MARINE

ARRIVED.

Br. str. Everest, 1,332 tons, Dower, Hamburg, Walter Smallbones, Agent.

Schr. Herbert D. Maxwell, 640 tons, Quillen, Baltimore, C. D. Maffitt.

Schr. Chas. D. Endicott, 751 tons, Johnson, Baltimore, C. D. Maffitt.

Str. Duplin, Stokes, Smith's Bridge, J. A. Munn.

Str. Santiago, Packer, New York, H. G. Smallbones.

CLEARED.

Schr. Annie C. Grace, Steelman, Baltimore, C. D. Maffitt.

Ger. str. Clara Zelck, Fretwurst, Pensacola, Heide & Co.

SAILED.

Schr. Calhoun C. Ross, Coulburn, Philadelphia, C. D. Maffitt.

Exports—Coastwise.

Baltimore—Schr. Annie C. Grace, 403,000 feet of lumber, cargo by Angola Lumber Company; vessel by C. D. Maffitt.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels Now in Port at Wilmington, N. C.

Steamers.

Everest (Br.) 1,332 tons, Dower, Walter Smallbones, Agent.

Clematis (Brg.) 2,266 tons, Sytor, American Naval Stores Company.

Winnie (Br.) 1,583 tons, Shotten, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Hans Leonhardt, (Ger.) 774 tons, Lemke, F. A. Fetter, Agent.

Schooners.

Herbert D. Maxwell, 640 tons, Quillen, C. D. Maffitt.

Chas. D. Endicott, 751 tons, Johnson, C. D. Maffitt.

BY RIVER ANL RAIL

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., April 4, 1910.

W. & W. Railroad—165 bales cotton.

W., C. & A. Railroad—232 bales cotton, 9 barrels rosin, 16 barrels tar, 4 barrels crude turpentine.

A. & Y. Railroad—38 bales cotton, 84 barrels tar.

Str. Whitlock—4 casks spirits turpentine, 12 barrels rosin, 2 barrels tar, 6 barrels crude turpentine.

Total—435 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 21 barrels rosin, 102 barrels tar, 10 barrels crude turpentine.

MILD WASH CURES ECZEMA.

Ordinary oil of wintergreen, mixed with thymol, glycerine and other ingredients, is known to cure skin diseases. This prescription, known as D. D. D. Prescription, can now be obtained on a special offer in a 25c bottle.

That a permanent cure can be effected by the first bottle we cannot guarantee. But ten years of experience have shown us that every sufferer gets instant relief from the ich; you will feel soothed and refreshed at once.

Call at our store and we shall be glad to tell you more about this standard eczema cure. Be sure to ask for the right name; D. D. D. Prescription.

Robt. R. Bellamy, Wilmington, N. C.

Mr. Baxter Shemwell's varied career will, we hope, be that of a good citizen henceforth, but at all events no one has the right to circulate false and injurious stories about him. The man who imposed upon a newspaper the story that he forced a conductor of a through train to stop at Lexington Thursday night deserves harsh initiation into the Ananias Club or its equivalent.—Charlotte Observer.

TORREY MEETINGS COME TO A CLOSE

(Continued From Page 7.)

what my life used to be. I sometimes shrink from telling the story. There are, of course, some things that I would not parade before you. I will tell you the outline and you can fill in. Why do I tell it? Torrey, Butler and Young say it helps men. I tell it because I know many fathers and mothers come to me and ask me to pray for their sons. Many mothers come to me and ask me to pray for their boys and husbands. There are many husbands who are providing for their families and love their families, but are drinking their lives out. There are probably husbands in this building whose wives are praying for their salvation. There are sons here whose mothers are praying for them to become Christians. In order that you may see that even the worst sinner may be saved, I come to you today with my story.

"I don't care who you are or how deep in sin you are or how you have despised God, He loves you today and He wants you to turn to Him today. I know, men, God loves men enough to have given His Son for them. There is no man in this building as low down in sin as I was. I don't glory in it and I don't boast of it, but tell it so you may know what God can do for you. There is no man so far down that God cannot raise him up. And none here are so moral they do not need Jesus Christ.

"I was born in Philadelphia in 1846 on Christmas Day. A fine Christmas present! At the age of 12 years I was drunk in my father's home. My father was a German and he made a bowl of egg nog and left it on the table. I put my finger in it and got a fingerful and then another. Then I got a cup and dipped it out until I had as much as I could carry. Then I cut all kinds of capers about the house and on the streets. I do not blame my father for it, but from then until I was 15 years old I was a drunkard and destroyed the confidence of father every opportunity I got. When I was 15 years old I joined the army and came out when I was 18 years old, a drunkard and an all-round bad man. My father, not knowing my character, started me in the drayage business, purchasing a half-interest with an Irishman. I had several scraps with my father and finally father told me to go to the stable or leave home. I told him I was going to leave home and I did. I fell in with a band of thieves in Philadelphia. We lived high when we had something and when we didn't we slept about in any old place we could find. I was in jail several times. I decided to join the United States Cavalry and was stationed at different places in the West. By the time I went to Leavenworth the last time drink had gotten the best of me and I was put in jail there for three or four days. I determined to get out through a transome. I had some one to keep the jailer on the outside and I made my escape. After I had gone a distance I looked around and the jailer was following with gun up. It didn't frighten me for I had grown accustomed to the sight of guns. I reached down and picked up a clod of dirt and threatened to kill the jailer if he came further. He went back. I was finally captured and lodged in the guard house. To show you just where I had got to I was made leader of 200 or 300 desperadoes in the guard house. We court martialed all the new ones that came in. I was tried by a court martial for violently resisting officers and leaving without permission and was dishonorably discharged. I had no money. I boarded a freight train and after four or five days without food or water I arrived at St. Louis. I had to have something to eat and inquired where I could find work. I had never done a day's work in my life. I was told that laborers were needed at a reservoir being constructed." Mr. Jacoby told of applying for work and was given a wheelbarrow to haul dirt. He could not do this satisfactorily and he was changed to another job. He tried several different kinds of work in connection with the erection of the reservoir, but could do nothing satisfactorily, so he started for Philadelphia on a freight train.

"I arrived in Philadelphia black with coal dust. I went home and rang the door bell. A maid answered and I asked to see Mrs. Jacoby. The maid eyed me with suspicion, but I entered. Mother was upstairs. Presently I heard her coming down. Then she came in and saw who it was she fell faint. She did not know what to do with me for she could not let father know I had returned. I took a bath and was given some clothes to put on and sent to the third story of the building where I remained three or four days. One day at the table a little nephew said to my father, 'Grandpa, Uncle Bill is upstairs.' He gave away the secret. Father asked if it were true that I returned and then sent for me. I refused to go; I did not want to meet him. Finally mother came and urged me so I went down. I bowed and father bowed as I entered the dining room. After a while father says, 'What are you doing now?' 'Nothing.' I replied, 'Well, you are getting along better than I am.' he said. I looked over at mother. She was smiling, but tears trickled down her cheeks. I understood what it meant. Father and son close together yet far apart. She wanted to see them reconciled. That picture reminds me of Jesus Christ who is trying to bring men close to God.

"You would think my father was hard, but he was not. I had betrayed his confidence every chance I got. He did not dare to put his pocketbook down where I could get hold of it. Father did not want me in the home; he knew that I was a snake. I went out again. Friendless in a way and caring nothing for myself in a way, I got in more trouble and finally went back to the army, going West among the cowboys and Indians. I was a great gambler. Many times I would get all on the table, but other times I would play all night and not only lose a night's sleep but a big roll besides. I could tell you how time after time I have had my gun at another fellow's head and how time after time the other fellow has had his gun at my head, and the many times I have been in jail, but that would not do you any good, except so far as it would show you what can be done by the saving grace of God.

"I returned to Philadelphia and became reconciled with father. I got to be a conductor on a street car, but became so deeply interested in the finances of the company that they told me they did not need me any longer. Then I got a place on the police force. My, how I pranced around with dignity. I was a member of the Philadelphia police force. I was on the job three months and got suspended three times. The last time they would not take me back. I thought it time to quit when they would not have me on the Philadelphia police force. You have good officers here, at least some of them are, for I have met and grasped their hands." Mr. Jacoby told how he used to belong to a volunteer fire department and of a chase he had, several persons being after him with guns. He jumped a fence and some one told him to look out for there were bulldogs in the enclosure. He replied that bulldogs were nothing to what was behind him.

He went West again and joined the Ninth United States Infantry under the name of Jones. At Omaha he was in jail for some time on a serious charge, but no evidence was secured against him and he was discharged. He told of numerous crimes committed there and of a letter received from the chief of police asking him to leave the town. He went to another town in the West. There was a big revival meeting in progress and a red headed man told him he was afraid to go to the meeting. He and another fellow went. The other fellow asked him why he didn't raise his hand for prayer and he punched his companion and asked him to raise his. Both were making fun of the service. But the next day Mr. Jacoby began to think seriously of his wicked life. He was then a married man and was making the life of his wife a hell on earth. He would go in late at night, or rather early in the morning, when she would ask him where he had been. "Just out with the boys," he would reply. In the gentlest way she would say, "I wish you wouldn't do that." "Many of you here stay out at night, not gambling, but drinking," said Mr. Jacoby. "When you get sick it is your wife who nurses and cares for you. Oh, how you do abuse her love. I went back to the revival the next night and my hand went up for prayer. How the people did look at me; they thought I was joking. I went to the altar for I was determined to go all the way. I wanted to know how to accept Jesus Christ, but there was not a single person in the building who could tell me. After I was redeemed I went to the Moody Institute and tried a little of everything. I first tried instrumental and then vocal music and then started to join the Hebrew class. Neither of these suited me. I settled down to one thing and that was to learn how to do personal work. I went with Dr. Torrey to Omaha, where he preached to thousands. There were in the meetings some of the men who knew me in my old life. Some one asked me, 'Jacoby, you don't love those fellows yet, do you?' I replied, 'Look here, I have been redeemed; I don't like their ways, but I love them as much as I did when I ran with them and if it is possible to touch their lives I want to do it." Mr. Jacoby told in a most touching way how two old tough looking customers went to Dr. Torrey and asked to see Mr. Jacoby and how he greeted them, both under the influence of whiskey, carried them to a cafe and gave them something to eat and how one afterwards accepted Christ, secured a position as stationary engineer at a salary of $50 a month. He had changed entirely and was wearing good clothes when Mr. Jacoby saw him years later. "Men, God saved him and He wants to save you today," said Mr. Jacoby.

"Later in life," said Mr. Jacoby, "a message came that if I wanted to

TORREY MEETINGS COME TO A CLOSE

(Continued From Page 9.)

cluding men, women and children, the totals, however, had not been figured up yesterday afternoon. The ministers in regular weekly session yesterday morning expressed themselves as being extremely gratified at the results, and declared the meeting accomplished as much or more than they expected. In a way, the campaign has been one of the most successful in Wilmington's history.

Dr. Torrey left yesterday morning for Atlanta, Ga., where he will visit his daughter for a few days before going to Texarkana, Texas, where the next revival will be held. Miss Parker, his private secretary, left for Fort Worth to visit a friend and will go from them to Texarkana. Mr. Chas. Butler, choir director, also left yesterday morning, going to St. Louis, Mo., where he will be joined by Mrs. Butler, and together they will go to their home in Springfield, Ill., where he will remain for a couple of days, joining other members of the Torrey party at Texarkana. Rev. W. S. Jacoby has gone to his home in Duluth, Ia., to spend a few days with his family. Miss Anderson, the accomplished pianist, will remain here until Thursday when she leaves for Texarkana. Mr. Wm. Young, the famous tenor, left yesterday afternoon for Atlanta, Ga., where he will join Dr. Torrey.

Personal Side of Dr. Torrey.

Dr. R. A. Torrey is 54 years old.

He was a wife and four children—three girls and a boy. His son is now a senior at college, and will probably follow in his father's footsteps as a minister. None of his party of workers bear any personal relation to him.

Dr. Torrey's home is at Montrose, Pa., where the noted Torrey Bible conferences are held during the Summer. He has a beautiful home, high up among the Blue mountains in one of the grandest and most admired sections of the old Keystone State.

Dr. Torrey is one of the hardest working men that has ever visited this city. It is his habit to rise at 6:30 or 7 o'clock, take a cold dip, and begin a hard morning's work. He reads the Bible every day in three languages, Hebrew, Greek and English, and is constantly studying theological text books. In addition, he devotes a large share of his time to his own writings. He has published 20 books, some of which have been translated into 20 different languages.

Dr. Torrey dictates all of his books and sermons. Often, he will dictate four hours steadily without a pause.

His memory is one of the most remarkable characteristics of his wonderful mind. He can give a sermon almost verbatim a hundred times—or can repeat it almost exactly after a period of two or three months.

Dr. Torrey is a great lover of physical exercises. He is known as an unusually proficient swimmer, and during the Summer spends most of his leisure time on and in the water. He is also very fond of walking. He possesses a remarkably well poised, even-tempered mind and rarely becomes excited or nervous. He is as calm in his private life as he is when stating one of his favorite truths of the Bible.

He is interested in a variety of projects and is very enthusiastic in foreign mission work, maintaining several missionaries himself.

He is very generous in his philanthropic and religious donations and gives away a large share of what he makes Often, it is necessary for his friends to remonstrate with him to keep enough for his own personal wants.

His most successful evangelistic campaigns were conducted in England, Scotland, Ireland and Australia. In the British Isles, his conversions numbered over 100,000, and literally swept London by storm. He has the greatest international reputation of any American evangelist. For years he was pastor of the Moody Church of Chicago, and superintendent of the Moody Bible Institute.

Party Remembered.

At the close of the service Sunday night members of the party who had not already been remembered were presented with substantial reminders of their faithful work here and the very general high esteem in which they are held by the many friends they made in Wilmington. Gifts were presented as follows: To Miss Mary Anderson ,the accomplished pianist, from the members of the choir, an Italian cameo brooch, mounted in gold, presented by Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster; to Mr. Chas. Butler, director of the choir, and Mr. Young, the famous tenor, beautiful silver serving bowls both gifts from members of the adult choir; Rev. Thos. A. Smoot making the speech of presentation to Mr. Young and Dr. McClure to Mr. Butler. Mr. Young was also presented a gold signet stick pin with his initials engraved on it from the children's choir. Miss Parker, Dr. Torrey's secretary, was presented with a bar pin of selected amethyst, Dr. McClure making the speech of presentation. The gift to Miss Parker was from persons not members of the choir. The recipients deeply appreciated the gifts.

CLEARS THE COMPLEXION,

Discovery That Cures Pimples, Eczema and All Skin Troubles.

If you are troubled with pimples, blackheads,acne, barber's itch, blotches, freckles or other skin disease or blemish, now is the time to cure it with Hokara.

This pure and simple skin food is being introduced in Wilmington by J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., at the low price of 25c for a liberal sized jar.

It contains no grease or acid, is cleanly to use and is a true food and nourishment for the skin, cleansing and clearing it in every pore, making it soft, white and beautiful.

If Hokara does not do even more than is claimed for it and give perfect satisfaction return the empty jar to J. Hicks Bunting Drug Co., and they will refund your money. If you have any skin trouble, you cannot spend 25c to better advantage than for a jar of this skin food. Larger size 50c.

If the skin trouble is caused by impure blood, or if the bowels are inactive, use Hokara Blood Tablets. They cool and cleanse the blood and regulate the bowels in a natural way.

In reading store ads most people are looking for definite information about some particular article—hence merchants should quote prices always.

"Nature's Gift From the Sunny South"

Lecture for Domestic Science

at the ELKS' CLUB

Under the Auspices of the North Carolina Sorosis, Given Co-operatively By

Siwasa	Wilmington Grocery Co.	Carpenter Grocery	Peoples' Supply Co.
E. H. Holmes, Agt.	Baggett Bros.	R. A. Montgomery	N. Humphrey
Thomas & Co.	Smith Bros.	Wilmington Trading Co.	Martin Brunjes
Aman Bros.	Borneman's Dep't Store	Jno. G. Kuhlken	G. E. Burnett
J. S. Westbrook	J. G. Ittner	S. W. Sanders' 4th St. Store	J. B. Fales

We, co-operatively with the North Carolina Sorosis, have made special arrangements to give our customers, friends and patrons the above lecture for domestic science, and wish also to apprise the ladies of Wilmington that we we are going to hold a

Baking Contest

—At The—

Elks' Club, Wed., April 6th

Four Barrels Ringleader Flour FREE!

Mr. C. B. Harrell, representing The N. K. Fairbank Co., will call on our customers to explain and demonstrate the merits of

Cottolene and Ringleader

To the ladies making the best Cake (layer or loaf), Bread, Pies and Biscuits, the ingredients used being **Cottolene** and **Ringleader** flour, will be awarded prizes as scheduled below:

Cakes

1st. 4 lbs. of Cottolene, 100 lbs. of Ringleader Flour, 1 Jar Royal Scarlet Preserved Peaches, 2 1-2 Gal. Cans Morning Glory Syrup. Given by "SIWASA."

2nd. 50 lbs. of Ringleader Flour, 4 lbs. of Cottolene, 4 Cans of Van Camps Products, 2 1-2 Gal. Cans of Morning Glory Syrup. BAGGETT BROS.

3rd. 25 lbs. of Ringleader Flour, 8 lbs. of Cottolene, 1 Can St. Charles Coffee, 1 Can St. Charles Tea, 1-2 Gal. Can Morning Glory Syrup. SMITH BROS.

4th. 25 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 10 lbs. Cottolene, 2 Cans Autocrat Coffee, 1-2 Gal. Morning Glory Syrup. J. S. WESTBROOK.

Bread

4 lbs. of Cottolene, 100 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 2 1-lb. Cans 1775 Coffee, 2 1-2-Gal. Cans Morning Glory Syrup. Given by WILMINGTON GROCERY CO.

50 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 8 lbs Cottolene, 5 lbs. Can Caraja Coffee, 2 1-2 Gal. Cans Morning Glory Syrup. Given by E. H. HOLMES, AGENT.

25 lb. Ringleader Flour, 1 Can White House Tea, 1-2 Gal. Can Morning Glory Syrup. AMAN BROS.

25 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 10 lbs. Cottolene, 3 Cans Cooking Oil, 1-2 Gal. Morning Glory Syrup. MARTIN BRUNJES.

Biscuit

4 lbs. Cottolene, 100 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 3 lb. Can White House Coffee, 2 1-2 Gal. Cans Morning Glory Syrup by CARPENTER GROCERY.

50 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 8 lbs. Cottolene, 2, 1-lb. Cans Gold Medal Coffee, 2 1-2-Gal. Cans Morning Glory Syrup. Given by R. A. MONTGOMERY.

25 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 10 lbs. Cottolene, 2 Cans Banquet Coffee, 1-2 Gal. Morning Glory Syrup. BORNEMAN'S DEPARTMENT STORE.

25 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 10 lbs. Cottolene, 1-2 Gal. Morning Glory Syrup by J. B. FALES, JNO. G. KUHLKEN.

Pies

4 lbs. Cottolene, 100 lbs Ringleader Flour, 1 lb. Walter Baker's Chocolate, 2 1-2 Gal Cans Morning Glory Syrup. Given by PEOPLES SUPPLY CO...

50 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 8 lbs. Cottolene, 1 Can Curtis Bros. Hand PeeledPeach, 1 Bottle Curtis Bros. Pure Maple Syrup, 2 1-2-Gal. Cans Morning Glory Syrup. Given by N. HUMPHREY.

25 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 10 lbs. Cottolene, 2 Cans Libby's Apple Butter, 1-2 Gal. Morning Glory Syrup by G. E. BURNETT.

25 lbs. Ringleader Flour, 10 lbs. Cottolene, 1-2 Gal. Morning Glory Syrup by WILMINGTON TRADING CO. J. G. ITNER.

The Only Restrictions in the contest are that **Cottolene** must be the shortening and **Ringleader** the flour. Articles submitted must be presented at the Elks' Temple not later than 3:00 P. M. Wednesday, April 6th, when they will be numbered and submitted to competent judges selected by the Sorosis.

The Contest and Lecture Will Take Place at 4:00 P. M.

Sale of Articles Submitted In the evening the ladies will tender the public a reception when all articles will be sold at auction, the proceeds to be donated to the North Carolina Sorosis.

A. W. King & Co., Sole Distributors for Ringleader Flour.